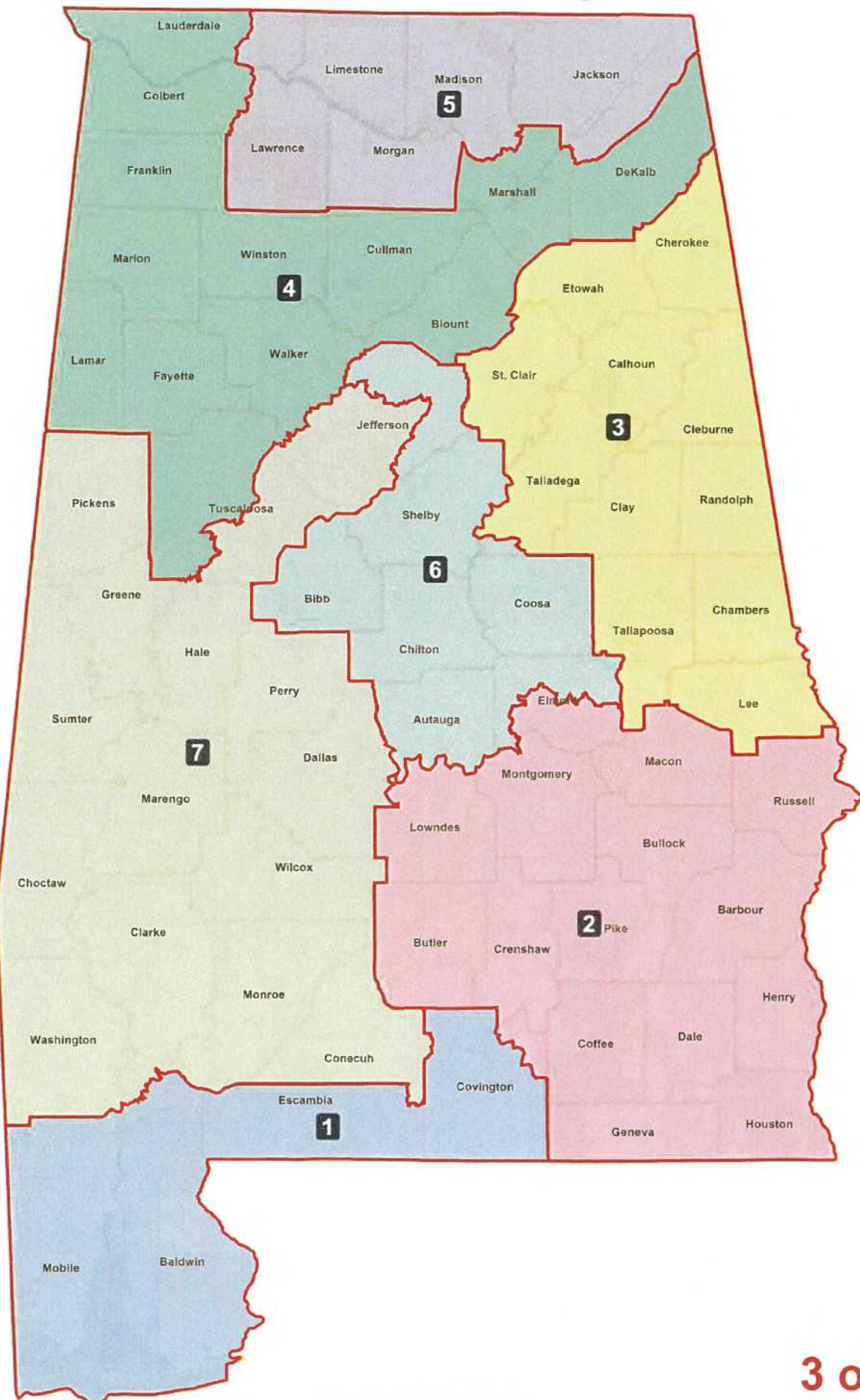
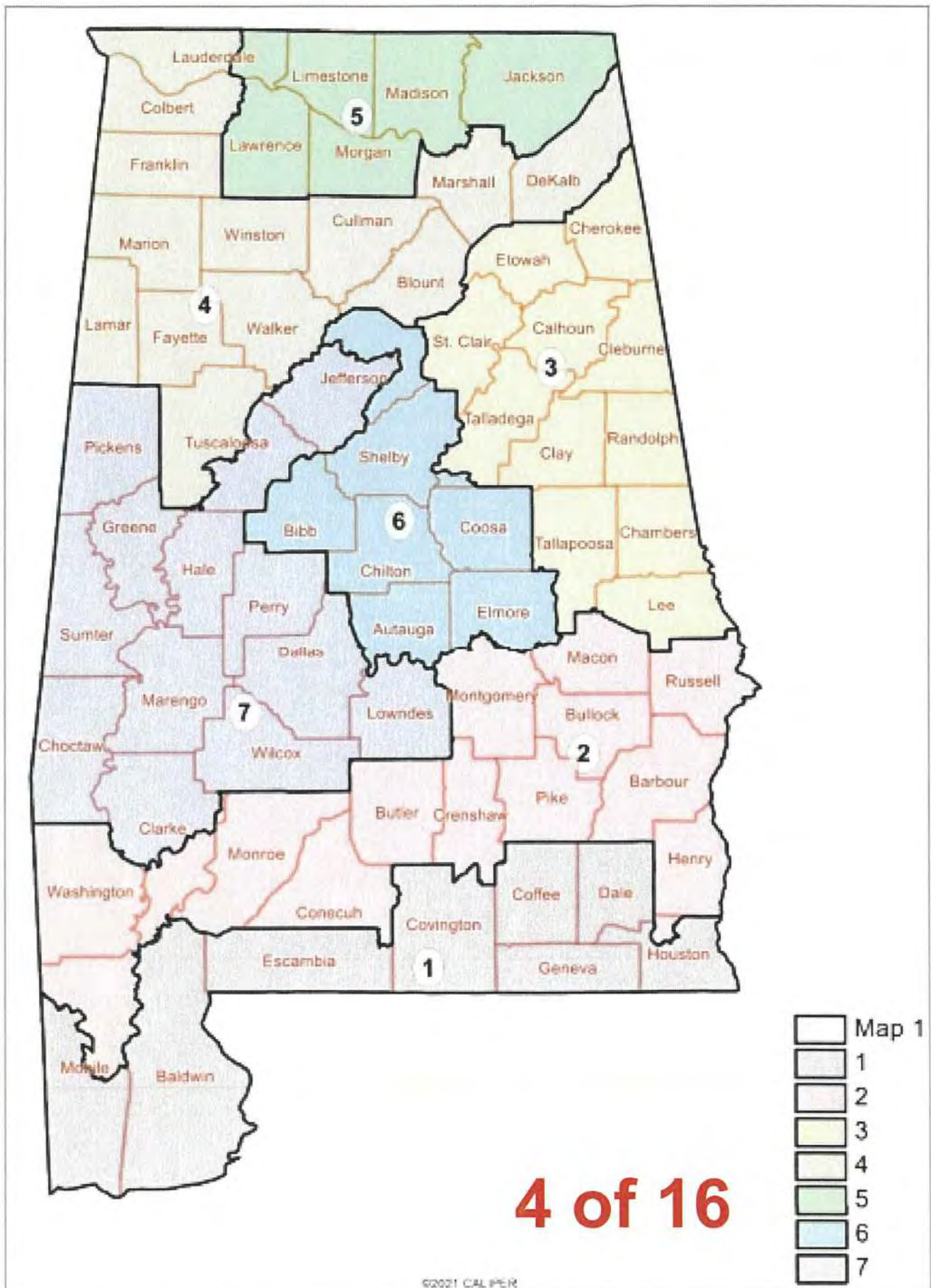
