

DATE FILED: October 22, 2021

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| <p>SUPREME COURT OF COLORADO 2 East 14th Ave. Denver, CO 80203</p> <hr/> <p>Original Proceeding Pursuant to Article V, Section 44.5 of the Colorado Constitution</p> <hr/> <p>In re Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission</p> | <p>▲ COURT USE ONLY ▲</p> |
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| <p>BRIEF OF FAIR LINES COLORADO & REQUEST TO PARTICIPATE IN ORAL ARGUMENT ON OCTOBER 25, 2021</p> | |

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I hereby certify that this brief complies with all requirements of C.A.R. 28, C.A.R. 29 and C.A.R. 32, including all formatting requirements set forth in these rules. Specifically, the undersigned certifies that:

The brief complies with C.A.R. 28(g).

Choose one:

☒ It contains 6,596 words.

☐ It does not exceed 30 pages.

The brief complies with C.A.R. 28(k).

X For the party raising the issue:

It contains under a separate heading (1) a concise statement of the applicable standard of appellate review with citation to authority; and (2) a citation to the precise location in the record, not to an entire document, where the issue was raised and ruled on.

☐ For the party responding to the issue:

It contains, under a separate heading, a statement of whether such party agrees with the opponent's statements concerning the standard of review and preservation for appeal, and if not, why not.

I acknowledge that my brief may be stricken if it fails to comply with any of the requirements of C.A.R. 28 and C.A.R. 32.

s/ Mark G. Grueskin
Mark G. Grueskin
Attorney for Fair Lines Colorado

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**STATEMENT OF IDENTITY OF PARTY FILING BRIEF
AND THE PARTY’S INTEREST IN THE CASE**

Fair Lines Colorado is a non-profit organization formed to ensure that the carefully ordered criteria for drawing new districts are followed to provide “fair and effective representation” of Coloradans.

Fair Lines filed an *amicus* brief when the Colorado Independent Congressional Redistricting Commission petitioned this Court to change timelines for the redistricting process. Fair Lines supported the petitioned relief which was granted by this Court.

Fair Lines also filed a brief in connection with the Final Map submitted by the Congressional Redistricting Commission, raising substantive issues that, in part, questioned and, in part, supported that Map.

Fair Lines’ interest in the current matter initiated by the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission, given its representatives’ roles in drafting Amendments Y & Z, is to highlight instances where the adherence to certain provisions of Amendment Z is in question. Further, Fair Lines suggests course corrections to ensure redistricting is accomplished as expected by voters.

Finally, Fair Lines seeks leave to participate in the October 25, 2021 oral argument before the Court.

INTRODUCTION

In 2018, Colorado voters created two commissions to handle congressional redistricting (Amendment Y) and legislative redistricting (Amendment Z). While the constitutional amendments are similar, they are not the same. And even though the Colorado Independent Legislative Commission conducted many hearings with the Congressional Redistricting Commission, the two commissions did not approach key issues in the same way.

This brief will highlight: (1) the unique provisions in Amendment Z that govern the way in which the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission (“Redistricting Commission” or “Commission”) is to consider local jurisdictional boundaries in drawing district lines; and (2) the Commission’s express—and correct—use of the Constitution’s expanded protections against dilution of minority group electoral influence.

Of the legislative districts it drew, the Commission correctly fashioned 97 of 100 districts. Certain splits of local governments are not explainable based on the record below.

Therefore, the State Senate district map should be returned to the Commission to correct excess jurisdictional splits of Lakewood and Jefferson County, or, as to

the extra split in Jefferson County, at least to require the Commission to adequately explain the additional county split.

ISSUES PRESENTED FOR REVIEW

1. Whether the Commission should have split up the City of Lakewood into Senate Districts 20 and 22 when the population of the City would fit in a single Senate district, consistent with the Colorado Constitution.

2. Whether the Commission's splits of the Cities of Greeley and Westminster were warranted, given the justifications for such splits that appear in the record.

3. Whether the Commission should have split Jefferson County and placed parts of it in five different districts when the population of the County was less than the population required for four Senate districts.

4. Whether the Commission correctly acknowledged Amendment Z's expanded protection of minority group electoral influence in fashioning districts that did not dilute that electoral influence.

NATURE OF THE CASE, FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY, AND ORDERS FOR REVIEW

I. Nature of the Case.

No redistricting map can be forwarded to the Secretary of State without this Court's approval, as required by the Colorado Constitution. Colo. Const., art. V, §48.3 (5). The Redistricting Commission approved maps for 65 new districts for the

State House of Representatives (“House Map”) and 35 new districts for the State Senate (“Senate Map”). This Court must review the maps to assure that the Commission properly applied the constitutional criteria for redistricting and did not abuse its discretion in arriving at the House Map and Senate Map. *Id.*, §48.3 (2).

II. Facts and Procedural History

The Commission held hearings to solicit public input in multiple locations in the state. It also accepted and considered written comments through its website.¹ The non-partisan staff to the Commission prepared a preliminary plan that was a starting point for citizen reaction at the aforementioned hearings. In light of that public input and commissioners’ expressed sentiments and priorities, the staff prepared three draft maps for each house. The Commission accepted maps from interested Coloradans, and individual commissioners advocated for third party maps as well.

The Commission adopted the House Map on October 11 and the Senate Map on October 12. Through its counsel, the Commission submitted those maps and supporting materials to this Court on October 15 for its review.

III. Orders for Review

¹ Written comments referred to herein are taken from the Commission’s website, *see* Final Legislative Redistricting Plans at 6, and included in Appendix A.

The Court is reviewing the districts set for the Colorado House of Representatives (“House Map”) approved by the Commission on October 11, 2021, and the districts set for the Colorado State Senate (“Senate Map”) approved by the Commission on October 12, 2021 (together, “Final Plans”). The Commission submitted the Final Plans to the Court on October 15, 2021 including staff and consultant reports that pertain to the Maps.²

SUMMARY OF THE ARGUMENT

The Commission did not provide any basis at all for certain municipal splits in its filing with this Court. As to one (the City of Lakewood), there is no legal justification for splitting a city that in and of itself would compose a State Senate district. As to two others (the Cities of Greeley and Westminster), the record sufficiently warrants those splits.

As to one of its extra county splits (Jefferson County), the Court should either remand that split for correction or require, as it has in previous decades, the Commission to provide an adequate explanation for its decision.

² In submitting the Maps to the Court, the Commission included several of these reports including assessments of counties and cities that were split in forming legislative districts. The Commission corrected this report and filed it with this Court. That corrected report is attached hereto as Appendix B.

Finally, the divergence between the Legislative and Congressional Redistricting Commissions about how to deal with the Constitution’s mandate for protecting minority group electoral influence should not be decided in the Congressional Commission’s favor. The Legislative Commission was more faithful to the Constitution, and its maps ought not be jeopardized by the position the Congressional Commission took in arriving at a final map.

ARGUMENT

I. Standard of review and preservation of issues.

A. Standard of Review.

The standard of review is generally set forth in Amendment Z. The Court must “return” the Final Plans to the Commission if the Commission abused its discretion. Colo. Const. art. V, §48.3 (2) and (3). An abuse of discretion occurs where the decision under review is “manifestly unreasonable, arbitrary, or unfair.” *Hall v. Moreno*, 2012 CO 14, ¶¶54, 270 P.3d 961, 973 (“*Hall*”). The question for this Court is whether the Final Plans “fell within the range of reasonable options” that the Commission could have selected “in light of the testimony and evidence before it.” *Id.* ¶¶54-55.

The Commission’s obligation under this inquiry is two-fold. First, it must follow Amendment Z’s “instructions for how [it] should draw district maps,

including criteria to be considered in determining boundaries,” *In re Interrogs. on Senate Bill 21-247 Submitted by the Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 2021 CO 37, ¶¶1, 36. (“*In re Senate Bill 21-247*”). Second, it must neither “misconstrue[] or misapply[] applicable law.” *Huspeni v. El Paso Cnty. Sheriff’s Dep’t*, 196 P.3d 892, 899 (Colo. 2008).

The Final Plans must be considered “in light of the record before the commission.” Colo. Const. art. V, §§48.3(2) and (3). The record must therefore support the Commission’s decision. *Huspeni, supra*, 196 P.3d at 899-900 (abuse of discretion occurs where “the decision under review is not reasonably supported by competent evidence in the record”).

The Final Plans is valid only if “the Commission purports to follow the proper constitutional criteria.” *In re Reapportionment of Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 828 P.2d 185, 197 (Colo. 1992) (“*In re 1992 Reapportionment*”). Historically, this Court has not “substitute[d] (its) judgment for that of the Commission’s unless convinced the Commission departed from constitutional criteria.” *Id.* (citation omitted).

The Court is no longer restricted to considering only the Commission’s map. Under Amendment Z, “The supreme court may consider any maps submitted to the commission in assessing whether the commission . . . abused its discretion.” Colo. Const., art. V, §48.3(2). The Court may find an abuse of discretion if the

Commission erred in fulfilling “substantive and procedural requirements of the Colorado Constitution.” *In re Reapportionment of the Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 45 P.3d 1237, 1254 (Colo. 2002) (“*In re 2002 Reapportionment*”) (commission plan rejected for failure to comply with such requirements).

Furthermore, any deviation from constitutional requirements must be justified with “an adequate factual showing.” *In re 1992 Reapportionment*, 828 P.2d at 195-96 (invalidating part of plan that did not explain basis for splitting Pitkin County, Aspen, and separating Snowmass Village from Aspen). A reviewing court must “search the record for evidence most favorable” to the Commission’s decision. *Simpson v. Yale Investments, Inc.*, 886 P.2d 689, 698 (Colo. 1994) (citations omitted); *see also* Colo. Const. art. V, §§48.3(2) and (3) (the Court’s review of a redistricting plan is conducted “in light of the record before the commission”).

Coupled with the abuse of discretion standard, any interpretation of Amendment Z or inquiry into whether the Commission complied with the Constitution is an issue of law the Court decides *de novo*. “Interpreting the constitution . . . ‘is, and has always been, a judicial function.’” *In re Senate Bill 21-247*, 2021 CO 37, ¶ 52 (citation omitted).

B. Preservation of issues.

Preservation is not at issue, as this is an original proceeding under Article V, Section 48.3 of the Colorado Constitution.

II. Amendment Z prescribes a framework that the Commission is constitutionally bound to follow in setting district lines.

Amendment Z establishes an explicit framework under which the Commission must operate. Within the general framework, Amendment Z has established new criteria for the treatment of political subdivisions and the conditions under which their boundaries may be split.

A. Legal standards before voters approved Amendment Z.

Before Colorado voters adopted Amendment Z in 2018 to control redistricting for the State House and State Senate, legislative redistricting was accomplished through a predecessor commission (“Reapportionment Commission”) created in the Colorado Constitution. When they approved the formation of the Reapportionment Commission, voters gave it somewhat less latitude than they gave to the Redistricting Commission in 2018.

1. Mandatory reapportionment criteria prior to Amendment Z.

The Reapportionment Commission had to meeting all federal requirements including the Voting Rights Act and the 14th and 15th Amendments to the U.S.

Constitution. *In re Reapportionment of the Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 45 P.3d 1237, 1247 (Colo. 2002) (“*In re 2002 Reapportionment I*”).

The Reapportionment Commission had to set districts that were substantially equal in population. Any deviation between the largest and the smallest districts could not exceed five percent. *In re 2002 Reapportionment, supra*, 45 P.3d at 1248, citing former Colo. Const. art. V, §46.

Districts were also required to be as compact as possible, to consist of contiguous whole general election precincts. *In re 1992 Reapportionment*, 828 P.2d at 190 fn. 6, 7 (citing former Colo. Const., art. V, §47(1), (3)).

2. Jurisdictional splits and communities of interest prior to Amendment Z.

The Reapportionment Commission could only split county boundaries for one reason: to satisfy the equal population requirements for legislative seats.

Except when necessary to meet the equal population requirements of section 46, no part of one county shall be added to all or part of another county in forming districts. Within counties whose territory is contained in more than one district of the same house, the number of cities and towns whose territory is contained in more than one district of the same house shall be as small as possible. When county, city, or town boundaries are changed, adjustments, if any, in legislative districts shall be as prescribed by law.

See In re 2002 Reapportionment I, supra, 45 P.3d at 1248 (emphasis in original), citing former Colo. Const. art. V, §47(2). In addition, the number of cities and towns split between districts had to be “as small as possible.” *Id.*

When the Court questioned the Reapportionment Commission's split of counties, cities, and towns, the Commission had to justify those splits with "an adequate factual showing that less drastic alternatives could not have satisfied the equal population requirement of the Colorado Constitution." *In re 1992 Reapportionment*, 828 P.2d at 195-96. This supplemental factual filing was deemed necessary to "guard[] against creating unnecessary county divisions." *In re 2002 Reapportionment I, supra*, 4195 P.3d at 1249. Thus, every city or county split by the Commission had to be explained to this Court. *In re Reapportionment of the Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 46 P.3d 1083, 1087, 1088-91 (Colo. 2002) ("*In re 2002 Reapportionment II*").

As applied from 1981 through 2011, the Reapportionment Commission was bound to use county borders except to address population equalization. As such, jurisdictional lines restricted the commission and its design of districts to a significant extent.

The preservation of communities of interest was almost an afterthought in prior legislative reapportionments. The Constitution listed this factor last and noted that such preservation was required "*wherever possible.*" *In re 1992 Reapportionment*, 828 P.2d at 194 (citing former Colo. Const., art. V, §47(3) (emphasis added)). The Court did consider communities of interest but not in a way

that elevated this indicator of fair and effective representation of a district's constituents. In fact, the Court noted that communities of interest were “the *least weighty* of the reapportionment requirements” used at that time for legislative redistricting. *Id.* at 211, citing *In re Reapportionment of the Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 647 P.2d 209, 211 (Colo. 1982) (emphasis added). Amendment Z reconfigured that priority ordering, as discussed below.

B. Amendment Z's redistricting criteria.

1. What didn't change?

Amendment Z “lay[s] out instructions for how the commission[] should draw district maps,” *In re Senate Bill 21-247*, 2021 CO 37, ¶1, which includes both the criteria the Commission may consider *and* a framework that prescribes how the Commission may consider the criteria. *See id.*, ¶36 (Amendment Z sets out “criteria related to the substantive requirements that the final redistricting plans must meet”).

First, the Commission must draw districts that are substantially equal in population—within 5% from the most to the least populous districts—and must also comply with the Voting Rights Act of 1965. Colo. Const. art. V, §48.1(1). Districts must be “as compact as is reasonably possible” and “composed of contiguous geographic areas.” *Id.* §48.1(1)(a), (2)(b).

Amendment Z requires the Commission to evaluate jurisdictional boundaries and communities of interest that pertain to state legislative issues. *Id.* §48.1(2)(a). As explained below, the Amendment authorizes the splitting of political subdivisions when key communities of interest would be compromised. This framework differs from the equal weighting of jurisdictional lines and communities of interest in setting **congressional** district lines. *See id.*, §44.3(2)(a) (“As much as reasonably possible, the commission’s plan must preserve whole communities of interest and whole political subdivisions, such as counties, cities, and towns.”).

Only after the Commission has satisfied all of the mandatory criteria—or as Amendment Z puts it, “thereafter”—may the Commission consider the political competitiveness of districts. *See id.*, §48.1(3)(a). Political competitiveness is not presumed to be possible in all areas of the state and therefore is a tertiary consideration in drawing districts. Competitiveness, no matter how much of a motivating factor for commissioners, cannot override and erode primary redistricting considerations. *See id.*, §46(1)(d) (explaining that competitiveness should “contribute to the political well-being of key communities of interest and political subdivisions”); *id.*, §48.1(3)(c) (requiring Commission to explain how competitiveness was used “consistent with the other criteria”).

Amendment Z prohibits the Commission’s drawing of districts: (1) for the purpose of protecting incumbents, candidates, or political parties; and (2) for the purpose of, or resulting in, the dilution of the impact of the electoral influence of minority groups or language minority groups. *Id.*, §§48.1(4)(a) (b). Further, this Court cannot give effect to a plan that violates either of these objectives. *Id.* This non-dilution language is more demanding and protective than the safeguards for majority/minority districts authorized by federal law.

2. *What did change with the passage of Amendment Z?*

(a) Amendment Z eliminated the first-priority in redistricting on preserving county boundaries.

Voters in 2018 changed the strict use of county boundaries as a constraint on legislative district boundaries. They adopted a rebuttable presumption about preserving jurisdictional lines.

To facilitate the efficient and effective provision of governmental services, with regard to any county, city, city and county, or town whose population is less than a district’s permitted population, ***the commission shall presume*** that such county, city, city and county, or town should be ***wholly contained within a district***.

Id., §48.1(2)(a) (emphasis added). That presumption was to be generally applicable “***except that a division*** of such county, city, city and county, or town ***is permitted*** where, based on a ***preponderance of the evidence in the record***, a ***community of***

interest's legislative issues are more essential to the fair and effective representation of residents of the district....” *Id.* (emphasis added).

The “preponderance of the evidence” burden is regularly applied in civil matters and is a standard that would have been understood by voters. It certainly has been for more than a century. *Brunton v. Stapleton*, 179 P. 815 (Colo. 1919) (“The words ‘preponderance’ and ‘evidence’ are words of common and daily use, the common and accepted meaning of which must be assumed to be understood by the jury.”). This “standard directs the fact finder to decide whether the existence of a contested fact is ‘more probable than its nonexistence.’” *People v. Taylor*, 618 P.2d 1127, 1135 (Colo. 1980) (citations omitted).

Thus, under Amendment Z, the Commission must evaluate record evidence to determine if a community of interest’s need for “fair and effective representation” is greater than the established interest of a political subdivision in “efficient and effective provision of governmental services.” This change to the prior constitutional constraints is significant. Amendment Z’s acknowledges communities of interest as a competing and potentially co-equal consideration. This status contrasts with the previous “hierarchy mandated by the Constitution as interpreted by this Court” which meant “keeping counties whole trump[ed] the requirement of preserving

communities of interest.” *In re 2002 Reapportionment II, supra*, 46 P.3d at 1091 (citing Commission’s report to Court).

The Reapportionment Commission was only obligated to preserve communities of interest “wherever possible” given that such interests were the least weighty constitutional consideration.” Before redistricting under Amendment Z, there was no circumstance in which the Constitution mandated that a community of interest be prioritized over the preservation of county boundaries.

Amendment Z reversed that prioritization. Amendment Z balances representational interests that have been established in the record. This new, more favorable treatment of communities of interest is consistent the “basic aim of legislative reapportionment,” which is the “fair and effective representation for all citizens.” *Reynolds v. Simms*, 377 U.S. 533, 565-66 (1964). At every level, the “foundational goal” of redistricting is fair and effective representation of those most affected by districts—Coloradans whose interests are considered in state legislation every year. *See also Hall, supra*, 2012 CO 14, ¶43, 270 P.3d at 971.

(b) Amendment Z eliminated the differential treatment of county and city boundaries in redistricting.

Amendment Z also altered an additional redistricting factor for state legislative seats relating to municipal boundaries.

In contrast to the provisions discussed above, this Redistricting Commission treats local jurisdictions (cities, towns, and counties) on the same plane. Instead of preserving counties as a first-tier factor and then adding that the number of city and town splits should be “as small as possible,” the Redistricting Commission is directed to “minimize the number of divisions of any county, city, city and county or town.” Colo. Const., art. V, §48.1(2)(a). Thus, splits of any of these units of local government are evaluated using the same standard.

(c) Using synonymous language, Amendment Z retains the standard of minimizing jurisdictional splits based on the Commission’s record.

The Commission is required, where a jurisdiction is split, to minimize the number of such splits. “When the commission divides a county, city, city and county, or town, it shall minimize the number of divisions of that county, city, city and county, or town.” *Id.*

The current constitutional language about minimizing jurisdictional splits is equivalent in effect to the former standard of keeping city and town splits “as small as possible.” This Court interpreted the former section 47(2)’s standard of “as small as possible” to mean “minimized.” *See, e.g., In re 2002 Reapportionment I, supra*, 45 P.3d at 1251, 1254 (Constitution required “minimization of city divisions”; on remand, Commission ordered to use constitutional criteria including “minimizing city divisions”).

When interpreting a constitutional amendment, this Court’s “duty . . . is to give effect to the electorate’s intent in enacting the amendment” and to use terms “ordinary and popular meaning.” *Davidson v. Sandstrom*, 83 P.3d 648, 654 (Colo. 2004). In addition, “the electorate” is “presumed to know the existing law at the time they amend or clarify that law.” *Common Sense Alliance v. Davidson*, 995 P.2d 748, 754 (Colo. 2000). That understanding extends to judicial decisions prior to adoption of a ballot measure. For instance, voters were deemed to have understood the Colorado courts’ construction of a term of art in campaign finance law (“express advocacy”). A subsequent constitutional amendment that changed campaign finance regulation and used that concept was construed in light of voters’ grasp of that judicial construction. *Colo. Ethics Watch v. Senate Majority Fund, LLC*, 2012 CO 12, ¶¶26, 269 P.3d 1248, 1255-56.

As used in Amendment Z, then, voters would have understood that “minimize” is a relative term, not an absolute that requires the fewest splits without other considerations used in redistricting. This Court’s precedent supports this view. For example, the Court returned a reapportionment plan to the Commission because of the number of city splits. When those splits were unchanged but the rationale for them was explained, the Court accepted that those splits were warranted in light of ramifications to other districts if splits to those cities had been reduced. *In re 2002*

Reapportionment II, supra, 46 P.3d at 1090. As the Commission also pointed out in that dispute (and the Court accepted), communities of interest were better served due to the city splits. *Id.*

Therefore, Amendment Z’s minimization of jurisdictional splits was framed by this Court and in a way that voters intended to be implemented by the Commission as a matter of what is “possible” under the circumstances.³ Amendment Z provides a multi-dimensional approach for lessening jurisdictional splits but allowing for consideration of constituents’ representational interests as a key factor in redistricting.

III. The Commission did not abuse its discretion in approving the House Map.

The Commission complied with the constitutional criteria for drawing the 65 House districts. While reasonable people may have drawn the map differently, the Commission’s exercise of discretion is consistent with the constitutional requirements for legislative districts.

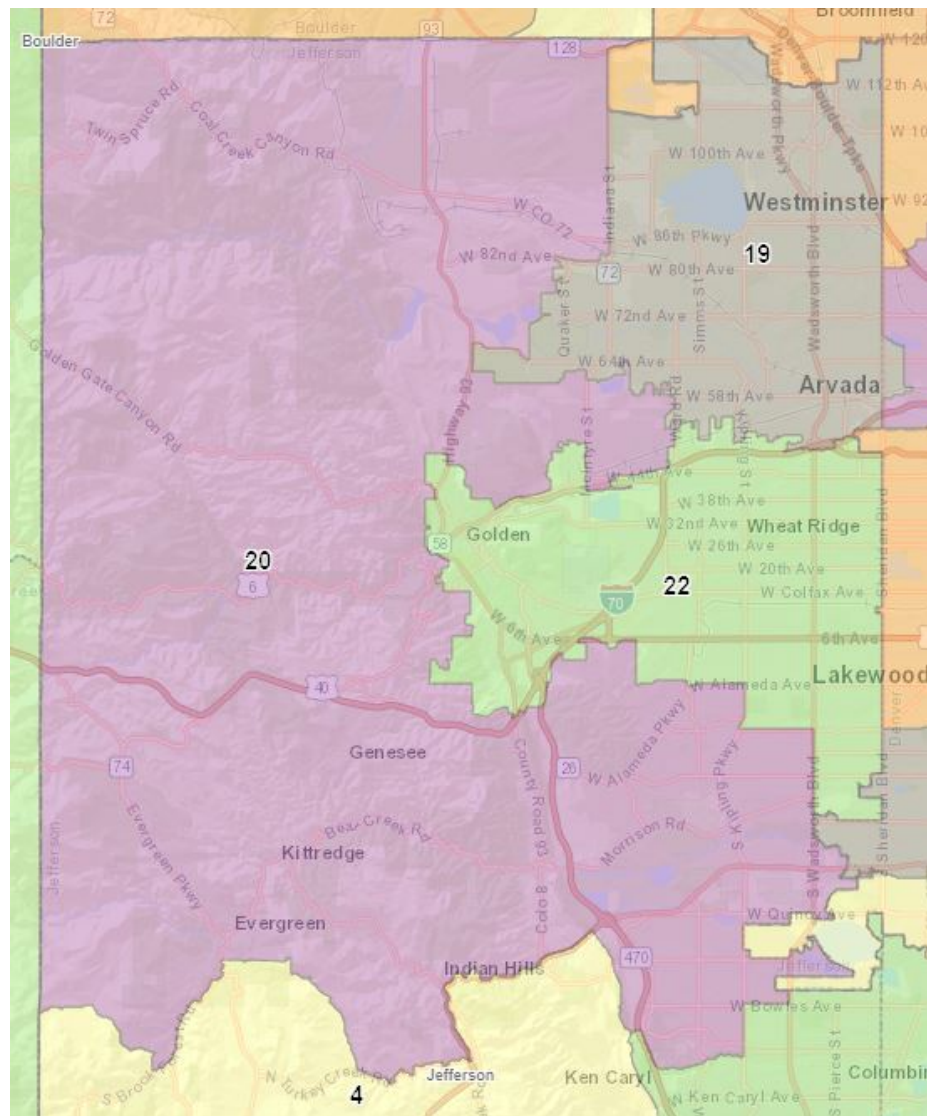
³ This Court’s interpretation in reapportionment precedent is supported by other courts’ decisions construing “minimize.” *See, e.g., Entergy Corp. v. Riverkeeper, Inc.*, 556 U.S. 208, 219 (2009) (“‘minimize’ is a term that admits of degree and is not necessarily used to refer exclusively to the ‘greatest possible reduction’”); *Town of Superior v. U.S. Fish & Wildlife Serv.*, 913 F.Supp. 2d 1087, 1107 (D.Colo. 2012) (agency properly interpreted the term “minimize” to mean minimized “to the extent possible”).