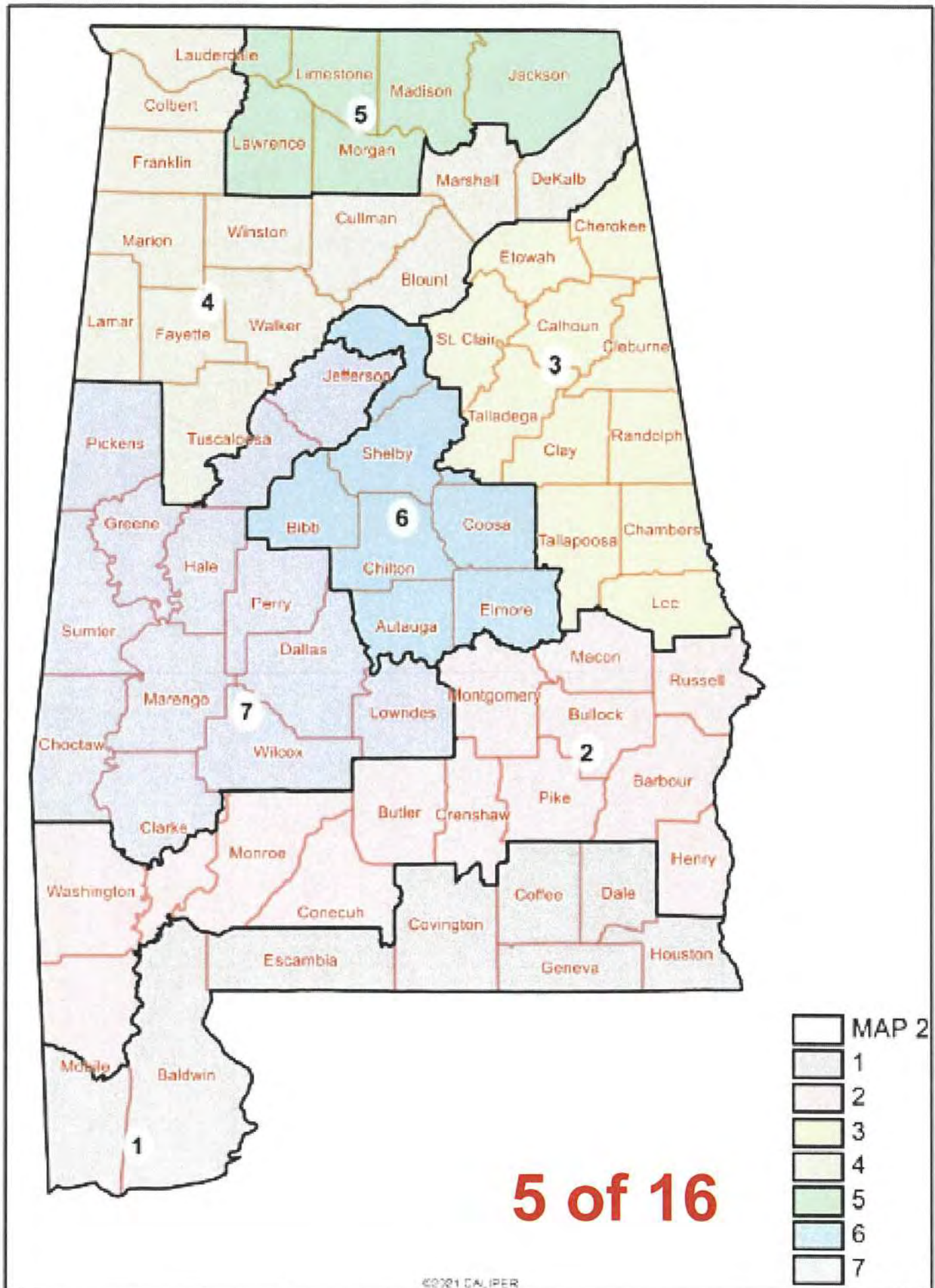


Livingston Congressional Plan 3-2023

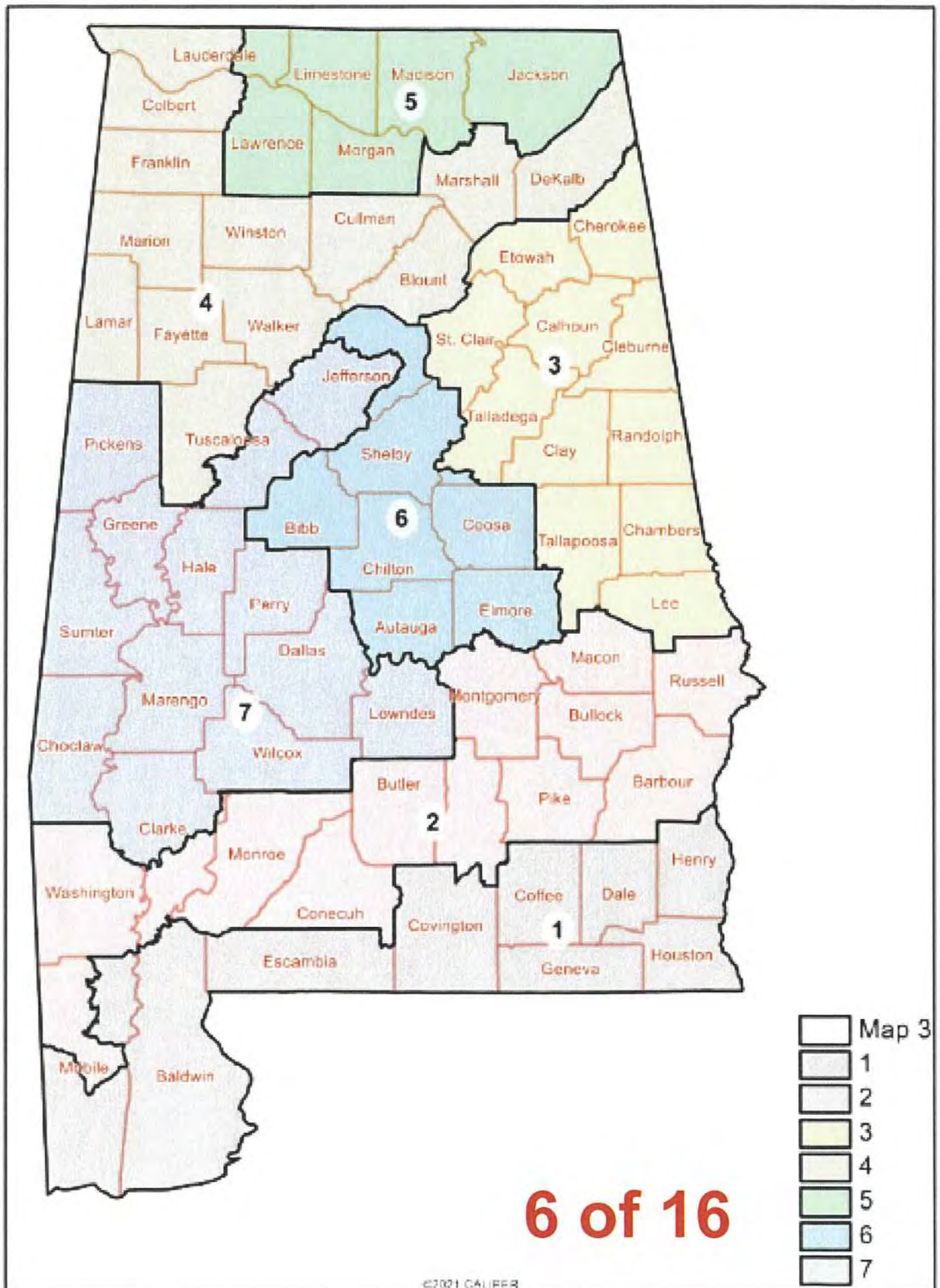


Remedial Plan 1



Remedial Plan 2

Remedial Plan 3



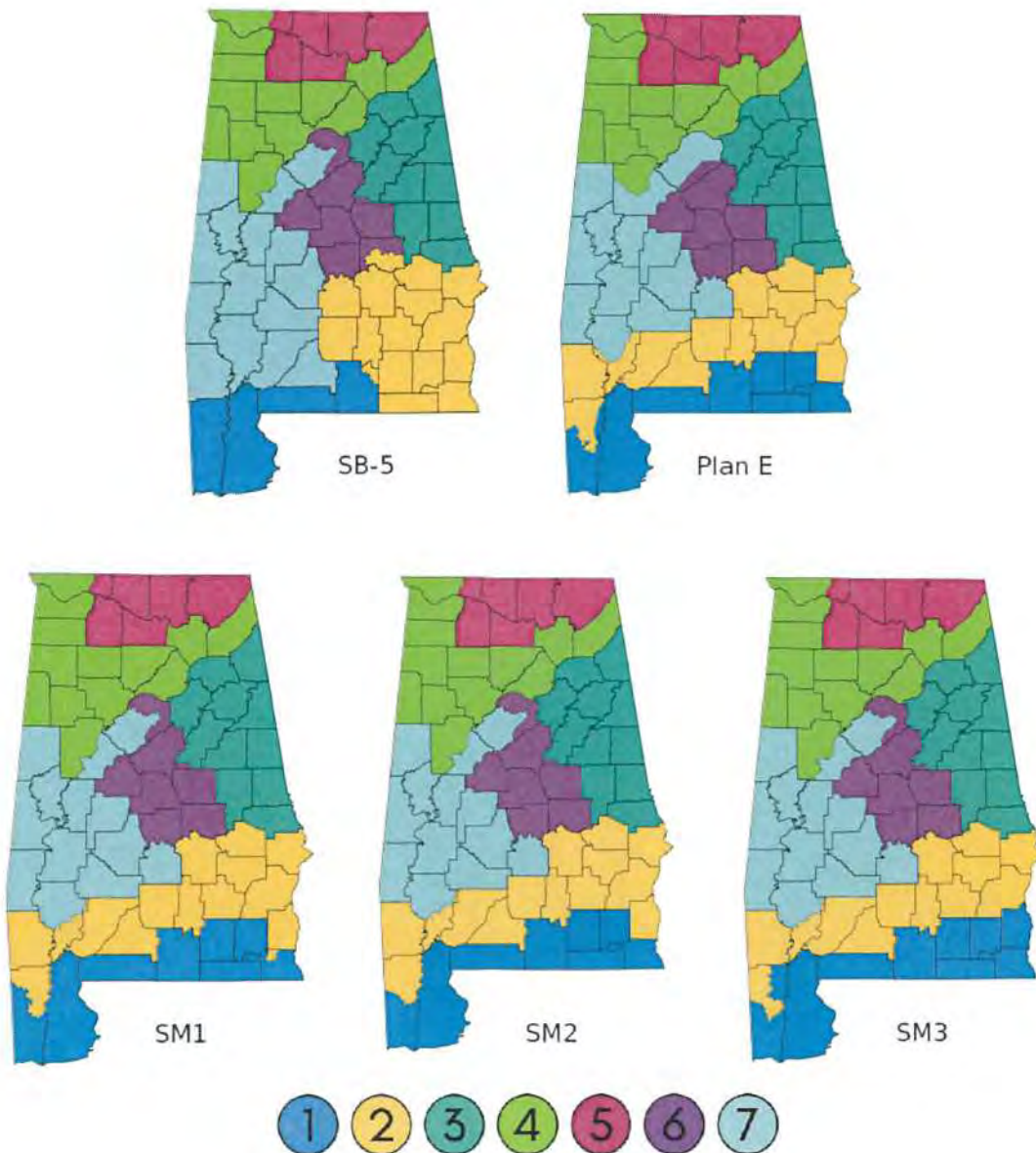


Figure 1: Districts 3, 4, 5, and 6 are substantially similar across all five plans. The main differences occur in districts 1, 2, and 7. All three Special Master plans handle the CD1-CD2 boundary slightly differently; the third Special Master plan also modifies the CD6-CD7 boundary in Jefferson County. Plan E has substantially the same district cores as the Special Master plans, but makes small adjustments throughout.