The Court should affirm the House map.

IV. The Commission's approval of the Senate Map was an abuse of discretion in two specific instances.

A. The City of Lakewood should have been placed in one Senate District.

The Commission drew Senate Districts 20 and 22 by means of a jagged line that divides the City of Lakewood on a north/south basis.



<https://coleg.maps.arcgis.com/apps/View/index.html?appid=2652c370e3c6487d9fc55f5f10a8afd4>

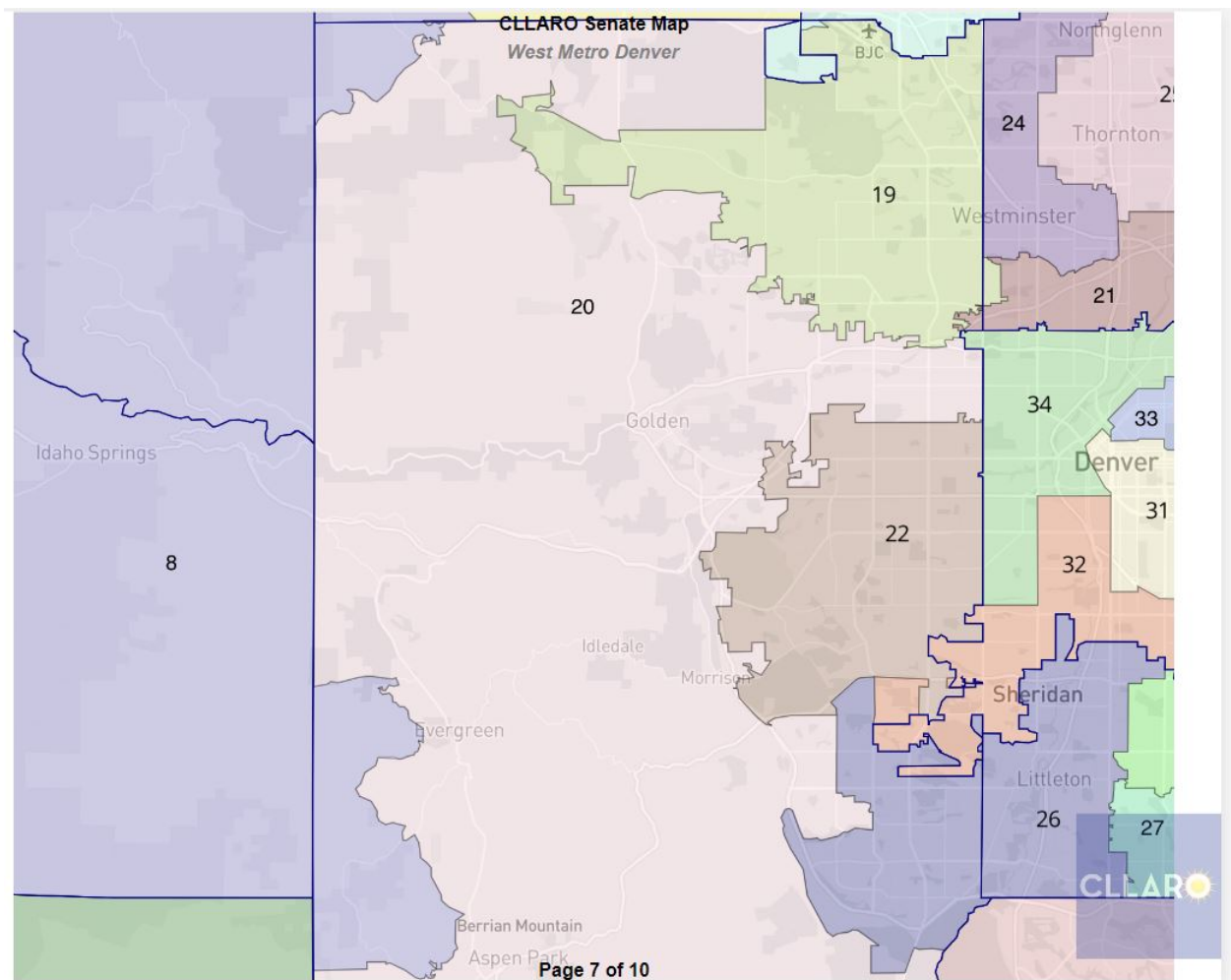
Based on data from the Census Bureau, Colorado's total population was 5,773,714. United States Census Bureau, *Colorado Among Fastest-Growing States Last Decade* (Aug. 25, 2021) <https://www.census.gov/library/stories/state-by-state/colorado-population-change-between-census-decade.html> (last viewed Oct. 21, 2021). Dividing that population figure by the state's 35 Senate districts, the optimal population for any district is 164,963 people.

Lakewood was split with 66,876 Lakewood residents being placed in District 20 (about 43% of the City's total population) in District 20 and 89,657 Lakewood residents being placed in District 22 (reflecting 57% of the City's populace). *See* Appendix B at 15, 16.

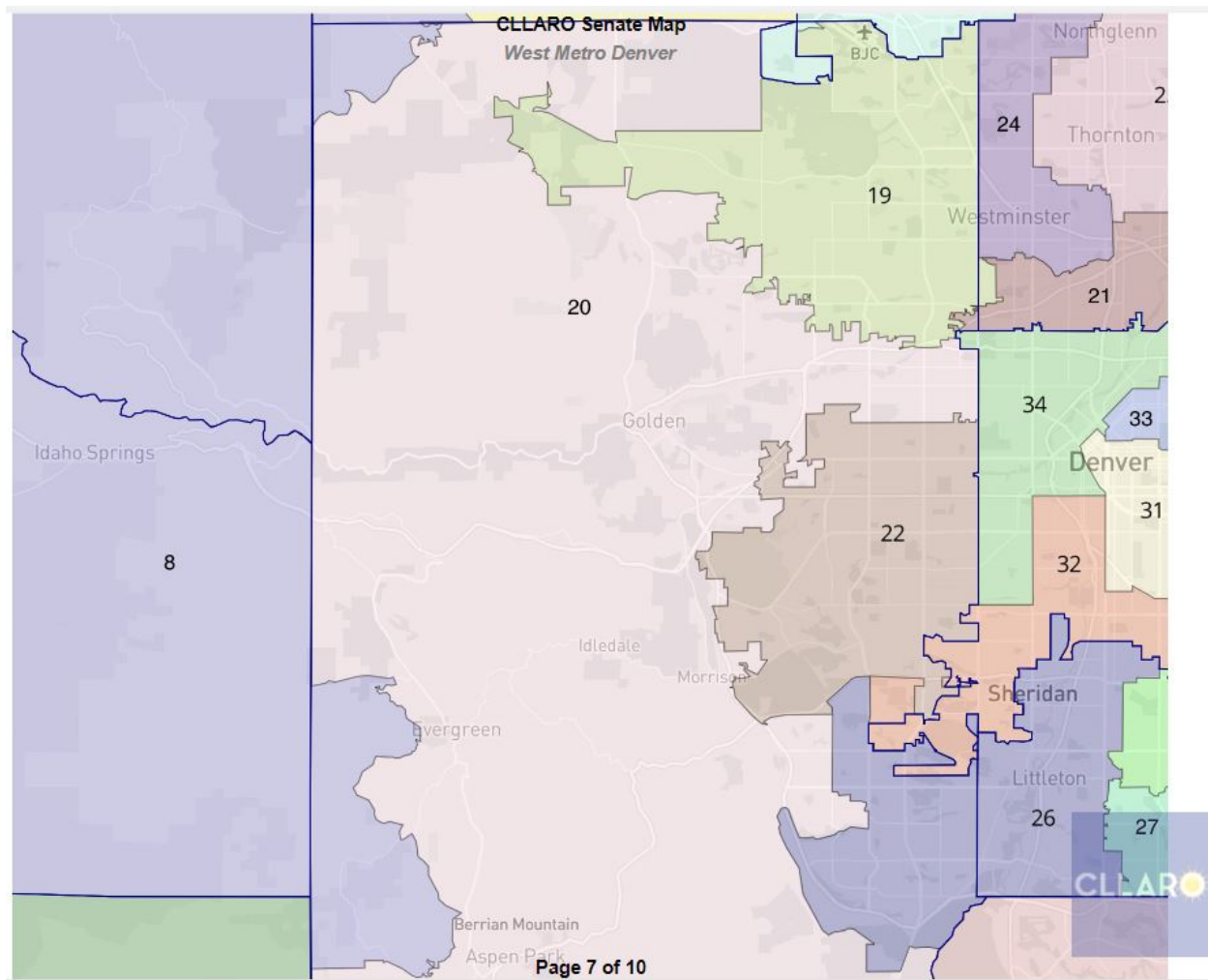
Thus, Lakewood's population equals 156,533 people, just under the population of a single Senate district. Because that figure is less than the 164,963 person target for Senate District, Lakewood should have been placed in a single Senate district.

The Commission had before it maps that almost achieved this objective. One was submitted by the Colorado Latino Leadership, Advocacy & Research Organization ("CLARRO"). This map made Lakewood the overwhelming

population center of one district by keeping virtually all of Lakewood population in one Senate district (District 22). As a result, areas adjacent to Lakewood were put in a neighboring Senate district (District 20) that formed an outer ring just beyond the City.



<https://coleg.app.box.com/s/ypsqn7f0hzna76qkr41kqegd8oa1n6gi/file/8548690977>



SOURCE:

<https://coleg.app.box.com/s/ypsqn7f0hzna76qkr41kqegd8oa1n6gi/file/8503029642>

[57](#) (Slide 7).

CLARRO's proposed allocation of Lakewood's population reflected the constitutional presumption that cities be maintained whole where they would fit within a single district more faithfully than the Senate Map.

There are no countervailing circumstances that required the division of Lakewood. No neighboring district required some of the City’s residents in order to achieve the required population for a Senate district. Similarly, no district required Lakewood residents in order to keep a community of interest intact.

In contrast, the City of Lakewood has specific policy needs that warrant its unification in one Senate district. The City is one of Jefferson County’s “older neighborhoods with older infrastructure.” Comment of Julia Varnell-Sarjeant, Aug. 15, 2021 (Appendix A at 2); *see Hall, supra*, 2012 CO 14, ¶¶96, 270 P.3d at 981 (Lakewood one of the “first ring suburbs” of Denver with origins in the 1950s and “much older infrastructure”); *see also* Comment of Steven Buckley, July 8, 2021 (Lakewood is an “older, first-ring suburb of Denver... (that must address) redevelopment and revitalization of older suburban areas”) (Appendix A at 3). Common concerns in search of an advocate include “public transportation” as well as “other infrastructure” to meet Lakewood’s needs. Comment of Wendy Campbell, June 14, 2021 (Appendix A at 4).

These are city-wide issues that can be addressed by state legislation but do not fall neatly on one side of the wavy line separating the Commission’s Senate Districts 20 and 22. That zigzagging demarcation between these two districts begin at West 6th Avenue, moves south to West Alameda Avenue, and then falls to West

Mississippi Avenue. No distinct communities of interest exist on the two sides of this arbitrary division of Lakewood. Therefore, the Commission's decision to split Lakewood did not advance a community of interest, supported by a preponderance of the evidence that overcomes the constitutional presumption of unification of local governments. *See Taylor, supra*, 618 P.2d at 1135 (under the preponderance of the evidence standard, "where evidence weighs evenly on both sides in a controversy, the fact finder must resolve the question against the party who has the burden of proof"); *see also* C.R.E. 301 ("a presumption imposes upon the party against whom it is directed the burden of going forward with evidence to rebut or meet the presumption").

The Court should direct the Commission to give effect to the Constitution's presumption against splitting local governments in this instance and unify the City of Lakewood within Senate District 22, using the whole cities of Golden, Wheat Ridge, and adjacent land masses as necessary to reach the required population range for Senate District 20.

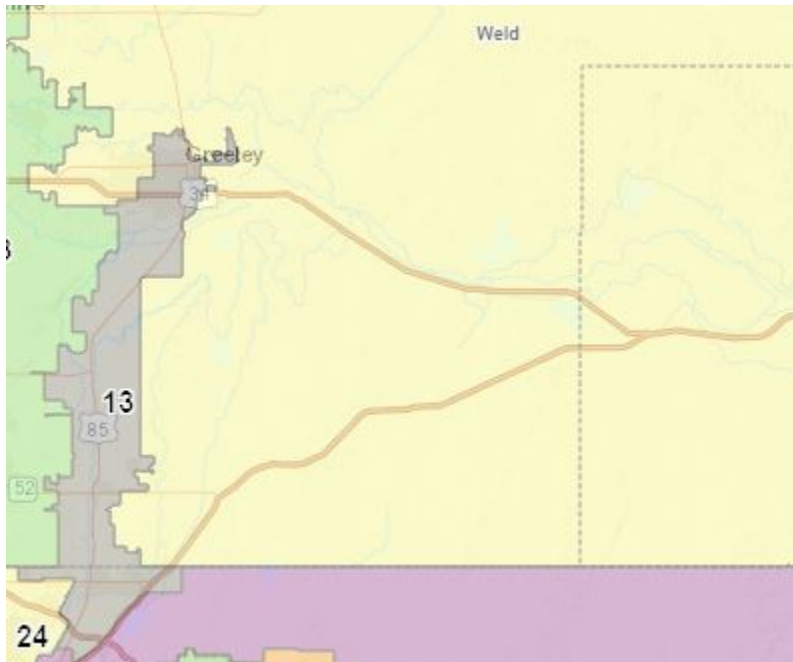
B. The lack of record evidence for this north/south split of Lakewood contrasts with the record's justification for other city splits.

1. The Commission had cause to split the City of Greeley between two Senate districts.

The Commission split the City of Greeley between two Senate districts:

- Senate District 1 is home to 37,801 residents of the west side of the City; and
- Senate District 13 is home to 71,439 residents of the east side of the City.

See Appendix B at 3, 12.



<https://coleg.maps.arcgis.com/apps/View/index.html?appid=2652c370e3c6487d9fc55f5f10a8afd4>

In its regional hearings and through the public comment function of the Commissions' website, the Commission had evidence of the substantial divide between East and West Greeley:

- East Greeley, like the town of Evans to the south of it (and also contained in Senate District 13) is more industrial than West Greeley. Comment of Casey Christiansen (June 18, 2021) (Appendix A at 5).

- East Greeley and Evans have substantial immigrant populations, whereas West Greeley does not have a similar population and is a higher growth and higher income area. Statement of Alex Apodaca-Cobell, (Aug. 24, 2021 Hearing) at 1:15:15; Comments of Tannis Bator (June 18, 2021), Jennifer Parenti (June 17, 2021), and Thomas Butler (Appendix A at 6, 8, 20).
- Many East Greeley residents are refugees who work in agricultural processing plants and in oil and gas operations. Comments of Kathleen Ensz (June 18, 2021) and Tannis Bator (Aug. 18, 2021) (Appendix A at 10, 11).
- East Greeley's K-12 system faces cultural pressures owing to the many different languages of families with students and are linked through the Greeley/Evans Unified School District. *Id.*; Comments of Therese M. Gilbert (June 18, 2021) and Erin Snyder (June 21, 2021) (Appendix A at 14, 15).

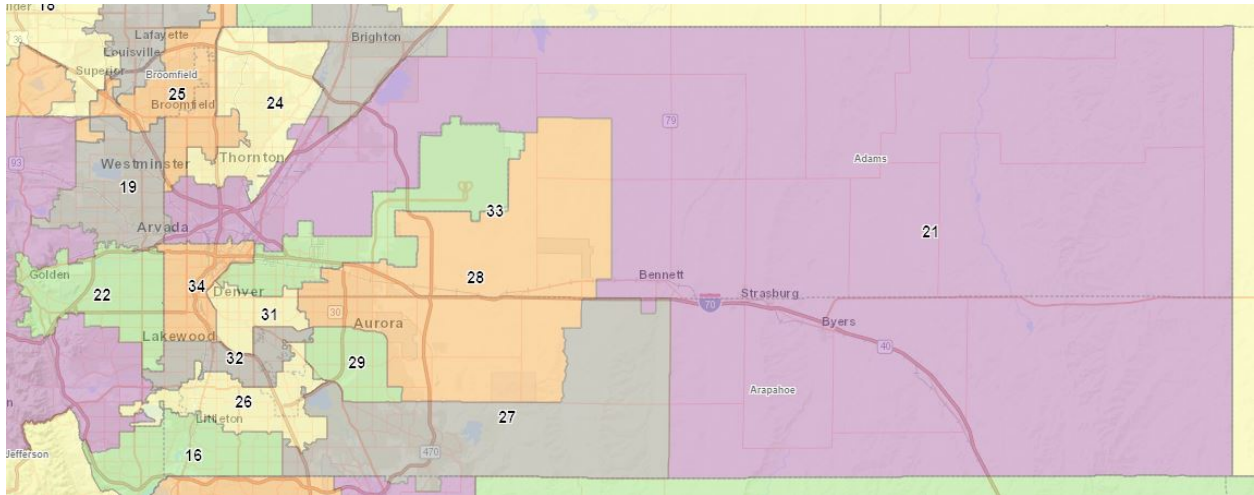
Many of the legislative issues that are relevant to recent immigrants are not limited to East Greeley; they are also relevant to those who live directly south of there in Evans and La Salle and down through Brighton. Comments of Barbara Whinery (June 18, 2021) and Gil Reyes (June 13, 2021) (Appendix A at 17, 18). These shared issues present legislative concerns dealing with growth management, education policy, and workers rights for persons residing in Senate District 13. Senate District 13 has a substantial Latino population (46%), *see* Exhibit 7 to

Commission’s Final Legislative Plans at 1, as well as a significant Latino voting age population. The drawing of Senate District 13 thus complied both with the appropriate treatment of a racial or ethnic group community of interest, as set forth by the Constitution, Colo. Const., art. V, §46(3)(b)(III), and with the mandate to the Commission and this Court that the redistricting plan not dilute the electoral influence of minority groups and language minority groups. *Id.*, §48.1(4)(b).

Therefore, the Commission properly made its decision to split Greeley in light of the record before it.

2. The Commission likewise had cause based on the record to split the City of Westminster among three Senate districts.

The Commission placed distinguishable portions of Westminster in Senate Districts 19, 21, and 25. Westminster is a home rule city that is split between Jefferson and Adams Counties. Comments of Sarah Nurmela and Jane Goff (June 18, 2021) (Appendix A at 21, 22).



<https://coleg.maps.arcgis.com/apps/View/index.html?appid=2652c370e3c6487d9fc55f5f10a8afd4>

Those three districts are constituted as follows:

- Senate District 19 has 164,524 inhabitants and includes 45,140 residents of Westminster in Jefferson County and 114,241 persons living in Arvada (which is kept largely whole in this district except for 10,369 people in District 20) (Appendix B at 15).
- Senate District 21 has 169,032 inhabitants which includes 20,863 residents of Westminster in Adams County and all persons living in Commerce City (which is kept whole in this district) as well as residents of areas surrounding Denver International Airport in Adams County and the eastern portion of Adams County (Appendix B at 16).

- Senate District 25 has 169,069 inhabitants which includes 50,547 residents of northern Westminster in Adams County, 74,173 residents of Broomfield (which is kept whole in this district), and 38,222 residents of Northglenn (which is kept almost entirely whole except for 25 people in District 232 and 417 people in District 24) (Appendix B at 17).

These splits find sufficient support in the record. Given the prominent role played by the Jefferson and Adams County governments and the separate school districts on either side of that dividing line, the Commission was asked by multiple parties to divide Westminster given that county line. *See, e.g.*, Comments of Sarah Nurmela (June 18, 2021) and Jane Goff (June 18, 2001) (Appendix A at 21, 22); testimony of Lorraine Bowen at Arvada Hearing (9:04:31).

Distinct from the needed separation of the Jefferson and Adams County portions of Westminster, the Commission learned of particular issues for the southern portion of Westminster (also located in Adams County). In that part of the City, more than three-quarters of K-12 students are low-income; as such, they qualify for free and reduced priced lunches in the public schools in their neighborhood. Comment of Victor Galvan (Aug. 27, 2021) (Appendix A at 24). The southern part of Westminster is also home to a significant Latino population whose interests have been largely underrepresented by their non-Latino municipal elected

officials. *Id.* There is a particular identity of interests between this persons living in this portion of Westminster and those living in Commerce City including the financial needs of their public schools, and those are state legislative issues. *Id.*

Senate District 13 furthers the constitutional mandate that the Commission's plan not dilute the impact of a minority group's electoral influence. Colo. Const., art. V, §48.1(4)(b). According to the Commission and as noted above, the Latino population of this district is 46% of the overall district. While the voting age population is likely somewhat less than that, the unification of key communities in southern Adams County and Commerce City will act as a buffer against dilution of this electoral influence, protected by the Constitution. *See* Comment of Kevin Allen (Oct. 12, 2021) (Appendix A at 25).

Additionally, this configuration allows for districts that keep a number of cities in Adams County and adjacent counties to be whole within a district.⁴

- Brighton: whole in District 13.
- Erie, Longmont, and Lafayette: all whole in District 17.
- Louisville and Superior: both whole in District 18.
- Commerce City: whole in District 21.

⁴ This analysis does not consider portions of a city with 0 population in another district.

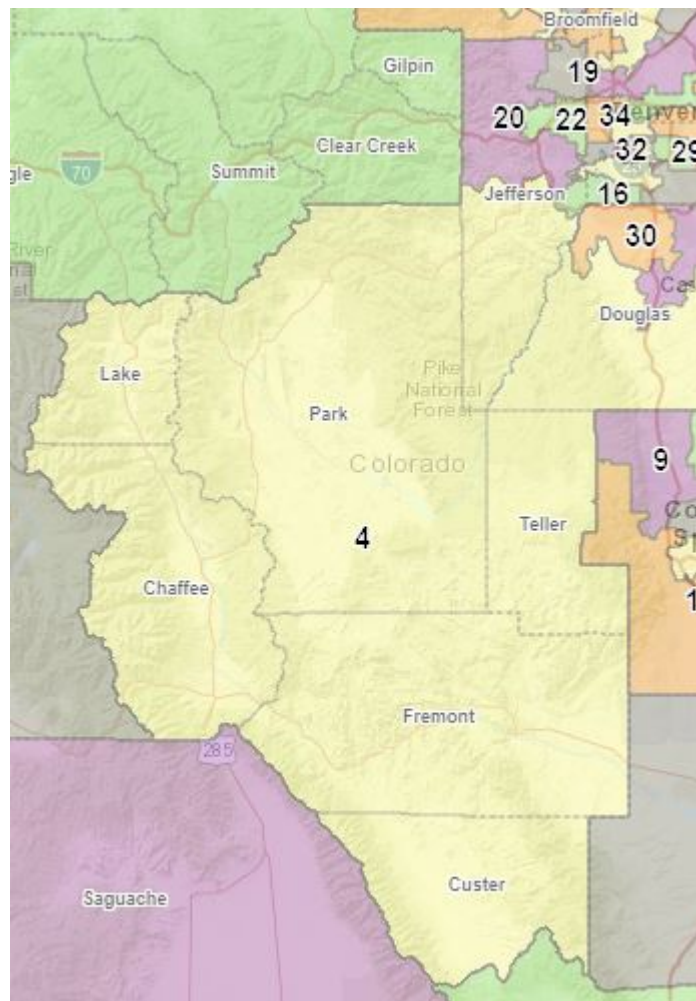
- Thornton and Federal Heights: both whole in District 24.
- Broomfield whole in District 25.