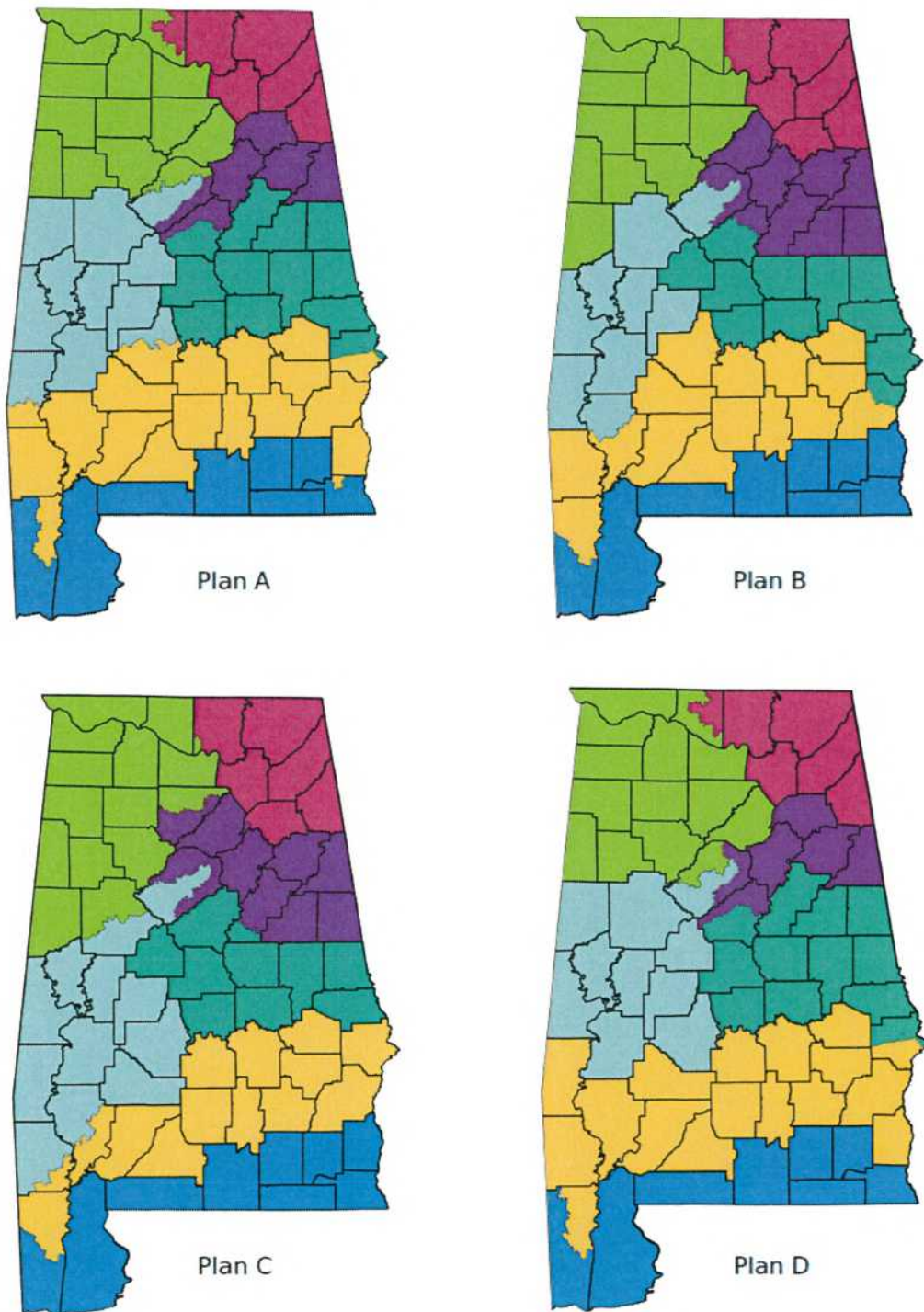
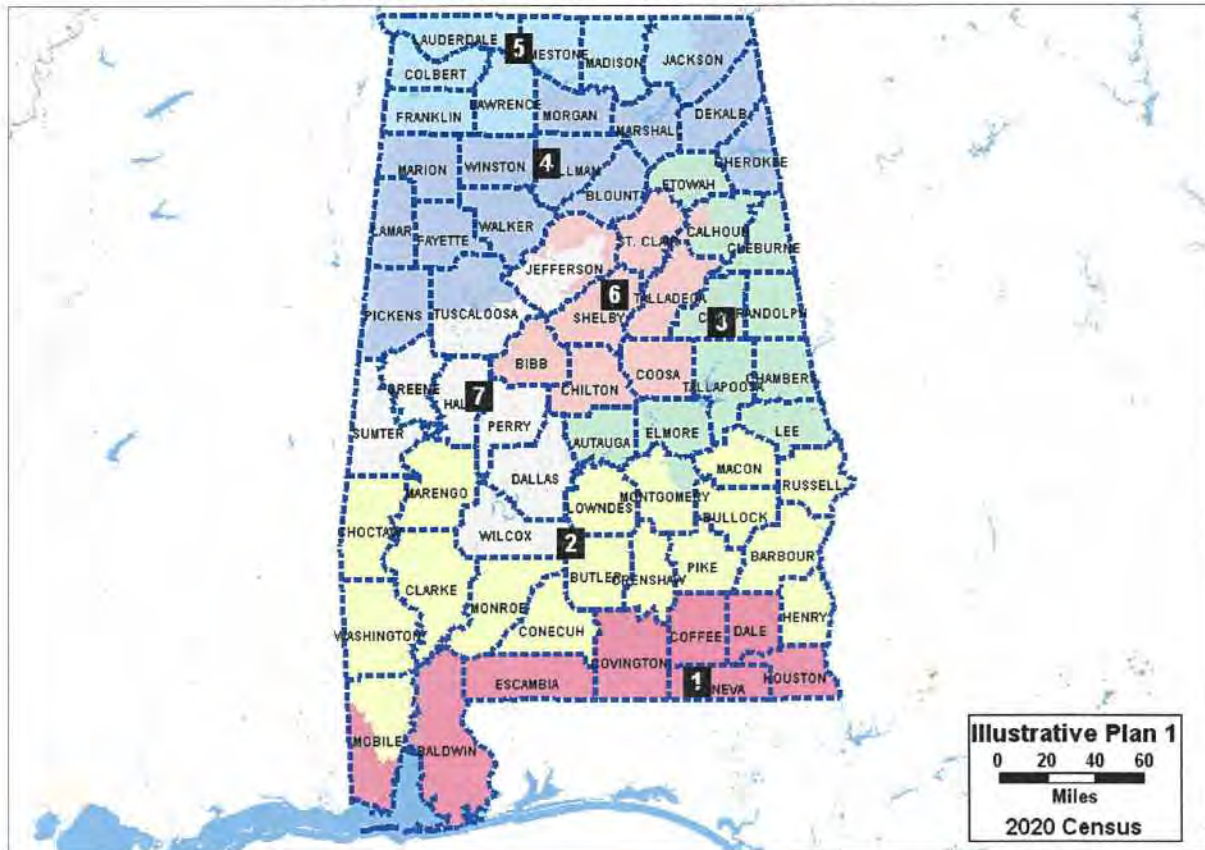


Figure 2: The four alternative plans presented in this report.

Figure 10

Alabama U.S. House – Illustrative Plan 1

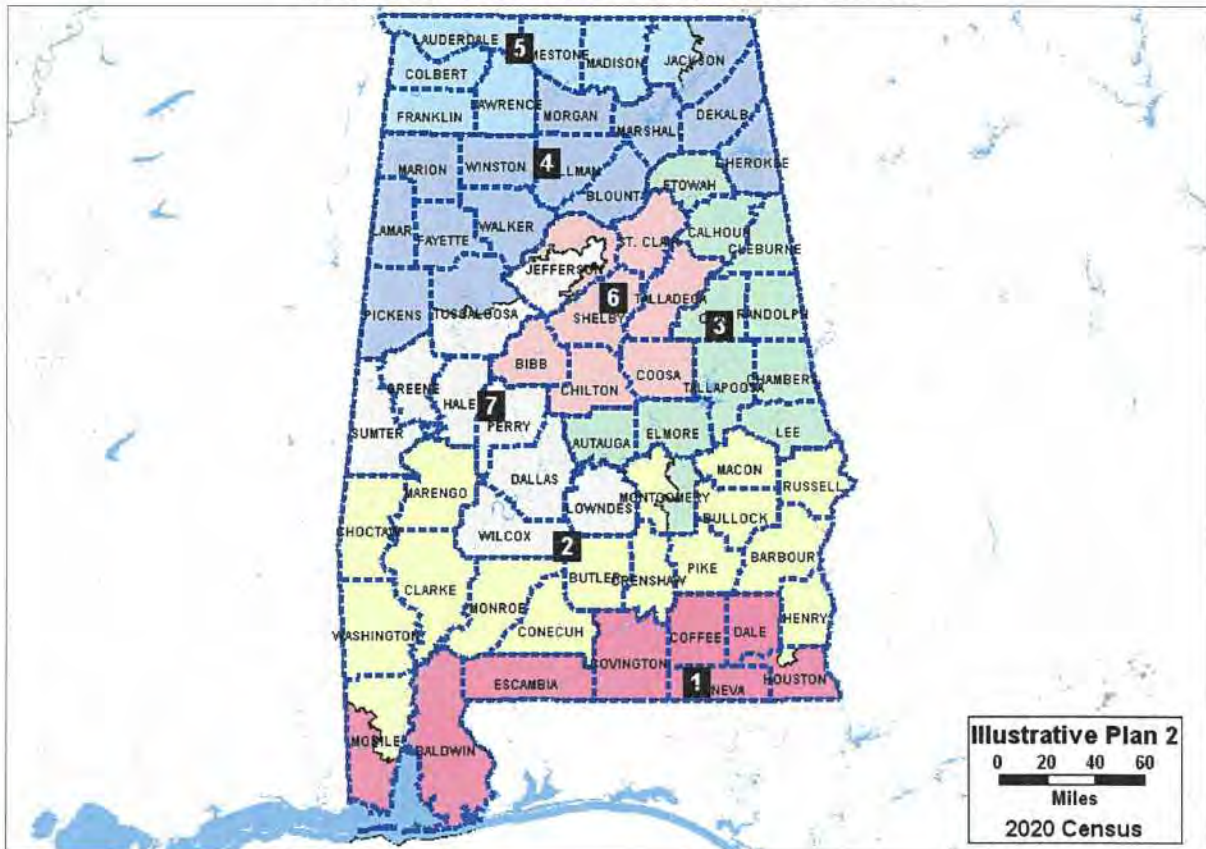


63. Majority-Black District 2 encompasses part of Mobile County, extends north to include all of Washington and Choctaw Counties, then east through the Black Belt counties. Henry, Barbour, and Russell Counties form the eastern boundary. The northeast part of Montgomery County is merged into District 3.

64. Majority-Black District 7 encompasses part of Jefferson and Tuscaloosa Counties as well as Sumter County on the Mississippi state line. Dallas and Wilcox Counties form the eastern border of District 7.