In *In re 2002 Reapportionment II*, this Court sustained the Reapportionment Commission’s redistricting that included a three-way split of the City of Boulder. The Commission established a reasoned basis for that split. It demonstrated that alternatives had more drastic consequences and that communities of interest were best served by the districts it had previously drawn. “Therefore, we find that the divisions of the City of Boulder are constitutional.” 46 P.3d at 1089-90. Given the benefits of splitting Westminster in the way the Commission did—both for the City (in advancing important communities of interest) and for neighboring cities (in keeping them intact), the Redistricting Commission acted properly here. *See id.* at 1088-89 (extra county splits were justified in order to fill out “partial district[s]” that had been drawn to meet constitutional requirements for districts in Denver and Adams Counties) (citing Reapportionment Commission report to Court).

Accordingly, the Commission had sufficient justification to split Westminster based on the record before it.

C. Jefferson County has enough people for four Senate districts, but the fifth split of that County is not borne out by the record.

Seven different Senate districts take in portions of Jefferson County. Two of the seven (Senate Districts 26 and 32) have 0 population, leaving five populated segments of the County in different districts. These other five (Senate Districts 4, 16, 19, 20, and 22) share the County's populace and are configured in this way.



<https://coleg.maps.arcgis.com/apps/View/index.html?appid=2652c370e3c6487d9fc55f5f10a8afd4>

Jefferson County is composed of 583,976 people who are divided as follows:

- 29,972 in Senate District 4;
- 61,675 in Senate District 16;
- 161,628 in Senate District 19;
- 168,082 in Senate District 20; and
- 162,619 in Senate District 22.

Appendix 2 at 23, 25. As set forth above, the ideal population of a Senate district is 164,963 people. Dividing 583,976 by 164,963, there is enough population in Jefferson County for 3.54 Senate districts.

Nothing in the record warrants the Commission's five-way split of Jefferson County. In particular, Senate District 4's allocation of less than 30,000 Jeffco residents, grouped with residents of Custer, Fremont, Lake, Chaffee, Park, Teller, and Douglas Counties seems to be a random assignment with rural counties.

Lacking a coherent community of interest among all these counties, the Commission's plan does not meet public policy needs of the affected Coloradans or foster accountability of a state senator. In other words, this linkage is not "more essential to the fair and effective representation of residents of the district."

To the extent that the Commission needed a reasoned basis to rebut the presumption about minimizing the split of Jefferson County, it did not meet its

burden here. *See In re 2002 Reapportionment I*, 45 P.3d at 1246 (“the Adopted Plan denies the whole senate districts to Boulder, Douglas, Jefferson, and Pueblo counties for which they qualify based on the year 2000 census data and the Commission’s ideal district projection”).

Therefore, the Senate Map should be returned to the Commission either with instructions that it provide an “adequate explanation” for the additional split of Jefferson County, *see id.* at 1246-47, or direction that it reassign the 29,972 residents of Jefferson County, now in Senate District 4, to a district that does not create an additional, unwarranted split of that County.

V. The Commission correctly implemented the Constitution’s prohibition on districts that dilute the impact of minority group electoral influence.

The Legislative Redistricting Commission gave full effect to the Constitution’s non-dilution directive as to minority group electoral influence. The Commission hired a consultant to advise it on Voting Rights Act compliance, acknowledged the express language in Amendment Z prohibiting dilution of minority group electoral influence, and assessed such communities in light of the express constitutional authority to evaluate those groups as communities of interest. Colo. Const., art. V, §46(3)(b)(III); *see, e.g.* Exhibit 9 to Commission Final Legislative Redistricting Plans (Report of Dr. Lisa Handley) at 7-15 (identifying

specific areas of the State that have had racially polarized voting and calculating Latino population needed to protect minority group electoral influence). This implementation of an explicit constitutional directive was consistent with this Court's precedent in redistricting areas of the state with significant minority group populations that have particular legislative concerns. *See In re Reapportionment of the Colo. Gen. Assembly*, 332 P.3d 108, 111 (Colo. 2011) ("The changed ethnic and cultural demographics in this area of the state (Aurora) are unquestionably valid 'community of interest' concerns..., and the Commission appropriately considered these demographics, particularly the growth in the Latino population across the state, as part of its overall approach to drawing districts.").

The Legislative Commission raises none of the concerns allegedly arising under the Equal Protection Clause of the U.S. Constitution that the Congressional Commission raised before this Court. This Commission got it right. And its districts should not be disturbed on grounds that it departed from the Congressional Commission's flawed reasoning.

CONCLUSION

Ninety-seven percent is an "A" in anyone's book. But because the real goal of redistricting is fair and effective representation, the people of Colorado need the

Commission, with this Court's assistance, to get an A+. If the Commission correctly addresses the issues cited in Fair Lines' brief, it will get—and deserve—that grade.

Senate Districts 20 and 22 should be returned to the Commission for correction, and Senate District 4 should be corrected or justified by the Commission after remand. Other than that, the House Map and the balance of the Senate Map should be approved.

ORAL ARGUMENT

Fair Lines respectfully requests that it be allowed to participate in oral argument through its undersigned counsel.

Respectfully submitted this 22nd day of October, 2021.

/s/ Mark Grueskin

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Phone: 303-573-1900
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**ATTORNEY FOR FAIR LINES
COLORADO**

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Erin Holweger, hereby affirm that a true and accurate copy of the **BRIEF OF FAIR LINES COLORADO & REQUEST TO PARTICIPATE IN ORAL ARGUMENT ON OCTOBER 25, 2021** was sent electronically this day, October 22, 2021 via Colorado Courts E-Filing, to Counsel for the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission at:

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And via Colorado Courts E-Filing to Counsel for the Colorado Secretary of State:

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/s Erin Holweger

DATE FILED: October 22, 2021 12:00 PM

Appendix A

Julia Varnell-Sarjeant

Commission: both

Zip: 80126

Submitted: August 15, 2021

Comment:

I am Julia Varnell-Sarjeant. I was a candidate for state senate in 2018. Because of this experience, I have a different angle than I would have had if I had never been a candidate.

I wanted to represent all the people of my district, but there were challenges. A small part of my district was rural, with very specific and critical needs. However, since they made up such a small part of the district, it would be difficult to focus much of my time on those needs. This is not because their votes didn't matter, or because I did not care, it is because a senator has to represent as many constituents as he or she can and address the issues that are important to them. It is not a question of the political party of these constituents, it is a question of addressing the needs of the most people.

For example, SD30 is split into two different power providers, some received power from IREA, (Roxborough Village, Roxborough Park, Sedalia, Louviers) and others from XCEL. While the power going to the house is the same, the organization and regulations impacting these customers and providers is different. Since the vast majority of my constituents were XCEL customers, it would be the Xcel issues that receive my attention. There were just not enough IREA customers to become a priority. In another example: we need to get high speed internet to our rural communities, the pandemic has shown how critical this is. But most of District 30 already has high speed internet, and was more interested in getting the light rail they had been paying for 10 years. Totally different interests. I would have to spend my time working light rail and short-changing high speed internet.

It isn't a question of whether a representative would vote for the things his constituents need regardless of party. It is where the representative would focus his or her time. For this reason, it is important to have, as much as possible, the communities represented have common interests. My experience as a candidate preparing to represent the entire district open my eyes to infrastructure challenges in rural communities that those of in Highlands Ranch don't really think about.

It isn't just the rural/suburban divide where communities differ. Jefferson County is a lovely county. I grew up in Applewood. And that is the point. I grew up there, and I am 67 years old. Much of Jefferson County is made up of older neighborhoods with older infrastructure, such as Wheat Ridge, Arvada, Lakewood, Bear Valley. Highlands Ranch is only about 35 years old – a whole lot newer. The infrastructure is still being put into place. The area around Roxborough is dominated by one company – Lockheed. When I was growing up, that plant was Martin Marietta and was considered far away.

Roxborough Park is far more similar to Ken Caryl (also dominated by Lockheed) than it is to Highlands Ranch. In addition, as the largest county in the state, Jefferson County has a lot of rural communities whose needs are like those of Sedalia and Louviers. Whoever represents Wheat Ridge and Lakewood will find it difficult to represent people in Clear Creek Canyon. These are things that need to be considered in redistricting, far more than county lines. I don't know the population distributions throughout the state that you have available, so I do not have a map I recommend. I just wanted to suggest some things to consider in this very difficult task.

Steven Buckley

Commission: congressional

Zip: 80232

Submitted: July 08, 2021

Comment:

As a resident of Lakewood, I do not like the new boundaries of Congressional District 7. Lakewood is a very large, older, first-ring suburb of Denver. The new maps draws Lakewood into the same district as large portions of Douglas County, a newer, faster growing suburban area. Lakewood and Castle Rock don't have nearly as much in common as Lakewood and our neighboring western suburbs further north, such as Arvada. Yet, Arvada is in the new District 8.

Like Lakewood, Arvada is a large, older, suburban city. Lakewood and Arvada are in the same county and share the same school district. Both cities have newer RTD rail lines that have been built in the last decade. A lot of the local political issues in both cities revolve around redevelopment and revitalization of older suburban areas.

By contrast, Castle Rock is in a different county and school district than Lakewood, and the local issues down there revolve more around handling the first wave of suburban growth - a problem Lakewood really hasn't dealt with for several decades now. Lakewood and Arvada should be in the same district - ideally Arvada brought back into the 7th District. Lakewood and Castle Rock do not have enough that unites them as common "communities of interest" to be in the same congressional district.

Wendy Campbell

Commission: both

Zip: 80228

Submitted: June 14, 2021

Comment:

I echo the comments of a friend: "Lakewood is connected by a community of interest, geography, and history to other municipalities in Jefferson County, such as Arvada and Wheat Ridge. We are part of the gateway to the mountain communities and beyond in the west metro area. We have a long and rich history of diversity.

We share common concerns about development and redevelopment, public transportation, and many other infrastructure issues. We are part of the service area of Denver Water and, along with many other Jeffco municipalities, are served by distributor agreements with Denver Water. The numerous municipal boundaries between Jeffco municipalities encourage and require intergovernmental cooperation, so there are numerous intergovernmental agreements in place between and among those municipalities. We all have common benefits and concerns stemming from a significant federal government presence in this part of Jefferson County.

It's inconceivable that we would have anything in common with Douglas County on any of these or other issues. Pulling Lakewood away from its Jeffco municipal partners would dilute Lakewood's ability to have its community concerns heard, and Lakewood's concerns and priorities are NOT congruent with those of Douglas County."

Casey Christiansen

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80631

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

Hi, my name is Casey Christiansen - firstly, thank you to the Commission for your efforts and for receiving comment. I live in eastern Greeley, and have learned it is possible Greeley and Evans will be split into different legislative districts. I strongly advise against that course of action. Greeley is very diverse socioeconomically at large, but there is a clear difference between east and west. The eastern side is far more industrial and we share that characteristic with much of Evans. Students attending University of Northern Colorado in Greeley live in the many affordable apartments in Evans, so splitting the district would create confusion. The line between our two cities is not a clear nor straight distinction, so adults will also likely be confused. The most important right we have in our country is using our direct voice via voting. That is not something that should be made more difficult with confusing (illogical the common citizen) district lines. I trust this Commission will consider the damage that could be caused by dividing the two sister cities. Thank you for your time.

-Casey Christiansen

TANNIS BATOR

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80631

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

To the Legislative Commission Staff: My name is Mrs. Tannis Bator, a Greeley resident and former educator in Weld County School District 6. Thank you for your difficult work in assuring that a legislative map will appropriately include communities of interest so that the voices of all people can be heard. I taught in District 6 for over 30 years, primarily in Title 1 schools with large minority populations. Several of the District 6 schools are located in both Greeley and Evans. Before covid, I continued to connect with students by volunteering at Salida del Sol (east Greeley), Chappelow Arts Magnet K-8 (Evans), and Centennial Elementary (Evans). HD 50 is currently a strongly minority influenced district and, besides a high percentage of minority students, virtually all the minority-owned businesses are located here. There is significant cooperation between the Greeley and Evans Chambers of Commerce. My husband and I are board members for Envision, Creative Support for People with Developmental Disabilities, which is also located in Evans but works closely with the city of Greeley. Sunrise Community Health Center, located in Evans, serves residents of both Greeley and Evans. Besides offering covid vaccination to an underserved population, there were free vaccination clinics for students of District 6. Sunrise also worked closely with Envision to ensure that that vulnerable population was served. In addition, the Immigrant and Refugee Center, located in Evans, serves many people in the eastern portion of Greeley and works closely with School District 6 so that these students, new to our country, state, and city, can have the best transition possible. As you can see, the economic, educational, and healthcare needs of Greeley and Evans are tightly connected. To maintain the Greeley/Evans House District 50 as a legislative district would be the most positive solution to serving the needs and interests of these residents whose voices are often ignored.

Jennifer Parenti

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80516

Submitted: June 17, 2021

Comment:

Hello,

My name is Jennifer Parenti and I live on the Weld County side of Erie. Over the past several weeks, I have been meeting with a group of amazing Weld County residents from all over our area to discuss redistricting and what it might mean for our county and Northern Colorado, in general. Based on these conversations and my own experiences living and working here, I wanted to provide some thoughts and insights to the Legislative Commission to help influence redistricting in our county.

Weld County is often seen as a monolithic community that only cares about legacy issues and industries, such as agriculture and oil & gas. But, in reality, we are a politically, culturally and economically diverse and vibrant region with unique and important sub-regional identities. These communities of interest vary widely in terms of common interests, needs, values and norms that deserve consideration in redistricting.

When designing maps for legislative districts in and around Weld County, it is important to understand and acknowledge these sub-regions/communities of interest so the diversity of Weld County can be best represented in our state legislature. And while none of these communities of interest would be large enough to be a single district in and of itself (except East Greeley), I hope that they can be preserved as whole, larger building blocks for the purposes of both House and Senate redistricting. A representative map has been attached to show approximate boundaries/borders for these regions (created at davesredistricting.org): -

- Region 1: Rural Weld. This region is generally characterized by the the Northernmost and Easternmost parts of the county, including Pierce, Grover and Kersey and possibly Eaton/Ault. These communities have a heavy focus on agriculture and oil and gas and, as such, are large in acreage, but tend to be very small in numbers. For legislative redistricting purposes, they might be better aligned with other rural communities that share their interests outside of Weld County to the East, particularly Morgan and Logan Counties.

– Region 2: I-76 Corridor: The communities of Lochbuie and Hudson (possibly as far east as Keenesburg) are still predominantly rural, but are expected to experience considerable population growth over the next 10 years. As such, it is a community in transition, and could potentially be aligned with either the more rural parts of Weld County or with other communities along I-76 in Adams County currently facing these challenges (such as Brighton and Henderson). When combined with these communities and Ft Lupton, you would also create a district with a heavy minority/Hispanic influence which would be representative of the region as a whole.

- Region 3: Southwest Weld/Carbon Valley: Firestone, Frederick, Erie and East Longmont are already facing significant challenges related to population growth. Most identify more as Denver/Boulder suburbs than as parts of Weld County. Their challenges are exacerbated by straddling county lines that have proven in the past year to be a dividing point for their communities, particularly over pandemic response and the provision of goods and services. They share a single school district (St Vrain Valley), which includes large parts of Weld and Boulder counties, with significant cross-enrollment across the district. Singular representation of these communities that prioritizes municipal over county lines (Weld, Boulder and Broomfield), would be extremely beneficial in ensuring effective representation in state government.

– Region 4: Johnstown/Milliken/Berthoud: These communities are inextricably linked by common interests and concerns related to transportation (I-25 expansion and regional bicycle/pedestrian trails); education (Weld RE-5J includes Johnstown, Milliken and parts of Berthoud with open enrollment across communities); broadband (Johnstown, Milliken, Berthoud and Mead are working on cooperative broadband services); and local retail/restaurants (the 25/34 section of Johnstown is frequented by residents of all 3 communities). It is important to preserve both the Weld and Larimer portions of these communities together, as the county lines are not representative of how these communities are organized and how good and services are provided.

– Region 5: Windsor/Severance/Timnath: Similar to Region 4, this cross-county region shares common concerns over expansive housing and commercial development and its accompanying challenges related to transportation, infrastructure, retail and other services. Keeping these communities whole, irrespective of county lines, would be in the best interests of its residents to ensure effective state representation.

– Region 6: East Greeley: The neighborhoods of Greeley north of 10th St and East of 23rd are characterized by large immigrant and minority populations. The latest ACS data suggests when combined with Evans (possibly as far south as LaSalle), we could create a

Voting Rights Act-compliant district here in Weld County. As such, it should be PRIORITIZED in terms of legislative redistricting. - Region 7: West Greeley: The final sub-region of Weld County is West Greeley, encompassing those parts of Greeley proper not included in Region 6 along with unincorporated parts of the county extending as far west as Johnstown/Milliken. It might be prudent to combine this area with Region 4 (Johnstown/Milliken) as the new proposed subdivision on Highway 257 will be in the Weld RE-5J school district and its residents will likely find it more convenient and accessible to shop at 25/34 rather than in Greeley.

I want to thank the commissions and staff for your dedication and efforts related to ensuring that redistricting here in Colorado is done in an open, transparent and non-partisan manner. If you have any questions regarding my inputs, I welcome you to contact me at any time.

Sincerely,
Jennifer Parenti

Kathleen Enszt

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80631

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

I live in the Glenmere area, which is part of House District 50. Greeley, Evans and Garden City are all in House District 50. Our communities are strongly connected. First, we are in the same school district of Greeley-Evans 6. Our schools do so much to make sure students learn. Many of those students in our House District need extra support to succeed and issues like funding matter a lot to our community. Second, our neighborhoods and businesses look and feel different than other communities nearby. We have more families that come from different income levels, cultures, and ethnicities than areas like Greeley West. More immigrants and workers from large plants like JBS or Leprino foods live in our neighborhoods. Our homes are smaller, older or house multiple families. More of our businesses are run by people of color.

I hope you will keep our communities united in one House District. Being represented by one representative has meant that our issues are taken seriously and there is someone working on policies that benefit us. If our communities were to be split and mixed with more affluent or rural parts of Weld County, we would lose that voice. I strongly urge you to keep our communities united in one House District.

TANNIS BATOR

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80631

Submitted: August 18, 2021

Comment:

To the members of the Legislative Redistricting Commission,

I have revised my remarks since I spoke in person Saturday, August 13 at the University of Northern Colorado ballroom. I do not feel that district 64 provides adequate, competitive, and reflective representation for the citizens who have been in House District 50.

"Ideally, redistricting is for the purpose of a district being reflective and representative of the electorate. It should be compact to keep the communities of interest intact."

My husband and I live in east Greeley, only 2 blocks from the University Center where the in- person redistricting meeting was held. When we purchased our home in the Cranford Neighborhood in 1978, it was in central Greeley, but the rapid growth west of 35th Ave from the late '70's-early 80's has pushed the center west.

We are in an urban area with a majority minority population with most minority businesses located here, and are much different than the suburban area west of 35th Ave and unincorporated Weld to the east. Current census figures indicate that Greeley is now 51% white and almost 40% Latino, with people of color tending to live and work in this urban corridor which is east of 35th Ave.

During my 31 years as an educator in this district, I worked with several of these families in two middle schools and two elementary schools in this area as a Title I teacher.

Currently, there are many refugees who have been placed here and work at JBS. One hundred different languages are spoken by the various families in the Greeley/Evans Unified School District.

Many of the services consistent with an urban area are in east Greeley: there are five Greeley/Evans Transit routes, only one of which crosses west of 35th Ave and with an

additional route that allows UNC students to get from one campus to the other, both campuses being east of 23rd Ave.

Healthcare in this area is primarily provided by Northern Colorado Medical Center and Sunrise health centers, often for people of color and lower income. Services for the homeless, for mental health, for families in crisis, and for those with disabilities are housed most frequently in the Greeley/Evans urban corridor. The Weld Food Bank and United Way are also here.

A large majority of those who live here work in service industries, fossil fuels, JBS meat packing, as well as NCMC hospital and community health services, the Greeley/Evans Unified School district, and university students in student housing.

The downtown and the university have been linked closely for more than 100 years and neither should be split. There should be continuity to their work and partnership.

Under the current map, district 64, a chunk is taken out of both the Glenmere and the Cranford Neighborhoods. Why? The District 50 legislative representative lived in and understood the needs of this legislative district. This was the only competitive district in Weld County and 64 threatens to dilute our voice.

My suggestion would be to follow the line of 35th Ave east to the Balsam neighborhood, north to 0 St. and south to 37th Ave. Keep what was District 50 intact and use the CLAARO map to work around the edges if need be.

East Greeley, Evans, Glenmere, UNC, and downtown have been and should continue to be part of the same district. East Greeley and Evans should be linked to reflect our common social, economic, racial, cultural and geographic concerns. And our elected representative should understand/act upon those concerns.

I would be remiss if I did not mention the recent UN Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Global Warming report that came out on August 14, 2021, which states that we must rapidly draw down our reliance on fossil fuels. What I heard on Saturday from several people is that oil and gas and agriculture is the heart of Weld County. I believe that those industries will not reap the rewards they have in the past and that, unless we drastically decrease our reliance on methane producers, the planet will become inhabitable. I know we've heard this for awhile and that some want to ignore or not believe it, but I think before the next 10 years is done, whatever pattern of redistricting is approved, the county will be much different than it is today.

As federal authorities, the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, impose the first-ever mandatory cuts in how much water Arizona, Nevada and Mexico take from the Colorado River, the states higher up the river face rising pressure to divert less..... shrinking mountain snow, drought and heat are depleting headwaters, authorities said. Colorado Water Conservation Board officials have scheduled a working session this month to consider expansion of pilot program efforts to pay farmers, cities and industries to use less water, which analysts have said could cost the state hundreds of millions. My take? Agriculture will look much different in a few years.

These two very recent news items should be highlighted in your thinking about how oil and gas and agriculture will be affected by climate change.

Thank you for your time and incredible devotion to this important job.

Mrs. Tannis Bator
1920 12th Ave.
Greeley, CO 80631
tanbat@comcast.net

Therese M Gilbert

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80631

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

Dear Commissioners, June 18, 2021

Good Morning. My name is Therese Gilbert and I have been a resident and teacher in Greeley for 28 years. I love my city and my profession and know well the community in which I live. As you may know, the boundaries of my school district incorporate both Greeley and Evans, as it says right in our logo. I am truly District 6 Greeley-Evans!

Because our district allows parents to choose a school outside their boundaries as long as there is room, I teach many students that live in Evans and ride the public bus to get to my school, Heath Middle School. There are many families who do this for a variety of reasons. One need only look at the demographic data on the CDE website to see how closely the Greeley/Evans communities mirror each other. Half the population of all four middle schools in Greeley/Evans have a combined factor of students that are English language learners and those on individualized education plans. All four middle schools - Heath, Franklin, Prairie Heights, and Brentwood - are located in East Greeley (east of 35th Ave) and in Evans.

I live in the older, once central neighborhood of Greeley that is now considered "East Greeley." It is a seamless transition to move between Greeley, Evans, and Garden City - few would even be able to point out the boundaries. I would just hate to see our communities broken apart arbitrarily when we share so much in common!

Thank you Commissioners for all you are doing. This is certainly not an easy task, and I know how you must carefully consider all the communication you receive. I appreciate your efforts and thank you for your consideration of my concerns as a long time resident and educator in the Greeley/Evans School District!

Sincerely,

Therese Gilbert 1715 14th Avenue, Greeley 80631

Teacher at Heath Middle School 2223 16th St, Greeley 80631

P.S. I am District 6! ❤️

Erin Snyder

Commission: legislative

Zip: 00000

Submitted: June 21, 2021

Comment:

Greetings. My name is Erin Snyder and I am a lifelong resident of House District 50 and an educator as well as a community member of Weld County School District Six. I attended District Six schools as did my husband and our children. I am vested in our community Greeley / Evans as a community member and educator. I worked hard to educate as much of our community as possible to pass our Mill Levy Override and our 2019 Bond. Fortunately, both measures passed and we are able to see and experience the commitment to public education and District Six from both Evans and Greeley citizens.

It is important to keep in mind our schools are in both Greeley and Evans. We support each other. We have been so fortunate to have House Representatives who have been a part of our school district with an in-depth understanding of how unique our communities are that our voices have been represented well. Our citizens support both Greeley and Evans. We are a diverse community and I encourage you to leave our boundaries so that they reflect our school district boundaries.

Thank you for your consideration. Please feel free to reach out to me if you would like more information.

(submitted by email 6/18/2021)

Barbara Whinery

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80634

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

Thank you very much to the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission and staff for including public comments as part of the decision making process when drawing new lines for the Colorado Legislative Districts. My goal in submitting these comments are for you consider how to best redraw the House and Senate District lines for West Greeley that would make our districts more compact, competitive and to reflect the new and ongoing changing landscape of my the community of interest. I would like to comment on my "community of interest" and how much it has changed in the last 10 years and its implications redrawing House District 48 and Senate District 13. Weld County is not a single entity, it is a politically, culturally, and economically diverse community. As a resident of Greeley-Weld County for 31 years (1989-present), I have witnessed many changes in my community and northern Colorado. Actually, I attended the Colorado State University from 1965-69, so I have seen dramatic changes throughout the northern I-25 corridor since that time, too. I live on the west side of Greeley and when I moved to Greeley the population was 60,000 (1989) and now it is over 100,000 (2021) and race and ethnicity has increased from 20% to 40% of the population. It has changed from a large rural county seat town to a busy city. Greeley is growing in population out to meet the smaller surrounding communities and at the same time they have grown to meet our boundaries. Many of these areas are becoming more suburban rather than rural in nature. The spaces between Ft. Collins, Loveland, Johnstown and Windsor are rapidly disappearing. The towns of Johnstown and Windsor are now two of the five fastest growing communities in the state.

Because of this rapid growth, the communities that surround the northern I-25 corridor need to be considered as a 'community of interest' has similar interests and concerns especially when it comes to governmental policy. For example we share an infrastructure that include roads, water, public transportation and share emergency services. In the past 10 years there has been an on-going discussion about putting in a light rail system between Loveland, Ft. Collins and Loveland in addition to the Denver area. There are common environmental concerns that include the quality of air, water and water supply.

We share a prominent healthcare network with Banner and UC Health. In terms of state post secondary education institutions that serve area include the University of Northern Colorado, Aims Community College and the private Institution of Medical and Business Careers (IMBC). Residents commute regularly between all the communities to access fitness and recreational centers or facilities, sporting and entertainment events (The Ranch). The communities surrounding in addition to the West Greeley are shop at the nearby Centerra Mall and the 25/34 shopping center. Many also work for or access a variety of business and services across area west of Greeley to I-25 in addition to Loveland and Ft. Collins. Each community is experiencing changing demographics, too. Geographically we are similar and all are within a 20 -25 minute drive of each other. As you can see, what used to be a series of small rural towns are now becoming a large complex metropolitan area and diverse community.

My recommendation is that the West Greeley (from 23rd Avenue-west) and part of the south Greeley areas be combined with unincorporated parts of the county extending west to Johnstown/Milliken to create a new House and Senate Districts because this area will continue to grow especially with a the new proposed subdivision on Highway 257. Lastly, I would advocate combining neighborhoods of Greeley north of 10th Street and east of 23rd Avenue with the Evans (perhaps as far south to LaSalle) are as large immigrant and minority populations to create a Voting Rights Act-compliant House District characterized them. This should be prioritized in terms of legislative redistricting.

Because of these dramatic changes in continuing population growth and demographics in the West Greeley area, a different House and Senate Districts need to be created.

Thank you in advance for your consideration of this proposal. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Gil Reyes

Commission: both

Zip: 80260

Submitted: June 13, 2021

Comment:

Thank you Colorado Congressional and Legislative Commission Staff and Commissioners for your consideration of my public comment on communities of interest. My name is Gil Reyes and I am a 58 year resident of Adams County. I hope my comments will contribute to your decisions in the development of the preliminary Congressional and Legislative maps.

I was employed in the Adams County Assessors office for 20 years, 12 of those as the Assessor so I am very familiar with Adams County. We have a diverse community, a large Hispanic community that continues to grow west from Aurora to Westminster, north from Commerce City to Thornton and Brighton. A growing Asian American/Pacific Islander community, an increasing Muslim, Sikh and East European population. We have a legacy of farming in the eastern half of the county extending back to the early 1900's. We have a mixture of Agriculture, light industry, Oil & Gas industry, retail, suburbs and urban areas within our county. All projections show that Adams County will continue to grow so I urge you to keep our County whole and make minimum changes to our Congressional and Legislative districts.

We have areas that have minimum healthcare facilities, suffering school districts, environmental contamination and a growing immigrant population. We need to have the ability as a County to have access to governmental remedies to find solutions to our issues. As an example we have one school district that has over 50 languages spoken, has a large percentage of subsidized meal assistance and that is only one of eight schools districts. We have the only refinery in Colorado that is contributing to air, soil and water pollution to our community. If it is closed we will need political leverage to secure State and Federal funds to clean the refinery property. The property is adjacent to commerce City which has a large Hispanic population. Our Hispanic and Immigrant population need to be able to make their voices heard. Only by keeping our county whole and our Congressional and Legislative districts within Adams County can we be guaranteed that they will be heard.

I urge you to draw maps that adequately takes our communities of interest into consideration. Our County and communities of interest deserve to have the best Congressional and Legislative access and representation.

Thank you for your consideration
Gil Reyes

Thomas Butler

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80631

Submitted: June 17, 2021

Comment:

My name is Tommy Butler. I proudly serve Ward 1, which comprises Northeast Greeley, on the Greeley City Council. The Greeley city attorney asked me to please say that these are my personal views and do not reflect the views of the City of Greeley or the City Council. I want to start today by thanking you for your service. I know first-hand the many pros of public input can sometimes be countered by the occasional negative comment, so for what it is worth, I hope you know that so many people are thankful for your hard work and dedication. To the other reason I write to you today: I want to advocate for my community. My hope is that you keep East Greeley, Evans, and Garden City in one state house district. In my short time representing Northeast Greeley, it is abundantly clear that this community's needs (be they economic development, infrastructure, educational, or healthcare) are different than those in West Greeley. From Sunrise Community Health Centers with locations in East Greeley and Evans, to the University of Northern Colorado, to Greeley-Evans School District 6, there are many clear communities of interest that one can point to. The budgets for those entities rely on state funding; they rely on having an advocate at the statehouse. But I also invite you to just drive through East and West Greeley (and not just because I'm trying to stimulate tourism dollars; I promise.) West Greeley is simply different: more suburban, more single-family housing, more chain restaurants. East Greeley, meanwhile, has captured a piece of my heart. We have beautiful older homes (mine was built in 1910), more multifamily zoning, many more small businesses (and I'm happy to say many more minority-owned small businesses as well). While the people that live on the East side of Greeley (and in Evans and Garden City for that matter) may have lower incomes statistically, I would argue we live a much richer life because of the community we have the privilege to live in. That community deserves a voice in the state legislature. If it isn't clear, I could wax poetic about this community that I love for days. But I'll just close by asking you one more time, please, make sure East Greeley, Evans, and Garden City keep the representation they deserve. I wish you luck on the many difficult decisions that lay ahead for you and thank you for your time and your service on this commission. Have a great day, Tommy Butler

Sarah Nurmela

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80234

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

First, thank you to the commissioners who are working hard to fairly analyze and implement this redistricting effort. I am commenting in regard to the Westminster portions of Adams and Jefferson counties. I would like to see these legislative districts remain AS IS. Here's why:

1. K-12 Communities of Interest differ widely between the Jeffco and Adams sides of Westminster. The City of Westminster K-12 educational districts are split at the county line between Adams and Jefferson. Education funding makes up 18.1% of the State operating budget and 36.2% of the General Fund Budget. Having legislative representation that mirrors school district boundaries is crucial to that community of interest.
2. Adams County is part of Tri-County health, whereas JeffCo has its own health department. These two health departments have treated COVID-19 differently and continue to require different attention by their representatives.
3. Finally, as a home rule city, using strict City of Westminster jurisdiction boundaries (where the State has much less of an impact) to establish a legislative district makes less sense than using communities of interest that connect Westminster to the broader regional interest.

Thanks again!

Jane Goff

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80005

Submitted: June 18, 2021

Comment:

Jefferson County Westminster and Adams County Westminster Should Not Be Drawn Together

- The K-12 communities of interest differ widely between the Jeffco side and the Adams side of Westminster. The Westminster Public Schools district boundaries extend only to the county line between Adams and Jefferson. Education funding is allocated to school districts, not to the municipality(-ies) which lie within the school district boundaries. School funding is based on a variety of factors unique to each school district's demographic and operational needs. A school district is therefore a community of interest in itself, one that is separate from the municipal community that needs representation to specifically address the interests of that community at large.
- Adams County is part of Tri-County health, whereas JeffCo has its own health department.
- As Westminster is a home rule city, using strict City of Westminster jurisdictional boundaries to establish a legislative district makes less sense than using communities of interest that connect Westminster to the broader regional interest.

Victor Galvan

Commission: both

Zip: 80022

Submitted: August 27, 2021

Comment:

Hello my name is Victor Galvan, I am the Political Field Director with United for a New Economy (UNE). UNE is a 501 (c)(3) nonprofit organization whose work is centered in Commerce City, Westminster, Unincorporated Adams County, and Aurora. UNE envisions vibrant, strong communities where everyone has a voice in the decisions that impact them, access to affordable housing and jobs that pay a living wage, and the ability to live free of racism and fear. Our work is centered on the issues that the communities we work with have raised: housing, economic security, immigration, and racial justice.

Adams County is rich in diversity and we have known anecdotally about the Latino growth happening due to the gentrification in Denver. Due to the housing boom in the Denver-Metro area, many families have been moving to the suburbs to find more affordable places to live. This is especially the case in Adams County - we have seen significant population growth and housing development. The job market in Adams County with the housing boom has created more construction jobs which is the top industry in Adams County.

I can appreciate the difficult job the redistricting commissions have and want to thank you for having hearings across the state for community members to share their thoughts on the maps with you. Please honor Adams County's Latino population growth and presence in both the state legislative maps and the congressional map, especially since the 2020 census data shows the Latino community now makes up 41% of the County. In addition, UNE also engages with the Black, Asian and Native American community members who now make up between 2 and 4% of the population in Adams county.

Commerce City is the historic heart of the Latinos community in Adams County. Please keep us whole in the state house, state senate, and congressional maps. . Commerce City faces challenges with air pollution, industrial contamination, and under-resourced schools. In the past, Adams County voters, especially Latino voters, are often looked to as a source of "extra" population and votes for outside suburban districts. Adams County voters, especially Latino

voters, deserve strong representation and districts where they can elect legislators who will represent and address their issues in Congress and the Colorado State Legislature.

I would like to briefly talk about Westminster and some of the dynamics at play there. Westminster City Council, which is elected entirely at-large, currently has no Latino members and none from the southern portion of the city. This indicates Latino voters in this part of Westminster may not have as much influence when paired with the rest of the city. This part of Westminster and the neighborhoods to the south are served by Westminster Public Schools. In that district, 76% of students qualify for free and reduced lunch compared to just 42% in Adams 12 to the north. The community interests of all of Westminster need to be taken into consideration when drawing Congressional, Senate, and House districts in a manner where voters have the ability to elect representation that understands the community's issues and can work to find solutions at all levels.

UNE has been in conversations with CLLARO and supports the way those maps draw the House and Senate districts for Adams County. I urge you to strongly consider that as you do your next round of maps. On the preliminary congressional map, I respectfully disagree with how the preliminary plan splits up Commerce City. While I agree that a district north of Denver would unite the many communities of interest in our county and the region, the way that the proposed 8th congressional district is drawn would place a large part of Commerce City and many of our Latino voters in Congressional District 4, putting them in a district with other Coloradans who wouldn't understand the housing impact that Latinos face in Commerce City. It is in UNE's opinion that Commerce City residents, and those we work with, would be better served if they were represented along with their neighbors in the rest of Commerce City and in other communities such as Thornton, Federal Heights, and Northglenn in what is the proposed district 8. Specifically as it relates to Latino residents, an 8th district that is comprised of all of Adams County west of the airport would create a congressional district where Latinos and many of the communities we work with could be jointly represented by someone who understands the significant housing challenges faced by residents north of the Denver Metro Area, specifically suburban Adams County north of Denver.

In summation, I ask that you keep Commerce City both the state legislative and congressional maps. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Kevin Allen

Commission: legislative

Zip: 80241

Submitted: October 12, 2021

Comment:

I sincerely appreciate that the commission is taking the time to consider the Senate maps carefully and that one of the main concerns is around Adams county. To Commissioner Barnett's point about how to divide Thornton, I submit that even if Thornton were to be divided between 2 districts, the north-south configuration that puts the core of Thornton in with Northglenn and southern unincorporated areas does a great disservice to the growth that Thornton has experienced over the last decade and creates a non-competitive district where there should be at least one. I have nothing against Northglenn, but they are boxed in by Westminster and Thornton and have differing priorities than the growing cities that flank it. I also believe that given this commission's call to both keep municipalities whole and create competitive districts, that making Thornton its own Senate district should be a natural fit in both of these criteria. I still believe that there should be at least one Senator representing the 6th largest city in the state down in Denver. I hope and pray that this commission can find a way to both 1) keep Thornton whole, and 2) not dilute the influence of the large Hispanic population in southern Adams county and Commerce City. Thank you for all your hard work; it has not gone unnoticed.

DATE FILED: October 22, 2021 12:00 PM

Appendix B

In re Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission

Exhibit 11

Reports Regarding Splits Analysis

(Corrected)



Colorado Independent
Redistricting Commissions

Assigned District Splits City
Plan: 2021 Final Approved Senate Plan
* indicates split

| FIPS | Total Population | Hispanic | Non-Hispanic |
|-------------------|------------------|----------|--------------|
| District 1 | | | |
| Logan County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 6,291 | 510 | 5,781 |
| Atwood | 138 | 10 | 128 |
| Crook | 133 | 14 | 119 |
| Fleming | 429 | 29 | 400 |
| Iliff | 246 | 34 | 212 |
| Merino | 282 | 21 | 261 |
| Padroni | 75 | 13 | 62 |
| Peetz | 213 | 15 | 198 |
| Sterling | 11,860 | 2,262 | 9,598 |
| Logan County | 19,667 | 2,908 | 16,759 |
| Morgan County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 8,516 | 1,809 | 6,707 |
| Blue Sky | 65 | 18 | 47 |
| Brush | 5,361 | 2,109 | 3,252 |
| Fort Morgan | 11,636 | 5,609 | 6,027 |
| Hillrose | 313 | 54 | 259 |
| Jackson Lake | 131 | 6 | 125 |
| Log Lane Village | 921 | 530 | 391 |
| Morgan Heights | 299 | 43 | 256 |
| Orchard | 76 | 13 | 63 |
| Saddle Ridge | 66 | 3 | 63 |
| Snyder | 136 | 33 | 103 |
| Trail Side | 157 | 44 | 113 |
| Weldona | 113 | 16 | 97 |
| Wiggins | 1,403 | 323 | 1,080 |
| Morgan County | 29,193 | 10,610 | 18,583 |
| Phillips County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,106 | 110 | 996 |
| Amherst | 47 | 8 | 39 |
| Haxtun | 982 | 68 | 914 |
| Holyoke | 2,352 | 967 | 1,385 |
| Paoli | 51 | 6 | 45 |
| Phillips County | 4,538 | 1,159 | 3,379 |
| Sedgwick County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 654 | 56 | 598 |
| Julesburg | 1,311 | 215 | 1,096 |
| Ovid | 271 | 59 | 212 |
| Sedgwick | 172 | 33 | 139 |
| Sedgwick County | 2,408 | 363 | 2,045 |

| | | | |
|---------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| Washington County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,497 | 195 | 2,302 |
| Akron | 1,762 | 270 | 1,492 |
| Cope | 53 | 7 | 46 |
| Otis | 512 | 46 | 466 |
| Washington County | 4,824 | 518 | 4,306 |
| * Weld County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 22,885 | 4,225 | 18,660 |
| Ault | 1,893 | 510 | 1,383 |
| Briggsdale | 134 | 1 | 133 |
| Eaton | 5,809 | 967 | 4,842 |
| * Greeley | 37,801 | 9,299 | 28,502 |
| Grover | 157 | 19 | 138 |
| Hudson | 1,655 | 551 | 1,104 |
| Keenesburg | 1,253 | 165 | 1,088 |
| Kersey | 1,496 | 458 | 1,038 |
| * Lochbuie | 8,102 | 3,686 | 4,416 |
| Nunn | 506 | 67 | 439 |
| Pierce | 1,100 | 281 | 819 |
| Raymer (New Raymer) | 110 | 4 | 106 |
| Severance | 7,684 | 1,085 | 6,599 |
| * Weld County | 90,585 | 21,318 | 69,267 |
| Yuma County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 3,622 | 461 | 3,161 |
| Eckley | 234 | 80 | 154 |
| Idalia | 97 | 26 | 71 |
| Joes | 82 | 11 | 71 |
| Kirk | 61 | 6 | 55 |
| Laird | 46 | 3 | 43 |
| Vernon | 38 | 4 | 34 |
| Wray | 2,363 | 652 | 1,711 |
| Yuma | 3,462 | 1,536 | 1,926 |
| Yuma County | 10,005 | 2,779 | 7,226 |
| District 1 Total | 161,220 | 39,655 24.60% | 121,565 75.40% |
| District 2 | | | |
| * Douglas County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 14,382 | 1,276 | 13,106 |
| Castle Rock | 73,198 | 8,543 | 64,655 |
| Grand View Estates | 691 | 64 | 627 |
| Parker | 58,542 | 6,346 | 52,196 |
| Stonegate | 9,072 | 805 | 8,267 |
| The Pinery | 11,315 | 825 | 10,490 |
| * Douglas County | 167,200 | 17,859 | 149,341 |
| District 2 Total | 167,200 | 17,859 10.68% | 149,341 89.32% |

District 3

| | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|
| Pueblo County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 17,812 | 4,650 | 13,162 |
| Avondale | 597 | 379 | 218 |
| Beulah Valley | 521 | 46 | 475 |
| Blende | 792 | 383 | 409 |
| Boone | 307 | 123 | 184 |
| Colorado City | 2,240 | 299 | 1,941 |
| Pueblo | 111,727 | 55,301 | 56,426 |
| Pueblo West | 33,134 | 8,436 | 24,698 |
| Rye | 207 | 33 | 174 |
| Salt Creek | 515 | 417 | 98 |
| Vineland | 270 | 76 | 194 |
| Pueblo County | 168,122 | 70,143 | 97,979 |

| | | | |
|------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| District 3 Total | 168,122 | 70,143 | 97,979 |
| | | 41.72% | 58.28% |

District 4

| | | | |
|-----------------|-------|-----|-------|
| Chaffee County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 8,164 | 549 | 7,615 |
| Buena Vista | 2,855 | 206 | 2,649 |
| Garfield | 27 | 1 | 26 |
| Johnson Village | 299 | 23 | 276 |
| Maysville | 173 | 7 | 166 |
| Nathrop | 288 | 18 | 270 |
| Poncha Springs | 926 | 95 | 831 |
| Salida | 5,685 | 584 | 5,101 |
| Smeltertown | 89 | 14 | 75 |

| | | | |
|----------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Chaffee County | 18,506 | 1,497 | 17,009 |
|----------------|--------|-------|--------|

| | | | |
|-----------------|-------|-----|-------|
| Custer County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 3,661 | 124 | 3,537 |
| Silver Cliff | 609 | 24 | 585 |
| Westcliffe | 435 | 30 | 405 |

| | | | |
|---------------|-------|-----|-------|
| Custer County | 4,705 | 178 | 4,527 |
|---------------|-------|-----|-------|

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Douglas County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 16,748 | 1,010 | 15,738 |
| Franktown | 409 | 27 | 382 |
| Larkspur | 207 | 25 | 182 |
| Louviers | 295 | 26 | 269 |
| Perry Park | 1,933 | 106 | 1,827 |
| Sedalia | 177 | 21 | 156 |
| Westcreek | 120 | 8 | 112 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Douglas County | 19,889 | 1,223 | 18,666 |
|------------------|--------|-------|--------|

| | | | |
|-----------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Fremont County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 11,127 | 1,331 | 9,796 |
| Brookside | 236 | 18 | 218 |
| Cañon City | 16,449 | 1,714 | 14,735 |
| Coal Creek | 364 | 20 | 344 |
| Coaldale | 343 | 19 | 324 |
| Cotopaxi | 44 | 1 | 43 |
| Florence | 3,833 | 531 | 3,302 |
| Howard | 852 | 57 | 795 |

| | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Lincoln Park | 3,946 | 311 | 3,635 |
| | Park Center | 2,960 | 325 | 2,635 |
| | Penrose | 3,693 | 350 | 3,343 |
| | Rockvale | 512 | 55 | 457 |
| | Williamsburg | 737 | 72 | 665 |
| | Fremont County | 45,096 | 4,804 | 40,292 |
| | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 28,827 | 1,332 | 27,495 |
| | Aspen Park | 811 | 63 | 748 |
| | * Brook Forest | 334 | 5 | 329 |
| | * Jefferson County | 29,972 | 1,400 | 28,572 |
| | Lake County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 2,714 | 1,404 | 1,310 |
| | Leadville | 2,644 | 658 | 1,986 |
| | Leadville North | 1,896 | 590 | 1,306 |
| | Twin Lakes | 204 | 17 | 187 |
| | Lake County | 7,458 | 2,669 | 4,789 |
| | Park County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 16,230 | 1,147 | 15,083 |
| | Alma | 297 | 27 | 270 |
| | Fairplay | 726 | 55 | 671 |
| | Guffey | 111 | 5 | 106 |
| | Hartsel | 38 | 3 | 35 |
| | Park County | 17,402 | 1,237 | 16,165 |
| | * Teller County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 14,739 | 955 | 13,784 |
| | Cripple Creek | 1,166 | 87 | 1,079 |
| | Divide | 143 | 6 | 137 |
| | Florissant | 128 | 8 | 120 |
| | Goldfield | 63 | 7 | 56 |
| | Midland | 182 | 16 | 166 |
| | Victor | 381 | 9 | 372 |
| | Woodland Park | 7,927 | 627 | 7,300 |
| | * Teller County | 24,729 | 1,715 | 23,014 |
| | District 4 Total | 167,757 | 14,723 8.78% | 153,034 91.22% |
| District 5 | | | | |
| | * Delta County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 10,468 | 1,066 | 9,402 |
| | Crawford | 403 | 28 | 375 |
| | Delta | 9,062 | 2,188 | 6,874 |
| | Hotchkiss | 876 | 111 | 765 |
| | Lazear | 168 | 28 | 140 |
| | Orchard City | 3,143 | 310 | 2,833 |
| | Paonia | 1,448 | 102 | 1,346 |
| | * Delta County | 25,568 | 3,833 | 21,735 |