Figure 12

Alabama U.S. House – Illustrative Plan 2

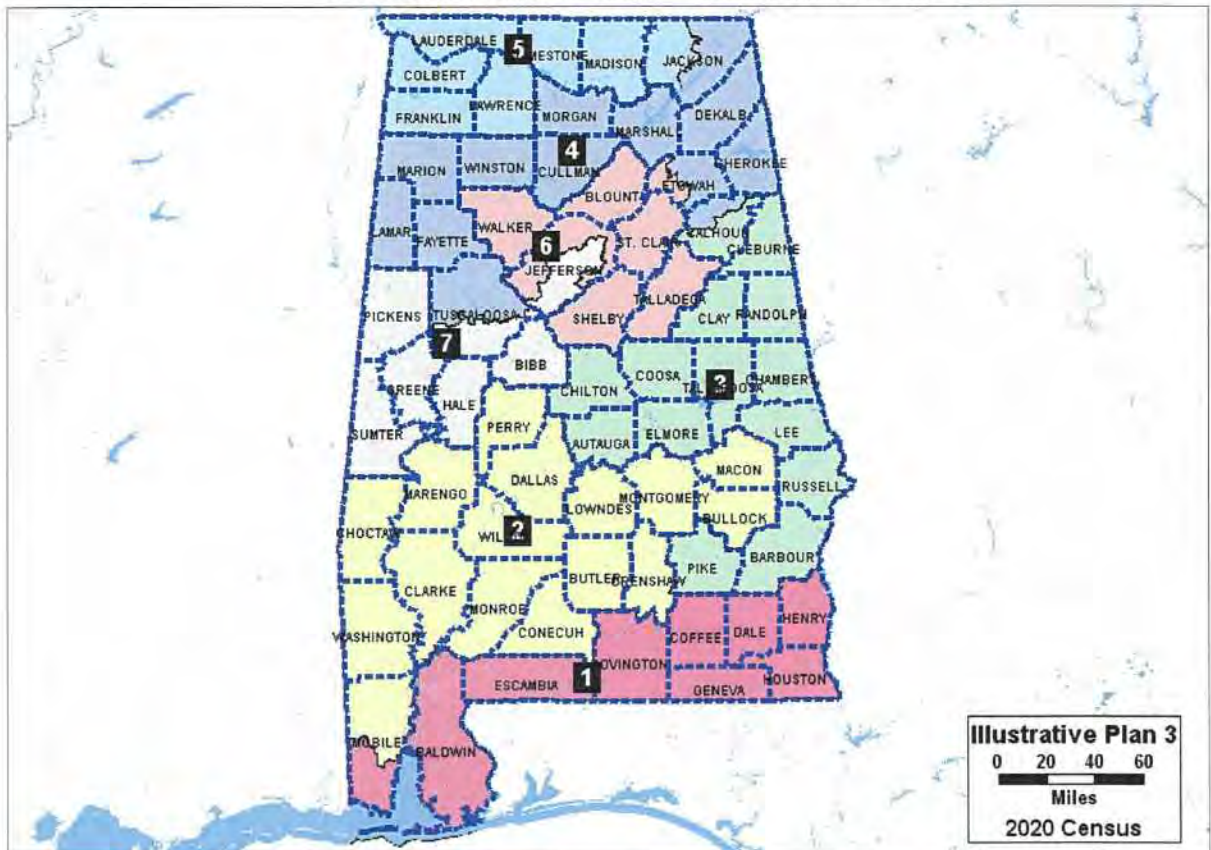


68. Under Illustrative Plan 2, District 2 is similar in geographic extent to Illustrative Plan 1. Additional areas of Montgomery County are merged into District 3, allowing parts of Dothan in Henry County to be joined with District 2.

69. The boundary between District 1 and District 2 in and around Dothan generally tracks the boundary between current State Senate Districts 28 and 29. There are no 2020 VTD splits in Henry County under Illustrative Plan 2. (Like

Figure 14

Alabama U.S. House – Illustrative Plan 3



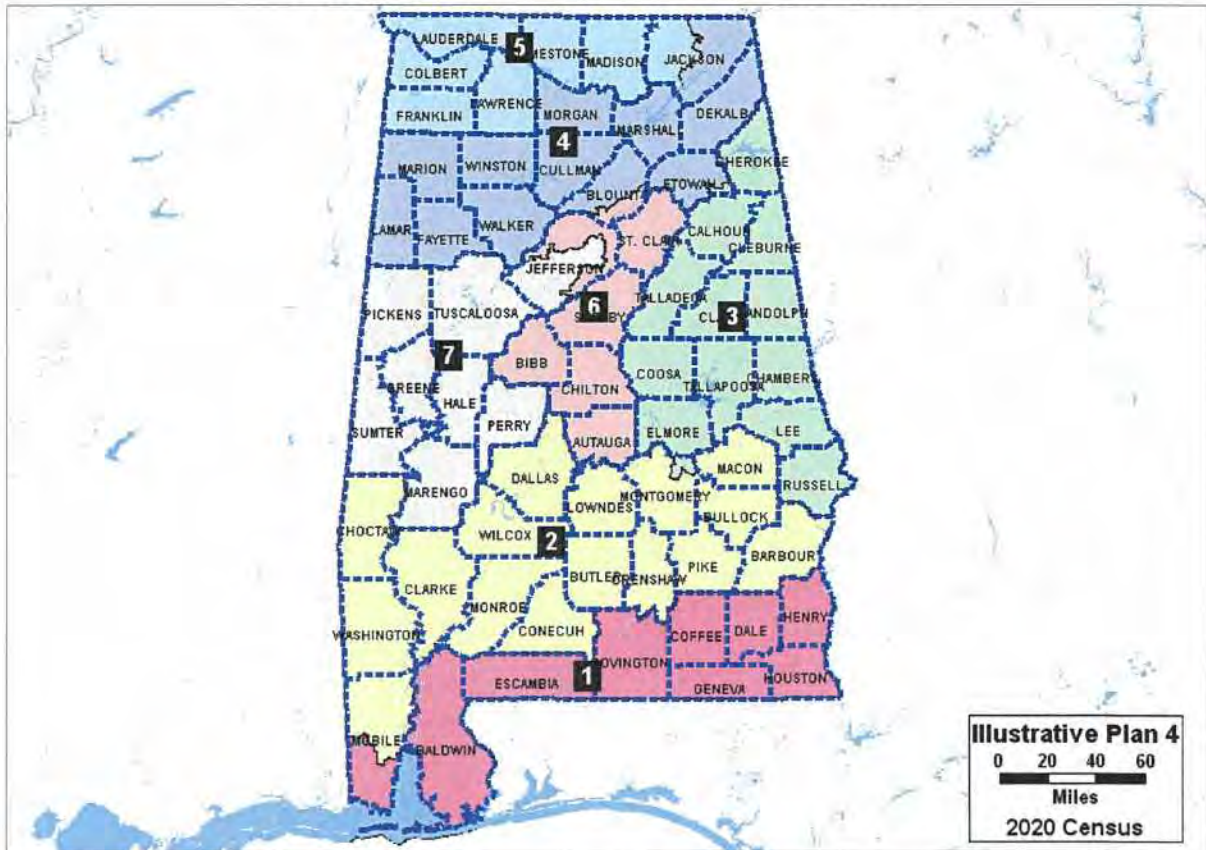
75. Majority-Black District 2 encompasses part of Mobile County and extends east to encompass Macon and Bullock Counties.

76. Majority-Black District 7 encompasses part of Jefferson County and extends south to Tuscaloosa County and west to Sumter and Pickens Counties.

77. The table in **Figure 15** shows 2020 summary population statistics for Illustrative Plan 3. **Exhibit I-1** contains detailed 2020 population statistics by district.

Figure 16

Alabama U.S. House – Illustrative Plan 4



80. Majority-Black District 2 encompasses part of Mobile County, extends north to include all of Choctaw County, and then east to the Georgia state line to include all of Barbour County—part of the historical Black Belt.

81. Majority-Black District 7 encompasses part of Jefferson County and all of Tuscaloosa County and stretches west to the Mississippi state line, with Perry and Marengo Counties forming the eastern border.

85. Illustrative Plan 5 demonstrates that two majority-Black districts can be drawn that would not pair the two current incumbents who currently represent District 1 and District 2.

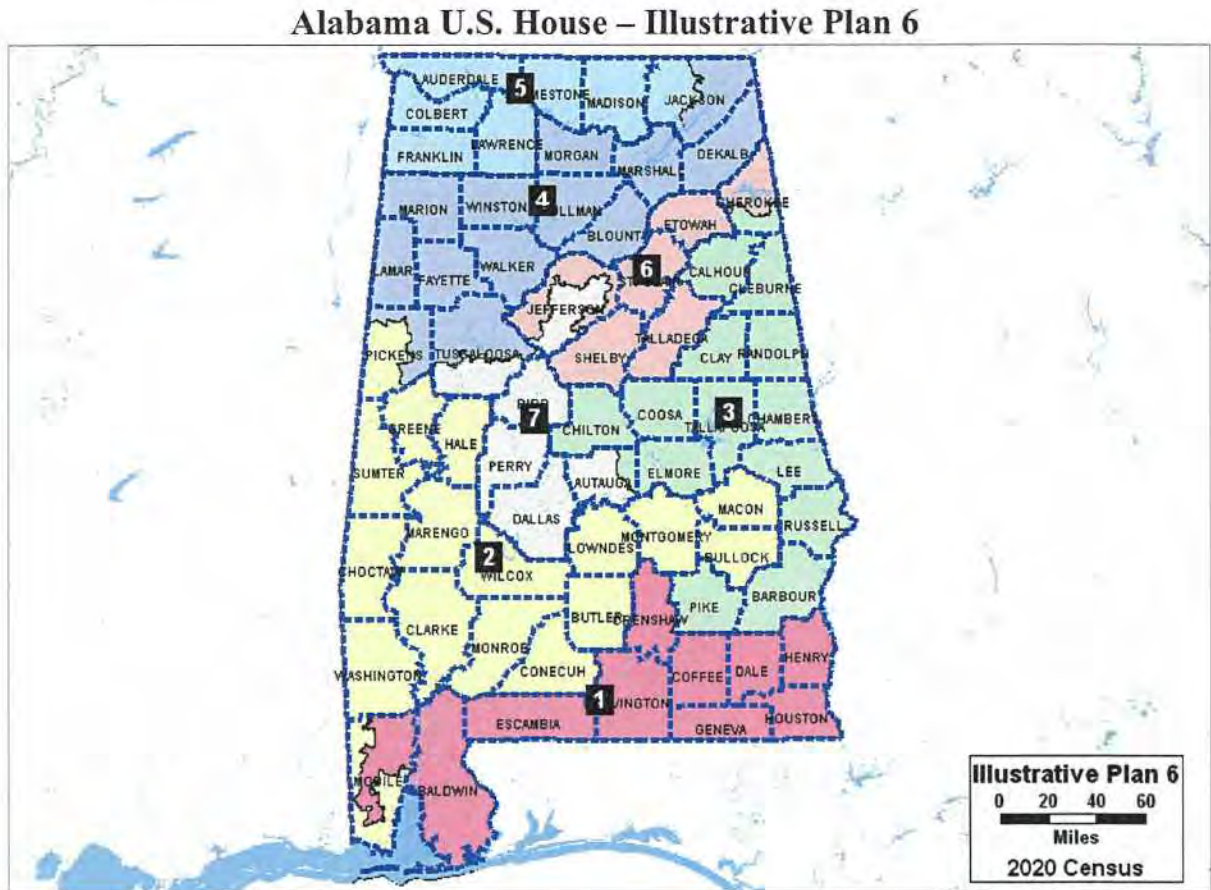
Figure 18



86. Majority-Black District 2 encompasses part of Mobile County, extends north to include all of Washington County and part of Choctaw County, then east through the Black Belt counties. Macon, Bullock, and Pike Counties form the