| | | | |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Eagle County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,502 | 529 | 973 |
| Basalt | 2,918 | 486 | 2,432 |
| El Jebel | 4,133 | 1,736 | 2,397 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Eagle County | 8,553 | 2,751 | 5,802 |
| * Garfield County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 11,904 | 2,722 | 9,182 |
| Battlement Mesa | 5,445 | 1,405 | 4,040 |
| Carbondale | 6,438 | 1,968 | 4,470 |
| Catherine | 235 | 20 | 215 |
| Cattle Creek | 662 | 401 | 261 |
| Glenwood Springs | 9,974 | 3,539 | 6,435 |
| Mulford | 259 | 24 | 235 |
| New Castle | 4,931 | 1,459 | 3,472 |
| No Name | 118 | 18 | 100 |
| Parachute | 1,397 | 330 | 1,067 |
| Rifle | 10,452 | 4,251 | 6,201 |
| Silt | 3,538 | 1,375 | 2,163 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Garfield County | 55,353 | 17,512 | 37,841 |
| Gunnison County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 7,524 | 475 | 7,049 |
| Crested Butte | 1,639 | 79 | 1,560 |
| Gunnison | 6,565 | 988 | 5,577 |
| Marble | 133 | 15 | 118 |
| Mount Crested Butte | 941 | 49 | 892 |
| Pitkin | 72 | 0 | 72 |
| Somerset | 55 | 1 | 54 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Gunnison County | 16,929 | 1,607 | 15,322 |
| Hinsdale County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 310 | 10 | 300 |
| Cathedral | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| Lake City | 433 | 17 | 416 |
| Piedra | 31 | 3 | 28 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Hinsdale County | 789 | 30 | 759 |
| * Montrose County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 16,212 | 3,155 | 13,057 |
| Montrose | 20,334 | 4,506 | 15,828 |
| Olathe | 2,023 | 1,145 | 878 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Montrose County | 38,569 | 8,806 | 29,763 |
| Pitkin County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 5,769 | 651 | 5,118 |
| Aspen | 7,007 | 767 | 6,240 |
| Basalt | 1,067 | 177 | 890 |
| Norrie | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| Redstone | 127 | 9 | 118 |
| Snowmass Village | 3,096 | 261 | 2,835 |
| Woody Creek | 292 | 28 | 264 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Pitkin County | 17,365 | 1,893 | 15,472 |
| <hr/> | | | |

| | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | District 5 Total | 163,126 | 36,432 22.33% | 126,694 77.67% |
| District 6 | | | | |
| | Alamosa County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 5,050 | 1,706 | 3,344 |
| | Alamosa | 9,877 | 5,260 | 4,617 |
| | Alamosa East | 1,463 | 769 | 694 |
| | Hooper | 81 | 22 | 59 |
| | Alamosa County | 16,471 | 7,757 | 8,714 |
| | Archuleta County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 11,492 | 1,560 | 9,932 |
| | Arboles | 311 | 77 | 234 |
| | Pagosa Springs | 1,577 | 526 | 1,051 |
| | Archuleta County | 13,380 | 2,163 | 11,217 |
| | Conejos County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 3,786 | 1,654 | 2,132 |
| | Antonito | 649 | 564 | 85 |
| | Capulin | 136 | 116 | 20 |
| | Conejos | 46 | 32 | 14 |
| | La Jara | 737 | 457 | 280 |
| | Manassa | 951 | 459 | 492 |
| | Romeo | 305 | 220 | 85 |
| | Sanford | 880 | 297 | 583 |
| | Conejos County | 7,490 | 3,799 | 3,691 |
| | Costilla County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 2,066 | 902 | 1,164 |
| | Blanca | 323 | 228 | 95 |
| | Fort Garland | 465 | 331 | 134 |
| | San Acacio | 56 | 36 | 20 |
| | San Luis | 598 | 495 | 103 |
| | Costilla County | 3,508 | 1,992 | 1,516 |
| | Dolores County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,404 | 94 | 1,310 |
| | Dove Creek | 637 | 50 | 587 |
| | Rico | 288 | 33 | 255 |
| | Dolores County | 2,329 | 177 | 2,152 |
| | La Plata County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 32,694 | 3,818 | 28,876 |
| | Bayfield | 2,841 | 464 | 2,377 |
| | Durango | 19,112 | 2,316 | 16,796 |
| | Ignacio | 856 | 378 | 478 |
| | Marvel | 68 | 23 | 45 |
| | Southern Ute | 158 | 27 | 131 |
| | La Plata County | 55,729 | 7,026 | 48,703 |
| | Mineral County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 608 | 28 | 580 |
| | City of Creede | 257 | 19 | 238 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Mineral County | 865 | 47 | 818 |
| Montezuma County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 13,644 | 1,305 | 12,339 |
| Cortez | 8,797 | 1,489 | 7,308 |
| Dolores | 888 | 91 | 797 |
| Lewis | 257 | 22 | 235 |
| Mancos | 1,199 | 182 | 1,017 |
| Towaoc | 1,126 | 31 | 1,095 |
| Montezuma County | 25,911 | 3,120 | 22,791 |
| * Montrose County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,936 | 174 | 2,762 |
| Naturita | 487 | 29 | 458 |
| Nucla | 585 | 40 | 545 |
| Redvale | 173 | 4 | 169 |
| * Montrose County | 4,181 | 247 | 3,934 |
| Ouray County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,004 | 107 | 1,897 |
| Colona | 36 | 4 | 32 |
| Loghill Village | 617 | 22 | 595 |
| Ouray | 899 | 75 | 824 |
| Portland | 136 | 6 | 130 |
| Ridgway | 1,185 | 78 | 1,107 |
| Ouray County | 4,877 | 292 | 4,585 |
| Rio Grande County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 4,857 | 1,169 | 3,688 |
| Alpine | 169 | 20 | 149 |
| Center | 44 | 40 | 4 |
| Del Norte | 1,465 | 711 | 754 |
| Gerrard | 264 | 22 | 242 |
| Monte Vista | 4,273 | 2,585 | 1,688 |
| South Fork | 511 | 90 | 421 |
| Rio Grande County | 11,583 | 4,637 | 6,946 |
| Saguache County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 3,681 | 504 | 3,177 |
| Bonanza | 17 | 5 | 12 |
| Center | 1,891 | 1,699 | 192 |
| Crestone | 141 | 11 | 130 |
| Moffat | 109 | 5 | 104 |
| Saguache | 540 | 177 | 363 |
| Saguache County | 6,379 | 2,401 | 3,978 |
| San Juan County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 83 | 9 | 74 |
| Silverton | 622 | 81 | 541 |
| San Juan County | 705 | 90 | 615 |
| San Miguel County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 3,070 | 181 | 2,889 |
| Mountain Village | 1,264 | 223 | 1,041 |
| Norwood | 538 | 108 | 430 |

| | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Ophir | 197 | 13 | 184 |
| | Placerville | 362 | 17 | 345 |
| | Sawpit | 38 | 0 | 38 |
| | Telluride | 2,608 | 341 | 2,267 |
| | San Miguel County | 8,077 | 883 | 7,194 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 6 Total | 161,485 | 34,631 21.45% | 126,854 78.55% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 7 | | | | |
| | * Delta County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 2,993 | 170 | 2,823 |
| | Cedaredge | 2,282 | 181 | 2,101 |
| | * Delta County | 5,275 | 351 | 4,924 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Mesa County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 27,680 | 3,288 | 24,392 |
| | Clifton | 20,533 | 4,958 | 15,575 |
| | Collbran | 369 | 27 | 342 |
| | De Beque | 494 | 47 | 447 |
| | Fruita | 13,427 | 1,590 | 11,837 |
| | Fruitvale | 8,291 | 1,187 | 7,104 |
| | Grand Junction | 65,882 | 10,383 | 55,499 |
| | Loma | 1,315 | 66 | 1,249 |
| | Orchard Mesa | 6,717 | 911 | 5,806 |
| | Palisade | 2,570 | 304 | 2,266 |
| | Redlands | 9,080 | 643 | 8,437 |
| | Mesa County | 156,358 | 23,404 | 132,954 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 7 Total | 161,633 | 23,755 14.70% | 137,878 85.30% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 8 | | | | |
| | Clear Creek County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,537 | 89 | 1,448 |
| | Blue Valley | 175 | 6 | 169 |
| | * Brook Forest | 288 | 12 | 276 |
| | Central City | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Downieville-Lawson-Dumont | 529 | 61 | 468 |
| | Echo Hills | 313 | 13 | 300 |
| | Empire | 347 | 34 | 313 |
| | Floyd Hill | 1,048 | 65 | 983 |
| | Georgetown | 1,123 | 121 | 1,002 |
| | Idaho Springs | 1,788 | 125 | 1,663 |
| | Pine Valley | 364 | 8 | 356 |
| | Silver Plume | 207 | 15 | 192 |
| | St. Mary's | 333 | 23 | 310 |
| | Upper Bear Creek | 985 | 50 | 935 |
| | Upper Witter Gulch | 381 | 26 | 355 |
| | Clear Creek County | 9,418 | 648 | 8,770 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Eagle County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 6,972 | 966 | 6,006 |

| | | | |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Avon | 6,073 | 2,366 | 3,707 |
| Dotsero | 1,177 | 835 | 342 |
| Eagle | 7,518 | 1,441 | 6,077 |
| Edwards | 11,252 | 3,775 | 7,477 |
| Fulford | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gypsum | 8,043 | 3,951 | 4,092 |
| McCoy | 30 | 4 | 26 |
| Minturn | 1,034 | 224 | 810 |
| Red Cliff | 258 | 66 | 192 |
| Vail | 4,838 | 501 | 4,337 |
| Wolcott | 20 | 2 | 18 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Eagle County | 47,215 | 14,131 | 33,084 |
| * Garfield County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 5,909 | 1,968 | 3,941 |
| Carbonate | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chacra | 332 | 56 | 276 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Garfield County | 6,241 | 2,024 | 4,217 |
| Gilpin County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 4,418 | 257 | 4,161 |
| Black Hawk | 128 | 21 | 107 |
| Central City | 779 | 74 | 705 |
| * Coal Creek | 292 | 14 | 278 |
| Rollinsville | 194 | 15 | 179 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Gilpin County | 5,811 | 381 | 5,430 |
| Grand County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 8,158 | 588 | 7,570 |
| Fraser | 1,400 | 135 | 1,265 |
| Granby | 2,079 | 374 | 1,705 |
| Grand Lake | 410 | 33 | 377 |
| Hot Sulphur Springs | 688 | 54 | 634 |
| Kremmling | 1,514 | 281 | 1,233 |
| Parshall | 42 | 8 | 34 |
| Tabernash | 401 | 15 | 386 |
| Winter Park | 1,034 | 47 | 987 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Grand County | 15,726 | 1,535 | 14,191 |
| Jackson County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 773 | 33 | 740 |
| Walden | 608 | 105 | 503 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Jackson County | 1,381 | 138 | 1,243 |
| Moffat County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 3,922 | 370 | 3,552 |
| Craig | 9,107 | 1,730 | 7,377 |
| Dinosaur | 243 | 27 | 216 |
| Maybell | 76 | 2 | 74 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Moffat County | 13,348 | 2,129 | 11,219 |
| Rio Blanco County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,857 | 100 | 1,757 |
| Meeker | 2,375 | 259 | 2,116 |
| Rangely | 2,304 | 264 | 2,040 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Rio Blanco County | 6,536 | 623 | 5,913 |
| | Routt County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 8,146 | 411 | 7,735 |
| | Hayden | 1,942 | 211 | 1,731 |
| | Oak Creek | 891 | 79 | 812 |
| | Phippsburg | 234 | 18 | 216 |
| | Steamboat Springs | 13,231 | 1,466 | 11,765 |
| | Yampa | 399 | 17 | 382 |
| | Routt County | 24,843 | 2,202 | 22,641 |
| | Summit County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 14,567 | 2,849 | 11,718 |
| | Blue River | 878 | 36 | 842 |
| | Breckenridge | 5,080 | 556 | 4,524 |
| | Copper Mountain | 651 | 72 | 579 |
| | Dillon | 1,067 | 184 | 883 |
| | Frisco | 2,915 | 190 | 2,725 |
| | Heeney | 74 | 5 | 69 |
| | Keystone | 1,369 | 179 | 1,190 |
| | Montezuma | 74 | 4 | 70 |
| | Silverthorne | 4,412 | 1,267 | 3,145 |
| | Summit County | 31,087 | 5,342 | 25,745 |
| | District 8 Total | 161,606 | 29,153 18.04% | 132,453 81.96% |
| District 9 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 12,248 | 911 | 11,337 |
| | Air Force Academy | 6,608 | 935 | 5,673 |
| | * Colorado Springs | 116,674 | 12,795 | 103,879 |
| | Gleneagle | 6,653 | 539 | 6,114 |
| | Monument | 10,407 | 941 | 9,466 |
| | Palmer Lake | 2,639 | 241 | 2,398 |
| | Woodmoor | 9,541 | 604 | 8,937 |
| | * El Paso County | 164,770 | 16,966 | 147,804 |
| | District 9 Total | 164,770 | 16,966 10.30% | 147,804 89.70% |
| District 10 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,511 | 203 | 1,308 |
| | * Cimarron Hills | 5,771 | 1,077 | 4,694 |
| | * Colorado Springs | 161,442 | 26,400 | 135,042 |
| | * El Paso County | 168,724 | 27,680 | 141,044 |
| | District 10 Total | 168,724 | 27,680 16.41% | 141,044 83.59% |

District 11

| | | | |
|--------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| * El Paso County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 14,457 | 3,110 | 11,347 |
| * Cimarron Hills | 13,619 | 3,455 | 10,164 |
| * Colorado Springs | 132,480 | 40,548 | 91,932 |
| Stratmoor | 6,588 | 2,105 | 4,483 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * El Paso County | 167,144 | 49,218 | 117,926 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 11 Total | 167,144 | 49,218 | 117,926 |
| | | 29.45% | 70.55% |

District 12

| | | | |
|----------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| * El Paso County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 5,330 | 951 | 4,379 |
| Cascade-Chipita Park | 1,630 | 94 | 1,536 |
| * Colorado Springs | 70,194 | 8,567 | 61,627 |
| Fort Carson | 17,701 | 3,844 | 13,857 |
| Fountain | 29,880 | 7,076 | 22,804 |
| Green Mountain Falls | 622 | 31 | 591 |
| Manitou Springs | 4,876 | 339 | 4,537 |
| Rock Creek Park | 68 | 6 | 62 |
| Security-Widefield | 38,778 | 8,168 | 30,610 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * El Paso County | 169,079 | 29,076 | 140,003 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Teller County | | | |
| Green Mountain Falls | 24 | 1 | 23 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Teller County | 24 | 1 | 23 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 12 Total | 169,103 | 29,077 | 140,026 |
| | | 17.19% | 82.81% |

District 13

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| * Adams County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,113 | 590 | 1,523 |
| Brighton | 39,844 | 17,018 | 22,826 |
| * Lochbuie | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| * Todd Creek | 2,225 | 301 | 1,924 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Adams County | 44,183 | 17,910 | 26,273 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Weld County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 7,634 | 3,262 | 4,372 |
| Aristocrat Ranchettes | 1,718 | 1,014 | 704 |
| Brighton | 365 | 96 | 269 |
| Evans | 22,237 | 10,349 | 11,888 |
| Fort Lupton | 7,991 | 4,417 | 3,574 |
| Garden City | 260 | 184 | 76 |
| Gilcrest | 1,034 | 542 | 492 |
| * Greeley | 71,439 | 34,733 | 36,706 |
| La Salle | 2,368 | 868 | 1,500 |
| Platteville | 2,962 | 1,283 | 1,679 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Weld County | 118,008 | 56,748 | 61,260 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | District 13 Total | 162,191 | 74,658 46.03% | 87,533 53.97% |
| District 14 | | | | |
| | * Larimer County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 11,573 | 2,475 | 9,098 |
| | * Fort Collins | 149,410 | 18,311 | 131,099 |
| | * Larimer County | 160,983 | 20,786 | 140,197 |
| | District 14 Total | 160,983 | 20,786 12.91% | 140,197 87.09% |
| District 15 | | | | |
| | * Boulder County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 11,470 | 595 | 10,875 |
| | Allenspark | 569 | 18 | 551 |
| | Altona | 513 | 19 | 494 |
| | Bark Ranch | 202 | 5 | 197 |
| | Bonanza Mountain Estates | 127 | 8 | 119 |
| | * Coal Creek | 667 | 40 | 627 |
| | Crisman | 179 | 9 | 170 |
| | Eldora | 140 | 6 | 134 |
| | Eldorado Springs | 559 | 47 | 512 |
| | Glendale | 64 | 3 | 61 |
| | Gold Hill | 220 | 7 | 213 |
| | Hidden Lake | 24 | 2 | 22 |
| | Jamestown | 256 | 5 | 251 |
| | Lazy Acres | 958 | 32 | 926 |
| | Lyons | 2,211 | 117 | 2,094 |
| | Mountain Meadows | 238 | 13 | 225 |
| | Nederland | 1,475 | 59 | 1,416 |
| | Pine Brook Hill | 975 | 44 | 931 |
| | Seven Hills | 129 | 2 | 127 |
| | St. Ann Highlands | 325 | 10 | 315 |
| | Sugarloaf | 274 | 9 | 265 |
| | Sunshine | 198 | 2 | 196 |
| | Tall Timber | 185 | 6 | 179 |
| | Ward | 128 | 0 | 128 |
| | * Boulder County | 22,086 | 1,058 | 21,028 |
| | * Larimer County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 42,462 | 4,112 | 38,350 |
| | Estes Park | 5,909 | 906 | 5,003 |
| | Laporte | 2,416 | 246 | 2,170 |
| | Loveland | 76,526 | 9,949 | 66,577 |
| | Red Feather Lakes | 427 | 17 | 410 |
| | Wellington | 11,051 | 1,671 | 9,380 |
| | * Larimer County | 138,791 | 16,901 | 121,890 |
| | District 15 Total | 160,877 | 17,959 11.16% | 142,918 88.84% |

District 16

| | | | |
|--------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| * Arapahoe County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 43 | 8 | 35 |
| Bow Mar | 587 | 24 | 563 |
| * Centennial | 57,709 | 4,855 | 52,854 |
| Columbine | 1,983 | 174 | 1,809 |
| Columbine Valley | 1,503 | 63 | 1,440 |
| * Littleton | 42,792 | 5,960 | 36,832 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 104,617 | 11,084 | 93,533 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Jefferson County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,988 | 198 | 1,790 |
| Bow Mar | 267 | 25 | 242 |
| Columbine | 23,268 | 2,584 | 20,684 |
| Ken Caryl | 33,842 | 4,012 | 29,830 |
| * Littleton | 2,310 | 160 | 2,150 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Jefferson County | 61,675 | 6,979 | 54,696 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 16 Total | 166,292 | 18,063 10.86% | 148,229 89.14% |

District 17

| | | | |
|---------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| * Boulder County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 3,802 | 284 | 3,518 |
| * Erie | 12,656 | 1,174 | 11,482 |
| Lafayette | 30,452 | 5,630 | 24,822 |
| Leyner | 40 | 4 | 36 |
| Longmont | 97,787 | 24,226 | 73,561 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Boulder County | 144,737 | 31,318 | 113,419 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Broomfield County | | | |
| * Broomfield | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Broomfield County | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Weld County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,487 | 174 | 1,313 |
| Erie | 17,396 | 1,896 | 15,500 |
| Longmont | 1,298 | 314 | 984 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Weld County | 20,181 | 2,384 | 17,797 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 17 Total | 164,918 | 33,702 20.44% | 131,216 79.56% |

District 18

| | | | |
|------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| * Boulder County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 6,741 | 784 | 5,957 |
| Boulder | 108,317 | 11,452 | 96,865 |
| Gunbarrel | 9,561 | 584 | 8,977 |
| Louisville | 21,234 | 1,740 | 19,494 |
| Niwot | 4,306 | 219 | 4,087 |
| Paragon Estates | 975 | 60 | 915 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|---|
| | * Superior Valmont | 13,099 64 | 1,066 3 | 12,033 61 |
| | * Boulder County | 164,297 | 15,908 | 148,389 |
| | District 18 Total | 164,297 | 15,908 9.68% | 148,389 90.32% |
| District 19 | * Adams County * Arvada | 2,896 | 908 | 1,988 |
| | * Adams County | 2,896 | 908 | 1,988 |
| | * Jefferson County *Unincorporated Arvada * Westminster | 5,143 111,345 45,140 | 1,416 16,682 7,014 | 3,727 94,663 38,126 |
| | * Jefferson County | 161,628 | 25,112 | 136,516 |
| | District 19 Total | 164,524 | 26,020 15.82% | 138,504 84.18% |
| District 20 | * Jefferson County *Unincorporated * Arvada * Coal Creek Dakota Ridge Evergreen * Fairmount Genesee Idledale Indian Hills Kittredge * Lakewood Morrison * Superior * West Pleasant View | 29,693 10,369 1,538 33,930 9,313 9,328 3,612 244 1,474 1,309 66,876 396 0 0 | 2,837 1,112 77 4,450 430 636 157 11 73 63 10,492 26 0 0 | 26,856 9,257 1,461 29,480 8,883 8,692 3,455 233 1,401 1,246 56,384 370 0 0 |
| | * Jefferson County | 168,082 | 20,364 | 147,718 |
| | District 20 Total | 168,082 | 20,364 12.12% | 147,718 87.88% |
| District 21 | * Adams County *Unincorporated Bennett Berkley Commerce City Derby North Washington Sherrelwood | 10,038 2,447 12,603 62,600 8,451 746 19,314 | 2,324 499 7,330 30,605 6,074 410 11,923 | 7,714 1,948 5,273 31,995 2,377 336 7,391 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Strasburg | 2,040 | 341 | 1,699 |
| | Twin Lakes | 8,258 | 4,028 | 4,230 |
| | * Welby | 15,594 | 9,259 | 6,335 |
| | * Westminster | 20,863 | 9,406 | 11,457 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 162,954 | 82,199 | 80,755 |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,397 | 201 | 1,196 |
| | Bennett | 419 | 56 | 363 |
| | Byers | 1,326 | 123 | 1,203 |
| | Comanche Creek | 442 | 65 | 377 |
| | Deer Trail | 1,069 | 271 | 798 |
| | Peoria | 153 | 37 | 116 |
| | Strasburg | 1,272 | 220 | 1,052 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 6,078 | 973 | 5,105 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 21 Total | 169,032 | 83,172 49.20% | 85,860 50.80% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 22 | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 2,013 | 417 | 1,596 |
| | Applewood | 7,847 | 648 | 7,199 |
| | East Pleasant View | 333 | 26 | 307 |
| | Edgewater | 5,035 | 1,779 | 3,256 |
| | * Fairmount | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Golden | 20,435 | 1,979 | 18,456 |
| | Lakeside | 16 | 3 | 13 |
| | * Lakewood | 89,657 | 25,139 | 64,518 |
| | Mountain View | 545 | 137 | 408 |
| | * West Pleasant View | 4,230 | 612 | 3,618 |
| | Wheat Ridge | 32,508 | 7,271 | 25,237 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Jefferson County | 162,619 | 38,011 | 124,608 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 22 Total | 162,619 | 38,011 23.37% | 124,608 76.63% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 23 | * Larimer County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 10,123 | 1,524 | 8,599 |
| | Berthoud | 10,082 | 1,085 | 8,997 |
| | * Fort Collins | 20,701 | 2,762 | 17,939 |
| | Johnstown | 4,756 | 741 | 4,015 |
| | Timnath | 6,484 | 538 | 5,946 |
| | Windsor | 7,721 | 453 | 7,268 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Larimer County | 59,867 | 7,103 | 52,764 |
| | * Weld County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 12,745 | 2,408 | 10,337 |
| | Berthoud | 261 | 38 | 223 |
| | Dacono | 6,313 | 2,191 | 4,122 |
| | * Erie | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Firestone | 16,392 | 3,490 | 12,902 |

| | | | |
|---------------|---------|--------|--------|
| Frederick | 14,521 | 2,381 | 12,140 |
| Johnstown | 12,556 | 2,157 | 10,399 |
| Mead | 4,783 | 626 | 4,157 |
| Milliken | 8,392 | 2,311 | 6,081 |
| * Northglenn | 25 | 8 | 17 |
| * Thornton | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Timnath | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| Windsor | 25,014 | 2,822 | 22,192 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Weld County | 101,007 | 18,434 | 82,573 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| District 23 Total | 160,874 | 25,537 15.87% | 135,337 84.13% |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|

District 24

| | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|
| * Adams County | | | |
| *No Place | 7,941 | 3,081 | 4,860 |
| Federal Heights | 14,438 | 8,901 | 5,537 |
| * Thornton | 142,160 | 51,528 | 90,632 |
| * Todd Creek | 2,806 | 476 | 2,330 |
| * Welby | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | |
|----------------|---------|--------|---------|
| * Adams County | 167,345 | 63,986 | 103,359 |
|----------------|---------|--------|---------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| District 24 Total | 167,345 | 63,986 38.24% | 103,359 61.76% |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|

District 25

| | | | |
|----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Adams County | | | |
| *No Place | 921 | 148 | 773 |
| * Northglenn | 38,222 | 14,056 | 24,166 |
| Shaw Heights | 5,206 | 2,057 | 3,149 |
| * Westminster | 50,547 | 10,898 | 39,649 |

| | | | |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Adams County | 94,896 | 27,159 | 67,737 |
| * Broomfield County | | | |
| * Broomfield | 74,173 | 9,935 | 64,238 |

| | | | |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Broomfield County | 74,173 | 9,935 | 64,238 |
| * Weld County | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| District 25 Total | 169,069 | 37,094 21.94% | 131,975 78.06% |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|

District 26

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Arapahoe County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,389 | 391 | 998 |
| Cherry Creek | 11,495 | 1,065 | 10,430 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Cherry Hills Village | 6,445 | 267 | 6,178 |
| | Englewood | 33,761 | 6,445 | 27,316 |
| | * Four Square Mile | 22,765 | 4,449 | 18,316 |
| | Greenwood Village | 15,702 | 1,000 | 14,702 |
| | Sheridan | 6,122 | 2,603 | 3,519 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 97,679 | 16,220 | 81,459 |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 66,438 | 12,446 | 53,992 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 66,438 | 12,446 | 53,992 |
| | * Jefferson County | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 26 Total | 164,117 | 28,666 17.47% | 135,451 82.53% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 27 | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 34,464 | 4,789 | 29,675 |
| | * Aurora | 69,015 | 9,906 | 59,109 |
| | Brick Center | 105 | 19 | 86 |
| | * Centennial | 50,798 | 5,578 | 45,220 |
| | Dove Valley | 5,644 | 1,031 | 4,613 |
| | Foxfield | 754 | 54 | 700 |
| | Inverness | 2,234 | 260 | 1,974 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 163,014 | 21,637 | 141,377 |
| | * Douglas County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 47 | 0 | 47 |
| | * Aurora | 2,507 | 204 | 2,303 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 2,554 | 204 | 2,350 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 27 Total | 165,568 | 21,841 13.19% | 143,727 86.81% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 28 | | | | |
| | * Adams County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 808 | 220 | 588 |
| | * Aurora | 48,001 | 24,916 | 23,085 |
| | Watkins | 88 | 29 | 59 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 48,897 | 25,165 | 23,732 |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 7,551 | 1,349 | 6,202 |
| | Aetna Estates | 1,502 | 1,150 | 352 |
| | * Aurora | 105,444 | 39,437 | 66,007 |
| | Watkins | 594 | 86 | 508 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 115,091 | 42,022 | 73,069 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 28 Total | 163,988 | 67,187 | 96,801 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | 40.97% | 59.03% |
| District 29 | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | * Aurora | 162,492 | 42,725 | 119,767 |
| | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 162,492 | 42,725 | 119,767 |
| | | | | |
| | District 29 Total | 162,492 | 42,725 26.29% | 119,767 73.71% |
| District 30 | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 6,362 | 747 | 5,615 |
| | Acres Green | 2,925 | 414 | 2,511 |
| | Castle Pines | 11,039 | 754 | 10,285 |
| | Castle Pines Village | 4,328 | 194 | 4,134 |
| | Highlands Ranch | 103,498 | 9,052 | 94,446 |
| | * Littleton | 640 | 103 | 537 |
| | Lone Tree | 14,261 | 1,204 | 13,057 |
| | Meridian | 4,792 | 535 | 4,257 |
| | Meridian Village | 3,202 | 227 | 2,975 |
| | Roxborough Park | 9,420 | 915 | 8,505 |
| | Sierra Ridge | 3,490 | 342 | 3,148 |
| | Stepping Stone | 2,780 | 176 | 2,604 |
| | Sterling Ranch | 1,789 | 185 | 1,604 |
| | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 168,526 | 14,848 | 153,678 |
| | | | | |
| | District 30 Total | 168,526 | 14,848 8.81% | 153,678 91.19% |
| District 31 | | | | |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 164,485 | 18,964 | 145,521 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 164,485 | 18,964 | 145,521 |
| | | | | |
| | District 31 Total | 164,485 | 18,964 11.53% | 145,521 88.47% |
| District 32 | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | * Four Square Mile | 158 | 21 | 137 |
| | Glendale | 4,627 | 1,128 | 3,499 |
| | Holly Hills | 2,686 | 221 | 2,465 |
| | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 7,471 | 1,370 | 6,101 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 154,269 | 47,221 | 107,048 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 154,269 | 47,221 | 107,048 |
| | | | | |
| | * Jefferson County | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| | District 32 Total | 161,740 | 48,591 30.04% | 113,149 69.96% |
| District 33 | | | | |
| | * Denver County * Denver | 163,990 | 56,162 | 107,828 |
| | * Denver County | 163,990 | 56,162 | 107,828 |
| | District 33 Total | 163,990 | 56,162 34.25% | 107,828 65.75% |
| District 34 | | | | |
| | * Denver County * Denver | 167,908 | 65,324 | 102,584 |
| | * Denver County | 167,908 | 65,324 | 102,584 |
| | District 34 Total | 167,908 | 65,324 38.90% | 102,584 61.10% |
| District 35 | | | | |
| | Baca County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,293 | 61 | 1,232 |
| | Campo | 103 | 8 | 95 |
| | Pritchett | 112 | 10 | 102 |
| | Springfield | 1,330 | 158 | 1,172 |
| | Two Buttes | 34 | 2 | 32 |
| | Vilas | 98 | 19 | 79 |
| | Walsh | 543 | 88 | 455 |
| | Baca County | 3,513 | 346 | 3,167 |
| | Bent County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,891 | 336 | 1,555 |
| | Hasty | 182 | 45 | 137 |
| | Las Animas | 2,317 | 934 | 1,383 |
| | McClave | 130 | 38 | 92 |
| | Bent County | 4,520 | 1,353 | 3,167 |
| | Cheyenne County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 634 | 50 | 584 |
| | Arapahoe | 102 | 9 | 93 |
| | Cheyenne Wells | 763 | 97 | 666 |
| | Kit Carson | 255 | 50 | 205 |
| | Cheyenne County | 1,754 | 206 | 1,548 |
| | Crowley County | | | |
| | *Unincorporated | 1,794 | 367 | 1,427 |
| | Crowley | 166 | 57 | 109 |
| | Olney Springs | 315 | 70 | 245 |
| | Ordway | 1,067 | 327 | 740 |
| | Sugar City | 261 | 51 | 210 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Crowley County | 3,603 | 872 | 2,731 |
| Elbert County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 19,477 | 1,511 | 17,966 |
| Elbert | 188 | 19 | 169 |
| Elizabeth | 1,677 | 184 | 1,493 |
| Kiowa | 727 | 54 | 673 |
| Matheson | 79 | 3 | 76 |
| Ponderosa Park | 3,336 | 247 | 3,089 |
| Simla | 603 | 49 | 554 |
| Elbert County | 26,087 | 2,067 | 24,020 |
| * El Paso County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 45,608 | 5,902 | 39,706 |
| Black Forest | 15,107 | 1,094 | 14,013 |
| Calhan | 763 | 46 | 717 |
| Ellicott | 1,253 | 486 | 767 |
| Peyton | 214 | 21 | 193 |
| Ramah | 111 | 4 | 107 |
| * El Paso County | 63,056 | 7,553 | 55,503 |
| Huerfano County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,807 | 479 | 2,328 |
| Gardner | 106 | 44 | 62 |
| La Veta | 862 | 86 | 776 |
| Walsenburg | 3,065 | 1,529 | 1,536 |
| Huerfano County | 6,840 | 2,138 | 4,702 |
| Kiowa County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 610 | 42 | 568 |
| Brandon | 21 | 1 | 20 |
| Eads | 673 | 55 | 618 |
| Haswell | 71 | 3 | 68 |
| Sheridan Lake | 55 | 3 | 52 |
| Towner | 18 | 0 | 18 |
| Kiowa County | 1,448 | 104 | 1,344 |
| Kit Carson County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,243 | 252 | 1,991 |
| Bethune | 183 | 56 | 127 |
| Burlington | 3,180 | 954 | 2,226 |
| Flagler | 568 | 30 | 538 |
| Seibert | 172 | 16 | 156 |
| Stratton | 658 | 100 | 558 |
| Vona | 95 | 7 | 88 |
| Kit Carson County | 7,099 | 1,415 | 5,684 |
| Las Animas County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 4,394 | 1,073 | 3,321 |
| Aguilar | 457 | 215 | 242 |
| Branson | 57 | 8 | 49 |
| Cokedale | 127 | 25 | 102 |
| El Moro | 216 | 57 | 159 |
| Hoehne | 80 | 36 | 44 |
| Jansen | 101 | 46 | 55 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| Kim | 63 | 18 | 45 |
| Lynn | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| Segundo | 100 | 32 | 68 |
| Starkville | 62 | 28 | 34 |
| Stonewall Gap | 66 | 4 | 62 |
| Trinidad | 8,368 | 3,892 | 4,476 |
| Valdez | 46 | 34 | 12 |
| Weston | 53 | 33 | 20 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Las Animas County | 14,201 | 5,507 | 8,694 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Lincoln County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 1,773 | 158 | 1,615 |
| Arriba | 202 | 2 | 200 |
| Genoa | 153 | 6 | 147 |
| Hugo | 791 | 34 | 757 |
| Limon | 2,054 | 325 | 1,729 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Lincoln County | 4,973 | 525 | 4,448 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Otero County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 4,461 | 1,097 | 3,364 |
| Cheraw | 238 | 60 | 178 |
| Fowler | 1,257 | 234 | 1,023 |
| La Junta | 7,357 | 3,632 | 3,725 |
| La Junta Gardens | 124 | 42 | 82 |
| Manzanola | 343 | 150 | 193 |
| North La Junta | 484 | 156 | 328 |
| Rocky Ford | 3,893 | 2,217 | 1,676 |
| Swink | 609 | 153 | 456 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Otero County | 18,766 | 7,741 | 11,025 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Prowers County | | | |
| *Unincorporated | 2,540 | 545 | 1,995 |
| Granada | 446 | 315 | 131 |
| Hartman | 57 | 21 | 36 |
| Holly | 837 | 422 | 415 |
| Lamar | 7,729 | 3,287 | 4,442 |
| Wiley | 438 | 113 | 325 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Prowers County | 12,047 | 4,703 | 7,344 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 35 Total | 167,907 | 34,530 | 133,377 |
| | | 20.56% | 79.44% |
| <hr/> | | | |

Source: Colorado Independent Redistricting Commissions Staff.
October 14, 2021



Assigned District Splits County

Plan: 2021 Final Approved Senate Plan

* indicates split

| County | Total Population | Hispanic | Non-Hispanic | Non-Hispanic white | Non-Hispanic black | Non-Hispanic American Indian/ Alaskan Native | Non-Hispanic Asian | Non-Hispanic Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | Non-Hispanic some other race | Non-Hispanic two or more minority race |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| District 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Logan County | 19,667 | 2,908 | 16,759 | 15,560 | 356 | 97 | 99 | 17 | 52 | 578 |
| Morgan County | 29,193 | 10,610 | 18,583 | 16,579 | 937 | 113 | 153 | 11 | 77 | 713 |
| Phillips County | 4,538 | 1,159 | 3,379 | 3,250 | 10 | 12 | 22 | 1 | 5 | 79 |
| Sedgwick County | 2,408 | 363 | 2,045 | 1,936 | 4 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 8 | 74 |
| Washington County | 4,824 | 518 | 4,306 | 4,062 | 24 | 8 | 15 | 10 | 20 | 167 |
| * Weld County | 90,585 | 21,318 | 69,267 | 63,505 | 631 | 365 | 994 | 83 | 350 | 3,339 |
| Yuma County | 10,005 | 2,779 | 7,226 | 6,957 | 21 | 16 | 26 | 2 | 27 | 177 |
| District 1 Total | 161,220 | 39,655 24.60% | 121,565 75.40% | 111,849 69.38% | 1,983 1.23% | 622 0.39% | 1,321 0.82% | 124 0.08% | 539 0.33% | 5,127 3.18% |
| District 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Douglas County | 167,200 | 17,859 | 149,341 | 130,711 | 2,479 | 459 | 6,171 | 175 | 734 | 8,612 |
| District 2 Total | 167,200 | 17,859 10.68% | 149,341 89.32% | 130,711 78.18% | 2,479 1.48% | 459 0.27% | 6,171 3.69% | 175 0.10% | 734 0.44% | 8,612 5.15% |
| District 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pueblo County | 168,122 | 70,143 | 97,979 | 85,326 | 2,921 | 1,265 | 1,556 | 138 | 944 | 5,829 |
| District 3 Total | 168,122 | 70,143 41.72% | 97,979 58.28% | 85,326 50.75% | 2,921 1.74% | 1,265 0.75% | 1,556 0.93% | 138 0.08% | 944 0.56% | 5,829 3.47% |
| District 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chaffee County | 18,506 | 1,497 | 17,009 | 15,805 | 111 | 87 | 126 | 11 | 100 | 769 |
| Custer County | 4,705 | 178 | 4,527 | 4,213 | 10 | 42 | 22 | 0 | 45 | 195 |
| * Douglas County | 19,889 | 1,223 | 18,666 | 17,317 | 104 | 57 | 256 | 8 | 119 | 805 |
| Fremont County | 45,096 | 4,804 | 40,292 | 35,958 | 1,143 | 559 | 287 | 30 | 234 | 2,081 |
| * Jefferson County | 29,972 | 1,400 | 28,572 | 26,561 | 90 | 77 | 318 | 19 | 144 | 1,363 |
| Lake County | 7,458 | 2,669 | 4,789 | 4,308 | 31 | 46 | 63 | 8 | 45 | 288 |
| Park County | 17,402 | 1,237 | 16,165 | 14,912 | 89 | 118 | 99 | 9 | 94 | 844 |
| * Teller County | 24,729 | 1,715 | 23,014 | 21,037 | 133 | 124 | 201 | 12 | 148 | 1,359 |
| District 4 Total | 167,757 | 14,723 8.78% | 153,034 91.22% | 140,111 83.52% | 1,711 1.02% | 1,110 0.66% | 1,372 0.82% | 97 0.06% | 929 0.55% | 7,704 4.59% |
| District 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Delta County | 25,568 | 3,833 | 21,735 | 20,119 | 70 | 92 | 209 | 6 | 164 | 1,075 |
| * Eagle County | 8,553 | 2,751 | 5,802 | 5,384 | 24 | 21 | 104 | 11 | 36 | 222 |
| * Garfield County | 55,353 | 17,512 | 37,841 | 34,634 | 237 | 270 | 382 | 31 | 282 | 2,005 |
| Gunnison County | 16,929 | 1,607 | 15,322 | 14,261 | 78 | 70 | 121 | 7 | 111 | 674 |
| Hinsdale County | 789 | 30 | 759 | 694 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 42 |
| * Montrose County | 38,569 | 8,806 | 29,763 | 27,532 | 148 | 251 | 318 | 26 | 172 | 1,316 |
| Pitkin County | 17,365 | 1,893 | 15,472 | 14,439 | 94 | 36 | 280 | 7 | 82 | 534 |
| District 5 Total | 163,126 | 36,432 22.33% | 126,694 77.67% | 117,063 71.76% | 659 0.40% | 746 0.46% | 1,416 0.87% | 89 0.05% | 853 0.52% | 5,868 3.60% |
| District 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alamosa County | 16,471 | 7,757 | 8,714 | 7,518 | 216 | 220 | 143 | 19 | 104 | 494 |
| Archuleta County | 13,380 | 2,163 | 11,217 | 10,189 | 42 | 172 | 101 | 6 | 77 | 630 |
| Conejos County | 7,490 | 3,799 | 3,691 | 3,474 | 14 | 44 | 21 | 2 | 24 | 112 |
| Costilla County | 3,508 | 1,992 | 1,516 | 1,238 | 34 | 34 | 55 | 0 | 13 | 142 |
| Dolores County | 2,329 | 177 | 2,152 | 1,952 | 18 | 36 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 131 |
| La Plata County | 55,729 | 7,026 | 48,703 | 42,452 | 185 | 2,819 | 381 | 33 | 377 | 2,456 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Mineral County | 865 | 47 | 818 | 775 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 36 |
| Montezuma County | 25,911 | 3,120 | 22,791 | 18,064 | 73 | 3,187 | 128 | 24 | 107 | 1,208 |
| * Montrose County | 4,181 | 247 | 3,934 | 3,636 | 11 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 11 | 246 |
| Ouray County | 4,877 | 292 | 4,585 | 4,311 | 16 | 16 | 28 | 2 | 24 | 188 |
| Rio Grande County | 11,583 | 4,637 | 6,946 | 6,275 | 51 | 139 | 36 | 4 | 56 | 385 |
| Saguache County | 6,379 | 2,401 | 3,978 | 3,582 | 19 | 81 | 63 | 2 | 42 | 189 |
| San Juan County | 705 | 90 | 615 | 575 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 30 |
| San Miguel County | 8,077 | 883 | 7,194 | 6,761 | 20 | 47 | 55 | 0 | 44 | 267 |
| District 6 Total | 161,485 | 34,631 | 126,854 | 110,802 | 700 | 6,819 | 1,038 | 96 | 885 | 6,514 |
| | 100.23% | 21.50% | 78.74% | 68.77% | 0.43% | 4.23% | 0.64% | 0.06% | 0.55% | 4.04% |
| District 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Delta County | 5,275 | 351 | 4,924 | 4,639 | 10 | 21 | 17 | 3 | 28 | 206 |
| Mesa County | 156,358 | 23,404 | 132,954 | 121,234 | 1,039 | 956 | 1,615 | 188 | 889 | 7,033 |
| District 7 Total | 161,633 | 23,755 | 137,878 | 125,873 | 1,049 | 977 | 1,632 | 191 | 917 | 7,239 |
| | | 14.70% | 85.30% | 77.88% | 0.65% | 0.60% | 1.01% | 0.12% | 0.57% | 4.48% |
| District 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clear Creek County | 9,418 | 648 | 8,770 | 8,169 | 49 | 42 | 82 | 7 | 38 | 383 |
| * Eagle County | 47,215 | 14,131 | 33,084 | 30,830 | 273 | 97 | 608 | 16 | 151 | 1,109 |
| * Garfield County | 6,241 | 2,024 | 4,217 | 3,966 | 17 | 28 | 13 | 3 | 27 | 163 |
| Gilpin County | 5,811 | 381 | 5,430 | 4,954 | 32 | 36 | 85 | 4 | 37 | 282 |
| Grand County | 15,726 | 1,535 | 14,191 | 13,442 | 59 | 56 | 83 | 17 | 73 | 461 |
| Jackson County | 1,381 | 138 | 1,243 | 1,163 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 59 |
| Moffat County | 13,348 | 2,129 | 11,219 | 10,362 | 79 | 98 | 52 | 2 | 60 | 566 |
| Rio Blanco County | 6,536 | 623 | 5,913 | 5,515 | 29 | 51 | 22 | 2 | 29 | 265 |
| Routt County | 24,843 | 2,202 | 22,641 | 21,253 | 154 | 67 | 169 | 35 | 92 | 871 |
| Summit County | 31,087 | 5,342 | 25,745 | 23,802 | 236 | 68 | 407 | 20 | 150 | 1,062 |
| District 8 Total | 161,606 | 29,153 | 132,453 | 123,456 | 928 | 555 | 1,523 | 108 | 662 | 5,221 |
| | 100.01% | 18.04% | 81.97% | 76.40% | 0.57% | 0.34% | 0.94% | 0.07% | 0.41% | 3.23% |
| District 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 164,770 | 16,966 | 147,804 | 125,107 | 4,487 | 587 | 6,843 | 247 | 1,056 | 9,477 |
| District 9 Total | 164,770 | 16,966 | 147,804 | 125,107 | 4,487 | 587 | 6,843 | 247 | 1,056 | 9,477 |
| | | 10.30% | 89.70% | 75.93% | 2.72% | 0.36% | 4.15% | 0.15% | 0.64% | 5.75% |
| District 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 168,724 | 27,680 | 141,044 | 114,298 | 8,172 | 856 | 5,280 | 438 | 978 | 11,022 |
| District 10 Total | 168,724 | 27,680 | 141,044 | 114,298 | 8,172 | 856 | 5,280 | 438 | 978 | 11,022 |
| | | 16.41% | 83.59% | 67.74% | 4.84% | 0.51% | 3.13% | 0.26% | 0.58% | 6.53% |
| District 11 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 167,144 | 49,218 | 117,926 | 82,468 | 16,810 | 1,232 | 4,553 | 938 | 1,064 | 10,861 |
| District 11 Total | 167,144 | 49,218 | 117,926 | 82,468 | 16,810 | 1,232 | 4,553 | 938 | 1,064 | 10,861 |
| | | 29.45% | 70.55% | 49.34% | 10.06% | 0.74% | 2.72% | 0.56% | 0.64% | 6.50% |
| District 12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 169,079 | 29,076 | 140,003 | 111,515 | 10,406 | 905 | 4,055 | 1,023 | 1,064 | 11,035 |
| * Teller County | 24 | 1 | 23 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| District 12 Total | 169,103 | 29,077 | 140,026 | 111,535 | 10,406 | 905 | 4,055 | 1,023 | 1,064 | 11,038 |
| | | 17.19% | 82.81% | 65.96% | 6.15% | 0.54% | 2.40% | 0.60% | 0.63% | 6.53% |
| District 13 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 44,183 | 17,910 | 26,273 | 22,747 | 573 | 220 | 840 | 77 | 231 | 1,585 |
| * Weld County | 118,008 | 56,748 | 61,260 | 51,575 | 2,865 | 605 | 2,072 | 132 | 464 | 3,547 |
| District 13 Total | 162,191 | 74,658 | 87,533 | 74,322 | 3,438 | 825 | 2,912 | 209 | 695 | 5,132 |
| | | 46.03% | 53.97% | 45.82% | 2.12% | 0.51% | 1.80% | 0.13% | 0.43% | 3.16% |
| District 14 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Larimer County | 160,983 | 20,786 | 140,197 | 123,932 | 2,141 | 709 | 4,842 | 145 | 804 | 7,624 |

[illegible]