(f) Illustrative Plan 6

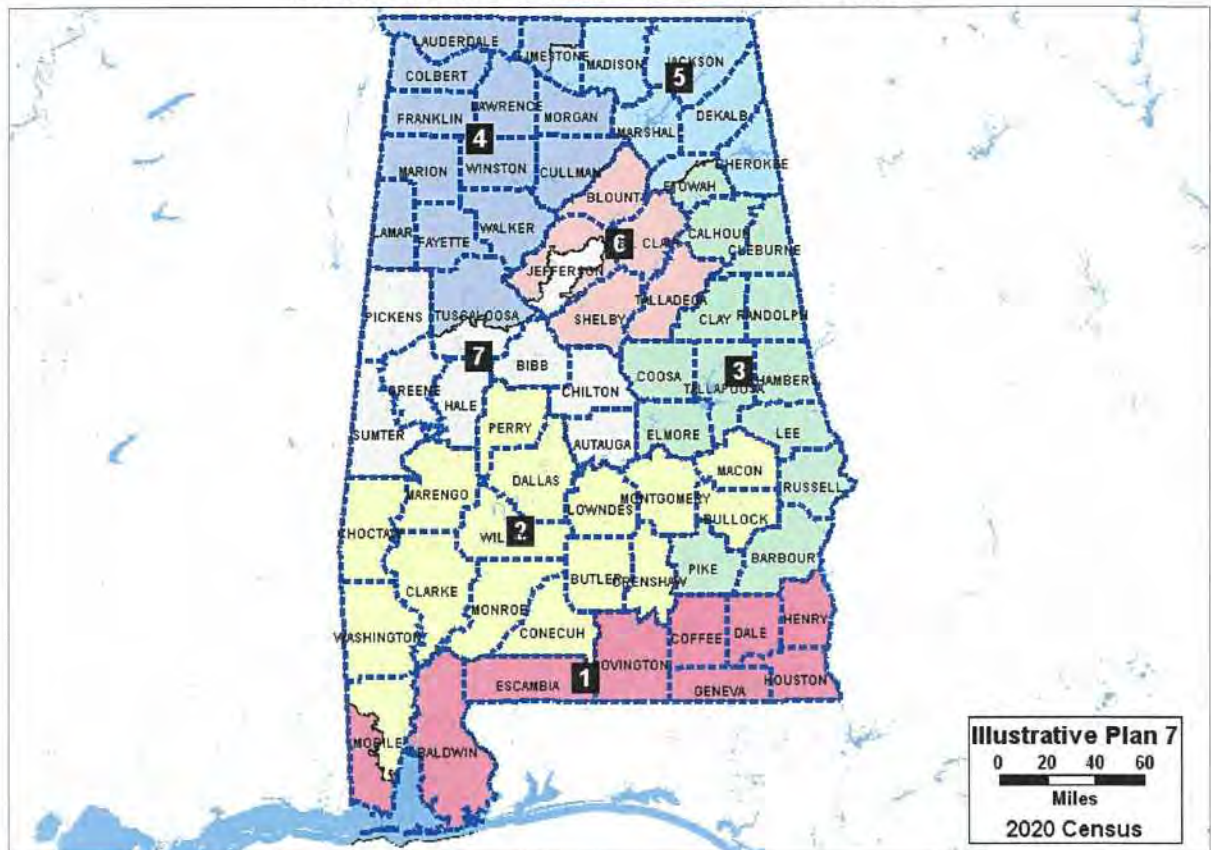
90. The map in **Figure 20** depicts Illustrative Plan 6. District 2 is 51.28% BVAP and District 7 is 51.09% BVAP.

Figure 20

91. Illustrative Plan 6 demonstrates that it is possible to create a second majority-Black district while keeping all of the population in the Cities of Mobile and Montgomery, as well as Montgomery County, together in District 2.

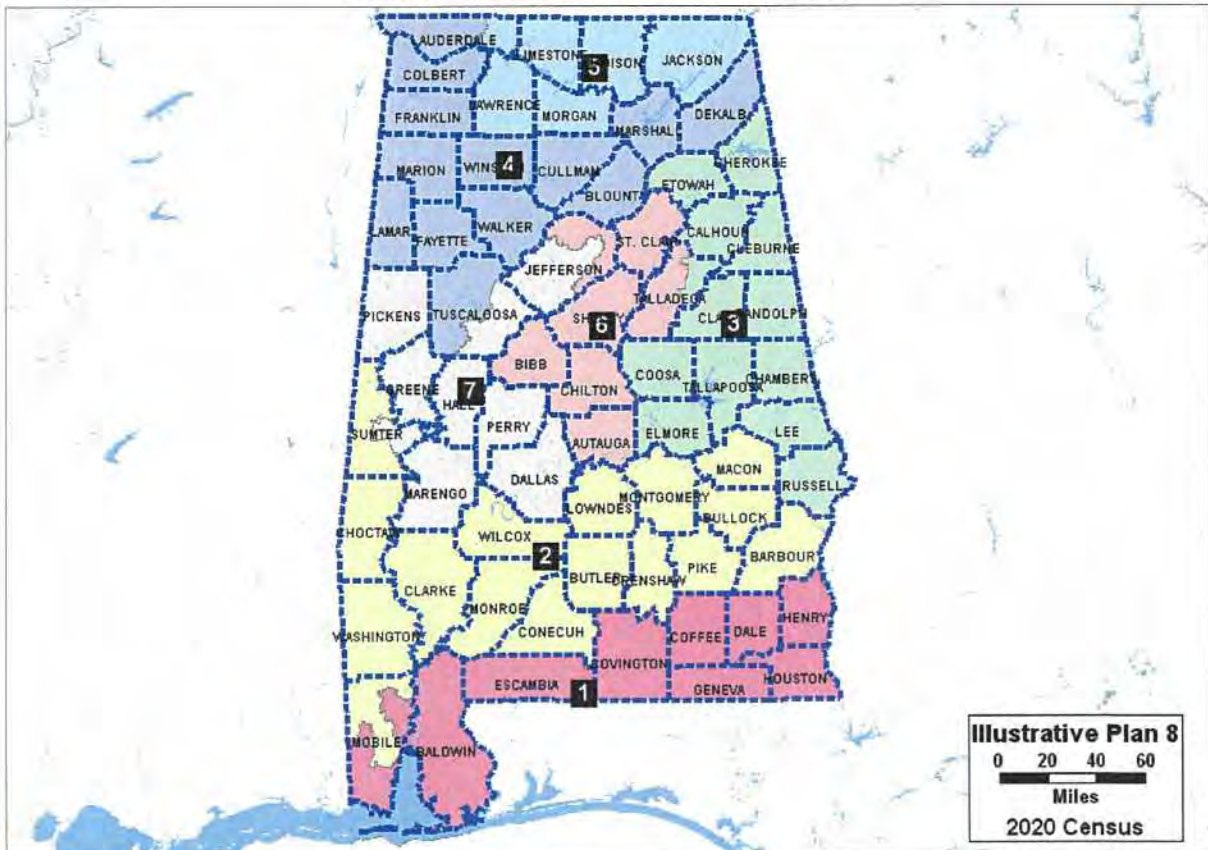
Figure 22

Alabama U.S. House – Illustrative Plan 7



98. As in Illustrative Plan 6, majority-Black District 2 is drawn so that both the City of Mobile and the City of Montgomery (and Montgomery County) are entirely in District 2.

99. As shown in **Exhibit M-4**, Illustrative Plan 7 splits five counties and populated areas in 28 VTDs. However, ten of the 28 VTD splits are created because the plan generally follows the city limits of the City of Mobile (rather than VTDs)

Figure 24**Illustrative Plan 8 – 2020 Census**

106. Majority-Black District 2 extends north from Mobile County to share Sumter County with District 7, then southeast through the Black Belt to Barbour County and the Georgia line. District 7 encompasses most of the land area in Jefferson County, extending south to include part of Tuscaloosa County and on to Dallas County then west to Marengo County and north to include Pickens County on the Mississippi line.