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| * Adams County | 167,762 | 64,109 | 103,653 | 83,173 | 2,961 | 909 | 9,196 | 144 | 762 | 6,508 |
| * Broomfield County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 24 Total | 167,762 | 64,109 38.21% | 103,653 61.79% | 83,173 49.58% | 2,961 1.77% | 909 0.54% | 9,196 5.48% | 144 0.09% | 762 0.45% | 6,508 3.88% |
| District 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 94,479 | 27,036 | 67,443 | 55,950 | 1,682 | 551 | 4,714 | 99 | 390 | 4,057 |
| * Broomfield County | 74,173 | 9,935 | 64,238 | 53,943 | 928 | 201 | 5,097 | 80 | 351 | 3,638 |
| * Weld County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 25 Total | 168,652 | 36,971 21.92% | 131,681 78.08% | 109,893 65.16% | 2,610 1.55% | 752 0.45% | 9,811 5.82% | 179 0.11% | 741 0.44% | 7,695 4.56% |
| District 26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 97,679 | 16,220 | 81,459 | 62,686 | 7,091 | 529 | 5,869 | 89 | 538 | 4,657 |
| * Denver County | 66,438 | 12,446 | 53,992 | 41,236 | 5,575 | 289 | 3,379 | 129 | 374 | 3,010 |
| * Jefferson County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 26 Total | 164,117 | 28,666 17.47% | 135,451 82.53% | 103,922 63.32% | 12,666 7.72% | 818 0.50% | 9,248 5.64% | 218 0.13% | 912 0.56% | 7,667 4.67% |
| District 27 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 163,014 | 21,637 | 141,377 | 101,698 | 12,056 | 491 | 16,602 | 214 | 840 | 9,476 |
| * Douglas County | 2,554 | 204 | 2,350 | 2,030 | 56 | 9 | 149 | 0 | 6 | 100 |
| District 27 Total | 165,568 | 21,841 13.19% | 143,727 86.81% | 103,728 62.65% | 12,112 7.32% | 500 0.30% | 16,751 10.12% | 214 0.13% | 846 0.51% | 9,576 5.78% |
| District 28 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 48,897 | 25,165 | 23,732 | 11,500 | 7,096 | 220 | 2,894 | 228 | 270 | 1,524 |
| * Arapahoe County | 115,091 | 42,022 | 73,069 | 39,358 | 19,321 | 569 | 7,158 | 633 | 694 | 5,336 |
| District 28 Total | 163,988 | 67,187 40.97% | 96,801 59.03% | 50,858 31.01% | 26,417 16.11% | 789 0.48% | 10,052 6.13% | 861 0.53% | 964 0.59% | 6,860 4.18% |
| District 29 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 162,492 | 42,725 | 119,767 | 71,182 | 28,585 | 718 | 9,004 | 617 | 964 | 8,697 |
| District 29 Total | 162,492 | 42,725 26.29% | 119,767 73.71% | 71,182 43.81% | 28,585 17.59% | 718 0.44% | 9,004 5.54% | 617 0.38% | 964 0.59% | 8,697 5.35% |
| District 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Douglas County | 168,526 | 14,848 | 153,678 | 128,853 | 2,165 | 448 | 13,238 | 107 | 692 | 8,175 |
| District 30 Total | 168,526 | 14,848 8.81% | 153,678 91.19% | 128,853 76.46% | 2,165 1.28% | 448 0.27% | 13,238 7.86% | 107 0.06% | 692 0.41% | 8,175 4.85% |
| District 31 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 164,485 | 18,964 | 145,521 | 121,427 | 9,443 | 700 | 5,307 | 113 | 887 | 7,644 |
| District 31 Total | 164,485 | 18,964 11.53% | 145,521 88.47% | 121,427 73.82% | 9,443 5.74% | 700 0.43% | 5,307 3.23% | 113 0.07% | 887 0.54% | 7,644 4.65% |
| District 32 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 7,471 | 1,370 | 6,101 | 5,029 | 333 | 26 | 299 | 4 | 39 | 371 |
| * Denver County | 154,269 | 47,221 | 107,048 | 82,763 | 9,422 | 868 | 6,834 | 108 | 847 | 6,206 |
| * Jefferson County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 32 Total | 161,740 | 48,591 30.04% | 113,149 69.96% | 87,792 54.28% | 9,755 6.03% | 894 0.55% | 7,133 4.41% | 112 0.07% | 886 0.55% | 6,577 4.07% |
| District 33 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 163,990 | 56,162 | 107,828 | 59,299 | 31,304 | 674 | 7,395 | 920 | 791 | 7,445 |
| District 33 Total | 163,990 | 56,162 | 107,828 | 59,299 | 31,304 | 674 | 7,395 | 920 | 791 | 7,445 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | 34.25% | 65.75% | 36.16% | 19.09% | 0.41% | 4.51% | 0.56% | 0.48% | 4.54% |
| District 34 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 167,908 | 65,324 | 102,584 | 84,145 | 6,100 | 1,252 | 4,299 | 125 | 847 | 5,816 |
| District 34 Total | 167,908 | 65,324 38.90% | 102,584 61.10% | 84,145 50.11% | 6,100 3.63% | 1,252 0.75% | 4,299 2.56% | 125 0.07% | 847 0.50% | 5,816 3.46% |
| District 35 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Baca County | 3,513 | 346 | 3,167 | 2,923 | 19 | 38 | 8 | 0 | 37 | 142 |
| Bent County | 4,520 | 1,353 | 3,167 | 2,825 | 78 | 47 | 26 | 0 | 8 | 183 |
| Cheyenne County | 1,754 | 206 | 1,548 | 1,475 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 60 |
| Crowley County | 3,603 | 872 | 2,731 | 2,385 | 101 | 69 | 30 | 2 | 5 | 139 |
| Elbert County | 26,087 | 2,067 | 24,020 | 22,207 | 123 | 119 | 184 | 21 | 123 | 1,243 |
| * El Paso County | 63,056 | 7,553 | 55,503 | 48,293 | 1,444 | 308 | 938 | 104 | 437 | 3,979 |
| Huerfano County | 6,840 | 2,138 | 4,702 | 4,240 | 54 | 79 | 24 | 0 | 49 | 256 |
| Kiowa County | 1,448 | 104 | 1,344 | 1,249 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 81 |
| Kit Carson County | 7,099 | 1,415 | 5,684 | 5,311 | 22 | 24 | 30 | 5 | 32 | 260 |
| Las Animas County | 14,201 | 5,507 | 8,694 | 7,816 | 120 | 135 | 101 | 12 | 87 | 423 |
| Lincoln County | 4,973 | 525 | 4,448 | 4,056 | 89 | 32 | 33 | 22 | 21 | 195 |
| Otero County | 18,766 | 7,741 | 11,025 | 10,042 | 135 | 119 | 98 | 28 | 103 | 500 |
| Prowers County | 12,047 | 4,703 | 7,344 | 6,707 | 84 | 121 | 31 | 6 | 50 | 345 |
| District 35 Total | 167,907 | 34,530 20.56% | 133,377 79.44% | 119,529 71.19% | 2,274 1.35% | 1,096 0.65% | 1,515 0.90% | 201 0.12% | 956 0.57% | 7,806 4.65% |

Source: Colorado Independent Redistricting Commissions Staff.
October 14, 2021



Colorado Independent
Redistricting Commissions

Assigned District Splits

Plan: 2021 Final Approved House Plan

* indicates split

| | FIPS | Total Population | Hispanic | Non-Hispanic |
|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| District 1 | | | | |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 87,969 | 42,515 | 45,454 |
| | * Denver County | 87,969 | 42,515 | 45,454 |
| | * Jefferson County | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | District 1 Total | 87,969 | 42,515 48.33% | 45,454 51.67% |
| District 2 | | | | |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 88,172 | 6,901 | 81,271 |
| | * Denver County | 88,172 | 6,901 | 81,271 |
| | District 2 Total | 88,172 | 6,901 7.83% | 81,271 92.17% |
| District 3 | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,284 | 374 | 910 |
| | * Aurora | 1,940 | 279 | 1,661 |
| | Cherry Hills Village | 6,445 | 267 | 6,178 |
| | Englewood | 33,761 | 6,445 | 27,316 |
| | Sheridan | 6,122 | 2,603 | 3,519 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 49,552 | 9,968 | 39,584 |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 37,946 | 6,763 | 31,183 |
| | * Denver County | 37,946 | 6,763 | 31,183 |
| | District 3 Total | 87,498 | 16,731 19.12% | 70,767 80.88% |
| District 4 | | | | |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 87,718 | 34,936 | 52,782 |
| | * Denver County | 87,718 | 34,936 | 52,782 |
| | District 4 Total | 87,718 | 34,936 39.83% | 52,782 60.17% |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 5 | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 86,960 | 28,831 | 58,129 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 86,960 | 28,831 | 58,129 |
| | District 5 Total | 86,960 | 28,831 33.15% | 58,129 66.85% |
| District 6 | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 87,264 | 11,990 | 75,274 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 87,264 | 11,990 | 75,274 |
| | District 6 Total | 87,264 | 11,990 13.74% | 75,274 86.26% |
| District 7 | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 90,537 | 42,698 | 47,839 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 90,537 | 42,698 | 47,839 |
| | District 7 Total | 90,537 | 42,698 47.16% | 47,839 52.84% |
| District 8 | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 90,282 | 16,248 | 74,034 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 90,282 | 16,248 | 74,034 |
| | District 8 Total | 90,282 | 16,248 18.00% | 74,034 82.00% |
| District 9 | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | Four Square Mile | 22,923 | 4,470 | 18,453 |
| | Glendale | 4,627 | 1,128 | 3,499 |
| | Holly Hills | 2,686 | 221 | 2,465 |
| | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 30,236 | 5,819 | 24,417 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | | | |
| | * Denver | 60,242 | 9,235 | 51,007 |
| | | | | |
| | * Denver County | 60,242 | 9,235 | 51,007 |
| | District 9 Total | 90,478 | 15,054 16.64% | 75,424 83.36% |
| District 10 | * Boulder County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 2,350 | 168 | 2,182 |
| | * Boulder | 87,934 | 10,343 | 77,591 |
| | * Gunbarrel | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | * Boulder County | 90,284 | 10,511 | 79,773 |
| | District 10 Total | 90,284 | 10,511 11.64% | 79,773 88.36% |
| District 11 | | | | |
| | * Boulder County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,000 | 79 | 921 |
| | * Longmont | 87,336 | 22,667 | 64,669 |
| | * Boulder County | 88,336 | 22,746 | 65,590 |
| | District 11 Total | 88,336 | 22,746 25.75% | 65,590 74.25% |
| District 12 | | | | |
| | * Boulder County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 6,794 | 735 | 6,059 |
| | * Erie | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | * Gunbarrel | 9,561 | 584 | 8,977 |
| | Lafayette | 30,452 | 5,630 | 24,822 |
| | Louisville | 21,234 | 1,740 | 19,494 |
| | Niwot | 4,306 | 219 | 4,087 |
| | Paragon Estates | 975 | 60 | 915 |
| | * Superior | 13,099 | 1,066 | 12,033 |
| | Valmont | 64 | 3 | 61 |
| | * Boulder County | 86,485 | 10,037 | 76,448 |
| | * Broomfield County | | | |
| | * Broomfield | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | * Broomfield County | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | District 12 Total | 86,485 | 10,037 11.61% | 76,448 88.39% |
| District 13 | | | | |
| | * Chaffee County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 6,952 | 469 | 6,483 |
| | Buena Vista | 2,855 | 206 | 2,649 |
| | Garfield | 27 | 1 | 26 |
| | Johnson Village | 299 | 23 | 276 |
| | Maysville | 173 | 7 | 166 |
| | Nathrop | 288 | 18 | 270 |
| | Poncha Springs | 926 | 95 | 831 |
| | Salida | 5,685 | 584 | 5,101 |
| | * Chaffee County | 17,205 | 1,403 | 15,802 |
| | Grand County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 8,158 | 588 | 7,570 |
| | Fraser | 1,400 | 135 | 1,265 |
| | Granby | 2,079 | 374 | 1,705 |
| | Grand Lake | 410 | 33 | 377 |
| | Hot Sulphur Springs | 688 | 54 | 634 |
| | Kremmling | 1,514 | 281 | 1,233 |
| | Parshall | 42 | 8 | 34 |
| | Tabernash | 401 | 15 | 386 |
| | Winter Park | 1,034 | 47 | 987 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | Grand County | 15,726 | 1,535 | 14,191 |
| | Jackson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 773 | 33 | 740 |
| | Walden | 608 | 105 | 503 |
| | Jackson County | 1,381 | 138 | 1,243 |
| | Lake County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 2,714 | 1,404 | 1,310 |
| | Leadville | 2,644 | 658 | 1,986 |
| | Leadville North | 1,896 | 590 | 1,306 |
| | Twin Lakes | 204 | 17 | 187 |
| | Lake County | 7,458 | 2,669 | 4,789 |
| | Park County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 16,230 | 1,147 | 15,083 |
| | Alma | 297 | 27 | 270 |
| | Fairplay | 726 | 55 | 671 |
| | Guffey | 111 | 5 | 106 |
| | Hartsel | 38 | 3 | 35 |
| | Park County | 17,402 | 1,237 | 16,165 |
| | Summit County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 14,567 | 2,849 | 11,718 |
| | Blue River | 878 | 36 | 842 |
| | Breckenridge | 5,080 | 556 | 4,524 |
| | Copper Mountain | 651 | 72 | 579 |
| | Dillon | 1,067 | 184 | 883 |
| | Frisco | 2,915 | 190 | 2,725 |
| | Heeney | 74 | 5 | 69 |
| | Keystone | 1,369 | 179 | 1,190 |
| | Montezuma | 74 | 4 | 70 |
| | Silverthorne | 4,412 | 1,267 | 3,145 |
| | Summit County | 31,087 | 5,342 | 25,745 |
| | District 13 Total | 90,259 | 12,324 13.65% | 77,935 86.35% |
| District 14 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,032 | 105 | 927 |
| | * Colorado Springs | 89,583 | 9,392 | 80,191 |
| | * El Paso County | 90,615 | 9,497 | 81,118 |
| | District 14 Total | 90,615 | 9,497 10.48% | 81,118 89.52% |
| District 15 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 16,107 | 3,461 | 12,646 |
| | Cimarron Hills | 19,390 | 4,532 | 14,858 |
| | * Colorado Springs | 54,577 | 9,232 | 45,345 |
| | * El Paso County | 90,074 | 17,225 | 72,849 |
| | District 15 Total | 90,074 | 17,225 19.12% | 72,849 80.88% |

District 16

| | | | |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * El Paso County | | | |
| * Colorado Springs | 88,844 | 17,300 | 71,544 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * El Paso County | 88,844 | 17,300 | 71,544 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 16 Total | 88,844 | 17,300 19.47% | 71,544 80.53% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 17

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * El Paso County Unincorporated | 327 | 58 | 269 |
| * Colorado Springs | 81,371 | 28,377 | 52,994 |
| Stratmoor | 6,588 | 2,105 | 4,483 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * El Paso County | 88,286 | 30,540 | 57,746 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 17 Total | 88,286 | 30,540 34.59% | 57,746 65.41% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 18

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * El Paso County Unincorporated | 2,494 | 310 | 2,184 |
| Cascade-Chipita Park | 1,630 | 94 | 1,536 |
| * Colorado Springs | 77,804 | 10,538 | 67,266 |
| Green Mountain Falls | 622 | 31 | 591 |
| Manitou Springs | 4,876 | 339 | 4,537 |
| Rock Creek Park | 68 | 6 | 62 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * El Paso County | 87,494 | 11,318 | 76,176 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|---|----|---|----|
| * Teller County Green Mountain Falls | 24 | 1 | 23 |
|---|----|---|----|

| | | | |
|-----------------|----|---|----|
| * Teller County | 24 | 1 | 23 |
|-----------------|----|---|----|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 18 Total | 87,518 | 11,319 12.93% | 76,199 87.07% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 19

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Boulder County Unincorporated | 2,163 | 152 | 2,011 |
| * Erie | 12,656 | 1,174 | 11,482 |
| Leyner | 40 | 4 | 36 |
| * Longmont | 10,451 | 1,559 | 8,892 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Boulder County | 25,310 | 2,889 | 22,421 |
|------------------|--------|-------|--------|

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Weld County Unincorporated | 7,999 | 1,926 | 6,073 |
| Dacono | 6,313 | 2,191 | 4,122 |
| Erie | 17,396 | 1,896 | 15,500 |
| Firestone | 16,392 | 3,490 | 12,902 |
| Frederick | 14,521 | 2,381 | 12,140 |
| Longmont | 1,298 | 314 | 984 |
| * Northglenn | 25 | 8 | 17 |

| | | | |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Weld County | 63,944 | 12,206 | 51,738 |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | District 19 Total | 89,254 | 15,095 16.91% | 74,159 83.09% |
| District 20 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County Unincorporated | 37,852 | 4,509 | 33,343 |
| | Air Force Academy | 6,608 | 935 | 5,673 |
| | Black Forest | 15,107 | 1,094 | 14,013 |
| | * Colorado Springs | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Gleneagle | 6,653 | 539 | 6,114 |
| | Monument | 10,407 | 941 | 9,466 |
| | Palmer Lake | 2,639 | 241 | 2,398 |
| | Woodmoor | 9,541 | 604 | 8,937 |
| | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | 88,807 | 8,863 | 79,944 |
| | | | | |
| | District 20 Total | 88,807 | 8,863 9.98% | 79,944 90.02% |
| District 21 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County Unincorporated | 2,458 | 536 | 1,922 |
| | Fort Carson | 17,701 | 3,844 | 13,857 |
| | Fountain | 29,880 | 7,076 | 22,804 |
| | Security-Widefield | 38,778 | 8,168 | 30,610 |
| | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | 88,817 | 19,624 | 69,193 |
| | | | | |
| | District 21 Total | 88,817 | 19,624 22.09% | 69,193 77.91% |
| District 22 | | | | |
| | * El Paso County Unincorporated | 1,136 | 119 | 1,017 |
| | * Colorado Springs | 88,611 | 13,471 | 75,140 |
| | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | 89,747 | 13,590 | 76,157 |
| | | | | |
| | District 22 Total | 89,747 | 13,590 15.14% | 76,157 84.86% |
| District 23 | | | | |
| | * Jefferson County Unincorporated | 3,075 | 552 | 2,523 |
| | * Applewood | 3,522 | 384 | 3,138 |
| | East Pleasant View | 333 | 26 | 307 |
| | * Fairmount | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Lakeside | 16 | 3 | 13 |
| | * Lakewood | 47,525 | 6,899 | 40,626 |
| | Mountain View | 545 | 137 | 408 |
| | * West Pleasant View | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Wheat Ridge | 32,508 | 7,271 | 25,237 |
| | | | | |
| | * Jefferson County | 87,524 | 15,272 | 72,252 |
| | | | | |
| | District 23 Total | 87,524 | 15,272 17.45% | 72,252 82.55% |
| District 24 | | | | |
| | * Adams County | | | |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | * Arvada | 2,896 | 908 | 1,988 |
| | * Adams County | 2,896 | 908 | 1,988 |
| | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,452 | 1,066 | 386 |
| | Arvada | 77,174 | 11,633 | 65,541 |
| | * Fairmount | 9,328 | 636 | 8,692 |
| | * Jefferson County | 87,954 | 13,335 | 74,619 |
| | District 24 Total | 90,850 | 14,243 15.68% | 76,607 84.32% |
| District 25 | | | | |
| | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 35,275 | 1,587 | 33,688 |
| | Aspen Park | 811 | 63 | 748 |
| | * Brook Forest | 334 | 5 | 329 |
| | Evergreen | 9,313 | 430 | 8,883 |
| | Genesee | 3,612 | 157 | 3,455 |
| | Idledale | 244 | 11 | 233 |
| | Indian Hills | 1,474 | 73 | 1,401 |
| | Ken Caryl | 33,842 | 4,012 | 29,830 |
| | Kittredge | 1,309 | 63 | 1,246 |
| | * Littleton | 2,310 | 160 | 2,150 |
| | Morrison | 396 | 26 | 370 |
| | * Jefferson County | 88,920 | 6,587 | 82,333 |
| | District 25 Total | 88,920 | 6,587 7.41% | 82,333 92.59% |
| District 26 | | | | |
| | * Eagle County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 6,932 | 966 | 5,966 |
| | Avon | 6,073 | 2,366 | 3,707 |
| | * Dotsero | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Eagle | 7,518 | 1,441 | 6,077 |
| | Edwards | 11,252 | 3,775 | 7,477 |
| | Fulford | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Gypsum | 8,043 | 3,951 | 4,092 |
| | McCoy | 30 | 4 | 26 |
| | Minturn | 1,034 | 224 | 810 |
| | Red Cliff | 258 | 66 | 192 |
| | Vail | 4,838 | 501 | 4,337 |
| | Wolcott | 20 | 2 | 18 |
| | * Eagle County | 45,998 | 13,296 | 32,702 |
| | Moffat County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 3,922 | 370 | 3,552 |
| | Craig | 9,107 | 1,730 | 7,377 |
| | Dinosaur | 243 | 27 | 216 |
| | Maybell | 76 | 2 | 74 |
| | Moffat County | 13,348 | 2,129 | 11,219 |
| | Rio Blanco County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,857 | 100 | 1,757 |
| | Meeker | 2,375 | 259 | 2,116 |
| | Rangely | 2,304 | 264 | 2,040 |
| | Rio Blanco County | 6,536 | 623 | 5,913 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | Routt County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 8,146 | 411 | 7,735 |
| | Hayden | 1,942 | 211 | 1,731 |
| | Oak Creek | 891 | 79 | 812 |
| | Phippsburg | 234 | 18 | 216 |
| | Steamboat Springs | 13,231 | 1,466 | 11,765 |
| | Yampa | 399 | 17 | 382 |
| | Routt County | 24,843 | 2,202 | 22,641 |
| | District 26 Total | 90,725 | 18,250 20.12% | 72,475 79.88% |
| District 27 | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 12,834 | 823 | 12,011 |
| | * Applewood | 4,325 | 264 | 4,061 |
| | * Arvada | 44,540 | 6,161 | 38,379 |
| | * Coal Creek | 1,538 | 77 | 1,461 |
| | Golden | 20,435 | 1,979 | 18,456 |
| | * Superior | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | * West Pleasant View | 4,230 | 612 | 3,618 |
| | * Jefferson County | 87,902 | 9,916 | 77,986 |
| | District 27 Total | 87,902 | 9,916 11.28% | 77,986 88.72% |
| District 28 | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 12,653 | 1,739 | 10,914 |
| | * Columbine | 11,924 | 1,479 | 10,445 |
| | Dakota Ridge | 33,930 | 4,450 | 29,480 |
| | * Lakewood | 28,468 | 4,576 | 23,892 |
| | * Jefferson County | 86,975 | 12,244 | 74,731 |
| | District 28 Total | 86,975 | 12,244 14.08% | 74,731 85.92% |
| District 29 | * Adams County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 880 | 148 | 732 |
| | * Westminster | 45,446 | 8,774 | 36,672 |
| | * Adams County | 46,326 | 8,922 | 37,404 |
| | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,157 | 126 | 1,031 |
| | * Westminster | 41,097 | 6,063 | 35,034 |
| | * Jefferson County | 42,254 | 6,189 | 36,065 |
| | District 29 Total | 88,580 | 15,111 17.06% | 73,469 82.94% |
| District 30 | * Jefferson County | | | |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | Unincorporated | 1,218 | 307 | 911 |
| | Edgewater | 5,035 | 1,779 | 3,256 |
| | * Lakewood | 80,540 | 24,156 | 56,384 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Jefferson County | 86,793 | 26,242 | 60,551 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 30 Total | 86,793 | 26,242 30.24% | 60,551 69.76% |
| District 31 | | | | |
| | * Adams County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 6,327 | 2,744 | 3,583 |
| | * Thornton | 80,769 | 38,344 | 42,425 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 87,096 | 41,088 | 46,008 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 31 Total | 87,096 | 41,088 47.18% | 46,008 52.82% |
| District 32 | | | | |
| | * Adams County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,503 | 595 | 908 |
| | Commerce City | 62,600 | 30,605 | 31,995 |
| | Derby | 8,451 | 6,074 | 2,377 |
| | North Washington | 746 | 410 | 336 |
| | Welby | 15,594 | 9,259 | 6,335 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 88,894 | 46,943 | 41,951 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 32 Total | 88,894 | 46,943 52.81% | 41,951 47.19% |
| District 33 | | | | |
| | * Adams County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,255 | 213 | 1,042 |
| | * Thornton | 12,210 | 2,128 | 10,082 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 13,465 | 2,341 | 11,124 |
| | * Broomfield County | | | |
| | * Broomfield | 74,173 | 9,935 | 64,238 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Broomfield County | 74,173 | 9,935 | 64,238 |
| | * Weld County | | | |
| | * Thornton | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Weld County | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 33 Total | 87,638 | 12,276 14.01% | 75,362 85.99% |
| District 34 | | | | |
| | * Adams County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 25 | 8 | 17 |
| | * Northglenn | 38,222 | 14,056 | 24,166 |
| | * Thornton | 49,153 | 11,039 | 38,114 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 87,400 | 25,103 | 62,297 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | District 34 Total | 87,400 | 25,103 28.72% | 62,297 71.28% |
| District 35 | | | | |
| | * Adams County Unincorporated | 35 | 5 | 30 |
| | Berkley | 12,603 | 7,330 | 5,273 |
| | Federal Heights | 14,438 | 8,901 | 5,537 |
| | Shaw Heights | 5,206 | 2,057 | 3,149 |
| | Sherrelwood | 19,314 | 11,923 | 7,391 |
| | * Thornton | 28 | 17 | 11 |
| | Twin Lakes | 8,258 | 4,028 | 4,230 |
| | * Westminster | 25,964 | 11,530 | 14,434 |
| | * Adams County | 85,846 | 45,791 | 40,055 |
| | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | * Westminster | 4,043 | 951 | 3,092 |
| | * Jefferson County | 4,043 | 951 | 3,092 |
| | District 35 Total | 89,889 | 46,742 52.00% | 43,147 48.00% |
| District 36 | | | | |
| | * Adams County Unincorporated | 402 | 100 | 302 |
| | * Aurora | 48,001 | 24,916 | 23,085 |
| | * Adams County | 48,403 | 25,016 | 23,387 |
| | * Arapahoe County Unincorporated | 961 | 314 | 647 |
| | Aetna Estates | 1,502 | 1,150 | 352 |
| | * Aurora | 36,973 | 9,596 | 27,377 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 39,436 | 11,060 | 28,376 |
| | District 36 Total | 87,839 | 36,076 41.07% | 51,763 58.93% |
| District 37 | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County Unincorporated | 2,766 | 414 | 2,352 |
| | * Aurora | 1,224 | 208 | 1,016 |
| | * Centennial | 47,992 | 3,857 | 44,135 |
| | Cherry Creek | 11,495 | 1,065 | 10,430 |
| | Dove Valley | 5,644 | 1,031 | 4,613 |
| | Foxfield | 754 | 54 | 700 |
| | Greenwood Village | 15,702 | 1,000 | 14,702 |
| | Inverness | 2,234 | 260 | 1,974 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 87,811 | 7,889 | 79,922 |
| | District 37 Total | 87,811 | 7,889 8.98% | 79,922 91.02% |
| District 38 | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County Unincorporated | 43 | 8 | 35 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | Bow Mar | 587 | 24 | 563 |
| | * Centennial | 30,308 | 2,793 | 27,515 |
| | * Columbine | 1,983 | 174 | 1,809 |
| | Columbine Valley | 1,503 | 63 | 1,440 |
| | * Littleton | 42,792 | 5,960 | 36,832 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 77,216 | 9,022 | 68,194 |
| | * Jefferson County | | | |
| | Bow Mar | 267 | 25 | 242 |
| | * Columbine | 11,344 | 1,105 | 10,239 |
| | * Littleton | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | * Jefferson County | 11,611 | 1,130 | 10,481 |
| | District 38 Total | 88,827 | 10,152 11.43% | 78,675 88.57% |
| District 39 | * Douglas County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 21,250 | 1,652 | 19,598 |
| | Acres Green | 2,925 | 414 | 2,511 |
| | Castle Pines | 11,039 | 754 | 10,285 |
| | * Castle Pines Village | 2,585 | 116 | 2,469 |
| | Franktown | 409 | 27 | 382 |
| | * Highlands Ranch | 15,966 | 1,161 | 14,805 |
| | Larkspur | 207 | 25 | 182 |
| | Lone Tree | 14,261 | 1,204 | 13,057 |
| | Louviers | 295 | 26 | 269 |
| | Meridian | 4,792 | 535 | 4,257 |
| | Perry Park | 1,933 | 106 | 1,827 |
| | Roxborough Park | 9,420 | 915 | 8,505 |
| | Sedalia | 177 | 21 | 156 |
| | Sterling Ranch | 1,789 | 185 | 1,604 |
| | Westcreek | 120 | 8 | 112 |
| | * Douglas County | 87,168 | 7,149 | 80,019 |
| | District 39 Total | 87,168 | 7,149 8.20% | 80,019 91.80% |
| District 40 | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 16,291 | 2,574 | 13,717 |
| | * Aurora | 73,944 | 15,150 | 58,794 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 90,235 | 17,724 | 72,511 |
| | District 40 Total | 90,235 | 17,724 19.64% | 72,511 80.36% |
| District 41 | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | * Aurora | 89,053 | 21,852 | 67,201 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 89,053 | 21,852 | 67,201 |
| | District 41 Total | 89,053 | 21,852 24.54% | 67,201 75.46% |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 42 | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | * Aurora | 90,864 | 39,721 | 51,143 |
| | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 90,864 | 39,721 | 51,143 |
| | | | | |
| | District 42 Total | 90,864 | 39,721 43.71% | 51,143 56.29% |
| District 43 | * Douglas County | | | |
| | * Highlands Ranch | 87,532 | 7,891 | 79,641 |
| | * Littleton | 640 | 103 | 537 |
| | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 88,172 | 7,994 | 80,178 |
| | | | | |
| | District 43 Total | 88,172 | 7,994 9.07% | 80,178 90.93% |
| District 44 | * Douglas County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 12,725 | 1,111 | 11,614 |
| | Grand View Estates | 691 | 64 | 627 |
| | Meridian Village | 3,202 | 227 | 2,975 |
| | Parker | 58,542 | 6,346 | 52,196 |
| | Sierra Ridge | 3,490 | 342 | 3,148 |
| | Stepping Stone | 2,780 | 176 | 2,604 |
| | Stonegate | 9,072 | 805 | 8,267 |
| | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 90,502 | 9,071 | 81,431 |
| | | | | |
| | District 44 Total | 90,502 | 9,071 10.02% | 81,431 89.98% |
| District 45 | * Douglas County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 3,035 | 241 | 2,794 |
| | * Castle Pines Village | 1,743 | 78 | 1,665 |
| | Castle Rock | 73,198 | 8,543 | 64,655 |
| | The Pinery | 11,315 | 825 | 10,490 |
| | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 89,291 | 9,687 | 79,604 |
| | | | | |
| | District 45 Total | 89,291 | 9,687 10.85% | 79,604 89.15% |
| District 46 | * Pueblo County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 15,296 | 4,043 | 11,253 |
| | Avondale | 597 | 379 | 218 |
| | Beulah Valley | 521 | 46 | 475 |
| | Blende | 792 | 383 | 409 |
| | Colorado City | 2,240 | 299 | 1,941 |
| | * Pueblo | 70,765 | 30,905 | 39,860 |
| | Rye | 207 | 33 | 174 |
| | Vineland | 270 | 76 | 194 |
| | | | | |
| | * Pueblo County | 90,688 | 36,164 | 54,524 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 46 Total | 90,688 | 36,164 39.88% | 54,524 60.12% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 47

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Baca County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 1,293 | 61 | 1,232 |
| Campo | 103 | 8 | 95 |
| Pritchett | 112 | 10 | 102 |
| Springfield | 1,330 | 158 | 1,172 |
| Two Buttes | 34 | 2 | 32 |
| Vilas | 98 | 19 | 79 |
| Walsh | 543 | 88 | 455 |
| Baca County | 3,513 | 346 | 3,167 |
| Bent County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 1,891 | 336 | 1,555 |
| Hasty | 182 | 45 | 137 |
| Las Animas | 2,317 | 934 | 1,383 |
| McClave | 130 | 38 | 92 |
| Bent County | 4,520 | 1,353 | 3,167 |
| Crowley County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 1,794 | 367 | 1,427 |
| Crowley | 166 | 57 | 109 |
| Olney Springs | 315 | 70 | 245 |
| Ordway | 1,067 | 327 | 740 |
| Sugar City | 261 | 51 | 210 |
| Crowley County | 3,603 | 872 | 2,731 |
| * Huerfano County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 2,246 | 360 | 1,886 |
| La Veta | 862 | 86 | 776 |
| Walsenburg | 3,065 | 1,529 | 1,536 |
| * Huerfano County | 6,173 | 1,975 | 4,198 |
| Kiowa County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 610 | 42 | 568 |
| Brandon | 21 | 1 | 20 |
| Eads | 673 | 55 | 618 |
| Haswell | 71 | 3 | 68 |
| Sheridan Lake | 55 | 3 | 52 |
| Towner | 18 | 0 | 18 |
| Kiowa County | 1,448 | 104 | 1,344 |
| Las Animas County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 4,394 | 1,073 | 3,321 |
| Aguilar | 457 | 215 | 242 |
| Branson | 57 | 8 | 49 |
| Cokedale | 127 | 25 | 102 |
| El Moro | 216 | 57 | 159 |
| Hoehne | 80 | 36 | 44 |
| Jansen | 101 | 46 | 55 |
| Kim | 63 | 18 | 45 |
| Lynn | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| Segundo | 100 | 32 | 68 |
| Starkville | 62 | 28 | 34 |
| Stonewall Gap | 66 | 4 | 62 |
| Trinidad | 8,368 | 3,892 | 4,476 |
| Valdez | 46 | 34 | 12 |
| Weston | 53 | 33 | 20 |
| Las Animas County | 14,201 | 5,507 | 8,694 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| Otero County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 4,461 | 1,097 | 3,364 |
| Cheraw | 238 | 60 | 178 |
| Fowler | 1,257 | 234 | 1,023 |
| La Junta | 7,357 | 3,632 | 3,725 |
| La Junta Gardens | 124 | 42 | 82 |
| Manzanola | 343 | 150 | 193 |
| North La Junta | 484 | 156 | 328 |
| Rocky Ford | 3,893 | 2,217 | 1,676 |
| Swink | 609 | 153 | 456 |
| Otero County | 18,766 | 7,741 | 11,025 |
| Prowers County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 2,540 | 545 | 1,995 |
| Granada | 446 | 315 | 131 |
| Hartman | 57 | 21 | 36 |
| Holly | 837 | 422 | 415 |
| Lamar | 7,729 | 3,287 | 4,442 |
| Wiley | 438 | 113 | 325 |
| Prowers County | 12,047 | 4,703 | 7,344 |
| * Pueblo County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 1,622 | 416 | 1,206 |
| Boone | 307 | 123 | 184 |
| * Pueblo West | 21,892 | 6,092 | 15,800 |
| * Pueblo County | 23,821 | 6,631 | 17,190 |
| District 47 Total | 88,092 | 29,232 33.18% | 58,860 66.82% |
| District 48 | | | |
| * Adams County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 2,707 | 789 | 1,918 |
| Brighton | 39,844 | 17,018 | 22,826 |
| Lochbuie | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Todd Creek | 5,031 | 777 | 4,254 |
| * Adams County | 47,583 | 18,585 | 28,998 |
| * Weld County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 12,334 | 3,241 | 9,093 |
| Aristocrat Ranchettes | 1,718 | 1,014 | 704 |
| Brighton | 365 | 96 | 269 |
| Fort Lupton | 7,991 | 4,417 | 3,574 |
| Gilcrest | 1,034 | 542 | 492 |
| Hudson | 1,655 | 551 | 1,104 |
| Keenesburg | 1,253 | 165 | 1,088 |
| Kersey | 1,496 | 458 | 1,038 |
| La Salle | 2,368 | 868 | 1,500 |
| Lochbuie | 8,102 | 3,686 | 4,416 |
| Platteville | 2,962 | 1,283 | 1,679 |
| * Weld County | 41,278 | 16,321 | 24,957 |
| District 48 Total | 88,861 | 34,906 39.28% | 53,955 60.72% |
| District 49 | | | |
| * Boulder County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 9,706 | 529 | 9,177 |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------|------------------|
| Allenspark | 569 | 18 | 551 |
| Altona | 513 | 19 | 494 |
| Bark Ranch | 202 | 5 | 197 |
| Bonanza Mountain Estates | 127 | 8 | 119 |
| * Boulder | 20,383 | 1,109 | 19,274 |
| * Coal Creek | 667 | 40 | 627 |
| Crisman | 179 | 9 | 170 |
| Eldora | 140 | 6 | 134 |
| Eldorado Springs | 559 | 47 | 512 |
| Glendale | 64 | 3 | 61 |
| Gold Hill | 220 | 7 | 213 |
| Hidden Lake | 24 | 2 | 22 |
| Jamestown | 256 | 5 | 251 |
| Lazy Acres | 958 | 32 | 926 |
| Lyons | 2,211 | 117 | 2,094 |
| Mountain Meadows | 238 | 13 | 225 |
| Nederland | 1,475 | 59 | 1,416 |
| Pine Brook Hill | 975 | 44 | 931 |
| Seven Hills | 129 | 2 | 127 |
| St. Ann Highlands | 325 | 10 | 315 |
| Sugarloaf | 274 | 9 | 265 |
| Sunshine | 198 | 2 | 196 |
| * Superior | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tall Timber | 185 | 6 | 179 |
| Ward | 128 | 0 | 128 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Boulder County | 40,705 | 2,101 | 38,604 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Clear Creek County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 1,537 | 89 | 1,448 |
| Blue Valley | 175 | 6 | 169 |
| * Brook Forest | 288 | 12 | 276 |
| Central City | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Downieville-Lawson-Dumont | 529 | 61 | 468 |
| Echo Hills | 313 | 13 | 300 |
| Empire | 347 | 34 | 313 |
| Floyd Hill | 1,048 | 65 | 983 |
| Georgetown | 1,123 | 121 | 1,002 |
| Idaho Springs | 1,788 | 125 | 1,663 |
| Pine Valley | 364 | 8 | 356 |
| Silver Plume | 207 | 15 | 192 |
| St. Mary's | 333 | 23 | 310 |
| Upper Bear Creek | 985 | 50 | 935 |
| Upper Witter Gulch | 381 | 26 | 355 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Clear Creek County | 9,418 | 648 | 8,770 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Gilpin County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 4,418 | 257 | 4,161 |
| Black Hawk | 128 | 21 | 107 |
| Central City | 779 | 74 | 705 |
| Coal Creek | 292 | 14 | 278 |
| Rollinsville | 194 | 15 | 179 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Gilpin County | 5,811 | 381 | 5,430 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Larimer County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 24,270 | 1,412 | 22,858 |
| Estes Park | 5,909 | 906 | 5,003 |
| Red Feather Lakes | 427 | 17 | 410 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Larimer County | 30,606 | 2,335 | 28,271 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 49 Total | 86,540 | 5,465 6.31% | 81,075 93.69% |

District 50

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Weld County Unincorporated | 4,299 | 1,996 | 2,303 |
| * Evans | 22,237 | 10,349 | 11,888 |
| Garden City | 260 | 184 | 76 |
| * Greeley | 61,118 | 30,854 | 30,264 |

| | | | |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Weld County | 87,914 | 43,383 | 44,531 |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 50 Total | 87,914 | 43,383 49.35% | 44,531 50.65% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 51

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Larimer County Unincorporated | 11,336 | 1,417 | 9,919 |
| Loveland | 76,526 | 9,949 | 66,577 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Larimer County | 87,862 | 11,366 | 76,496 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 51 Total | 87,862 | 11,366 12.94% | 76,496 87.06% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 52

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Larimer County Unincorporated | 3,193 | 456 | 2,737 |
| * Fort Collins | 87,594 | 9,964 | 77,630 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Larimer County | 90,787 | 10,420 | 80,367 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 52 Total | 90,787 | 10,420 11.48% | 80,367 88.52% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 53

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Larimer County Unincorporated | 7,932 | 2,029 | 5,903 |
| * Fort Collins | 82,517 | 11,109 | 71,408 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| * Larimer County | 90,449 | 13,138 | 77,311 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| District 53 Total | 90,449 | 13,138 14.53% | 77,311 85.47% |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|

District 54

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| * Delta County Unincorporated | 7,590 | 823 | 6,767 |
| Cedaredge | 2,282 | 181 | 2,101 |
| Delta | 9,062 | 2,188 | 6,874 |
| Orchard City | 3,143 | 310 | 2,833 |

| | | | |
|----------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Delta County | 22,077 | 3,502 | 18,575 |
|----------------|--------|-------|--------|

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| * Mesa County Unincorporated | 18,504 | 1,440 | 17,064 |
| Clifton | 20,533 | 4,958 | 15,575 |
| Collbran | 369 | 27 | 342 |
| De Beque | 494 | 47 | 447 |
| Fruita | 13,427 | 1,590 | 11,837 |
| Fruitvale | 8,291 | 1,187 | 7,104 |
| * Grand Junction | 3,256 | 733 | 2,523 |
| Loma | 1,315 | 66 | 1,249 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | Palisade | 2,570 | 304 | 2,266 |
| | * Mesa County | 68,759 | 10,352 | 58,407 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 54 Total | 90,836 | 13,854 15.25% | 76,982 84.75% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 55 | * Mesa County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 9,176 | 1,848 | 7,328 |
| | * Grand Junction | 62,626 | 9,650 | 52,976 |
| | Orchard Mesa | 6,717 | 911 | 5,806 |
| | Redlands | 9,080 | 643 | 8,437 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Mesa County | 87,599 | 13,052 | 74,547 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 55 Total | 87,599 | 13,052 14.90% | 74,547 85.10% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 56 | * Adams County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 8,687 | 1,761 | 6,926 |
| | Bennett | 2,447 | 499 | 1,948 |
| | Strasburg | 2,040 | 341 | 1,699 |
| | Watkins | 88 | 29 | 59 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 13,262 | 2,630 | 10,632 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 2,836 | 486 | 2,350 |
| | * Aurora | 6,594 | 786 | 5,808 |
| | Bennett | 419 | 56 | 363 |
| | Brick Center | 105 | 19 | 86 |
| | Byers | 1,326 | 123 | 1,203 |
| | Comanche Creek | 442 | 65 | 377 |
| | Deer Trail | 1,069 | 271 | 798 |
| | Peoria | 153 | 37 | 116 |
| | Strasburg | 1,272 | 220 | 1,052 |
| | Watkins | 594 | 86 | 508 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 14,810 | 2,149 | 12,661 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Cheyenne County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 634 | 50 | 584 |
| | Arapahoe | 102 | 9 | 93 |
| | Cheyenne Wells | 763 | 97 | 666 |
| | Kit Carson | 255 | 50 | 205 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Cheyenne County | 1,754 | 206 | 1,548 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Elbert County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 19,477 | 1,511 | 17,966 |
| | Elbert | 188 | 19 | 169 |
| | Elizabeth | 1,677 | 184 | 1,493 |
| | Kiowa | 727 | 54 | 673 |
| | Matheson | 79 | 3 | 76 |
| | Ponderosa Park | 3,336 | 247 | 3,089 |
| | Simla | 603 | 49 | 554 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Elbert County | 26,087 | 2,067 | 24,020 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 17,748 | 1,979 | 15,769 |
| | Calhan | 763 | 46 | 717 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | Ellicott | 1,253 | 486 | 767 |
| | Peyton | 214 | 21 | 193 |
| | Ramah | 111 | 4 | 107 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * El Paso County | 20,089 | 2,536 | 17,553 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Kit Carson County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 2,243 | 252 | 1,991 |
| | Bethune | 183 | 56 | 127 |
| | Burlington | 3,180 | 954 | 2,226 |
| | Flagler | 568 | 30 | 538 |
| | Seibert | 172 | 16 | 156 |
| | Stratton | 658 | 100 | 558 |
| | Vona | 95 | 7 | 88 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Kit Carson County | 7,099 | 1,415 | 5,684 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Lincoln County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,773 | 158 | 1,615 |
| | Arriba | 202 | 2 | 200 |
| | Genoa | 153 | 6 | 147 |
| | Hugo | 791 | 34 | 757 |
| | Limon | 2,054 | 325 | 1,729 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Lincoln County | 4,973 | 525 | 4,448 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 56 Total | 88,074 | 11,528 13.09% | 76,546 86.91% |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| District 57 | | | | |
| | * Eagle County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,542 | 529 | 1,013 |
| | Basalt | 2,918 | 486 | 2,432 |
| | * Dotsero | 1,177 | 835 | 342 |
| | El Jebel | 4,133 | 1,736 | 2,397 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | * Eagle County | 9,770 | 3,586 | 6,184 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Garfield County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 17,813 | 4,690 | 13,123 |
| | Battlement Mesa | 5,445 | 1,405 | 4,040 |
| | Carbonate | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Carbondale | 6,438 | 1,968 | 4,470 |
| | Catherine | 235 | 20 | 215 |
| | Cattle Creek | 662 | 401 | 261 |
| | Chacra | 332 | 56 | 276 |
| | Glenwood Springs | 9,974 | 3,539 | 6,435 |
| | Mulford | 259 | 24 | 235 |
| | New Castle | 4,931 | 1,459 | 3,472 |
| | No Name | 118 | 18 | 100 |
| | Parachute | 1,397 | 330 | 1,067 |
| | Rifle | 10,452 | 4,251 | 6,201 |
| | Silt | 3,538 | 1,375 | 2,163 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Garfield County | 61,594 | 19,536 | 42,058 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Pitkin County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 5,769 | 651 | 5,118 |
| | Aspen | 7,007 | 767 | 6,240 |
| | Basalt | 1,067 | 177 | 890 |
| | Norrie | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| | Redstone | 127 | 9 | 118 |
| | Snowmass Village | 3,096 | 261 | 2,835 |
| | Woody Creek | 292 | 28 | 264 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | Pitkin County | 17,365 | 1,893 | 15,472 |

| | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | District 57 Total | 88,729 | 25,015 28.19% | 63,714 71.81% |
| District 58 | | | | |
| | * Delta County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 5,871 | 413 | 5,458 |
| | Crawford | 403 | 28 | 375 |
| | Hotchkiss | 876 | 111 | 765 |
| | Lazear | 168 | 28 | 140 |
| | Paonia | 1,448 | 102 | 1,346 |
| | * Delta County | 8,766 | 682 | 8,084 |
| | Dolores County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,404 | 94 | 1,310 |
| | Dove Creek | 637 | 50 | 587 |
| | Rico | 288 | 33 | 255 |
| | Dolores County | 2,329 | 177 | 2,152 |
| | Gunnison County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 7,524 | 475 | 7,049 |
| | Crested Butte | 1,639 | 79 | 1,560 |
| | Gunnison | 6,565 | 988 | 5,577 |
| | Marble | 133 | 15 | 118 |
| | Mount Crested Butte | 941 | 49 | 892 |
| | Pitkin | 72 | 0 | 72 |
| | Somerset | 55 | 1 | 54 |
| | Gunnison County | 16,929 | 1,607 | 15,322 |
| | Hinsdale County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 310 | 10 | 300 |
| | Cathedral | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| | Lake City | 433 | 17 | 416 |
| | Piedra | 31 | 3 | 28 |
| | Hinsdale County | 789 | 30 | 759 |
| | * Montezuma County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 5,016 | 466 | 4,550 |
| | Lewis | 257 | 22 | 235 |
| | * Montezuma County | 5,273 | 488 | 4,785 |
| | Montrose County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 19,148 | 3,329 | 15,819 |
| | Montrose | 20,334 | 4,506 | 15,828 |
| | Naturita | 487 | 29 | 458 |
| | Nucla | 585 | 40 | 545 |
| | Olathe | 2,023 | 1,145 | 878 |
| | Redvale | 173 | 4 | 169 |
| | Montrose County | 42,750 | 9,053 | 33,697 |
| | Ouray County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 2,004 | 107 | 1,897 |
| | Colona | 36 | 4 | 32 |
| | Loghill Village | 617 | 22 | 595 |
| | Ouray | 899 | 75 | 824 |
| | Portland | 136 | 6 | 130 |
| | Ridgway | 1,185 | 78 | 1,107 |
| | Ouray County | 4,877 | 292 | 4,585 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| | San Miguel County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 3,070 | 181 | 2,889 |
| | Mountain Village | 1,264 | 223 | 1,041 |
| | Norwood | 538 | 108 | 430 |
| | Ophir | 197 | 13 | 184 |
| | Placerville | 362 | 17 | 345 |
| | Sawpit | 38 | 0 | 38 |
| | Telluride | 2,608 | 341 | 2,267 |
| | San Miguel County | 8,077 | 883 | 7,194 |
| | District 58 Total | 89,790 | 13,212 14.71% | 76,578 85.29% |
| District 59 | Archuleta County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 11,492 | 1,560 | 9,932 |
| | Arboles | 311 | 77 | 234 |
| | Pagosa Springs | 1,577 | 526 | 1,051 |
| | Archuleta County | 13,380 | 2,163 | 11,217 |
| | La Plata County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 32,694 | 3,818 | 28,876 |
| | Bayfield | 2,841 | 464 | 2,377 |
| | Durango | 19,112 | 2,316 | 16,796 |
| | Ignacio | 856 | 378 | 478 |
| | Marvel | 68 | 23 | 45 |
| | Southern Ute | 158 | 27 | 131 |
| | La Plata County | 55,729 | 7,026 | 48,703 |
| | * Montezuma County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 8,628 | 839 | 7,789 |
| | Cortez | 8,797 | 1,489 | 7,308 |
| | Dolores | 888 | 91 | 797 |
| | Mancos | 1,199 | 182 | 1,017 |
| | Towaoc | 1,126 | 31 | 1,095 |
| | * Montezuma County | 20,638 | 2,632 | 18,006 |
| | San Juan County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 83 | 9 | 74 |
| | Silverton | 622 | 81 | 541 |
| | San Juan County | 705 | 90 | 615 |
| | District 59 Total | 90,452 | 11,911 13.17% | 78,541 86.83% |
| District 60 | * Chaffee County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 1,212 | 80 | 1,132 |
| | Smeltertown | 89 | 14 | 75 |
| | * Chaffee County | 1,301 | 94 | 1,207 |
| | Custer County | | | |
| | Unincorporated | 3,661 | 124 | 3,537 |
| | Silver Cliff | 609 | 24 | 585 |
| | Westcliffe | 435 | 30 | 405 |
| | Custer County | 4,705 | 178 | 4,527 |

| | | | |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Fremont County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 11,127 | 1,331 | 9,796 |
| Brookside | 236 | 18 | 218 |
| Cañon City | 16,449 | 1,714 | 14,735 |
| Coal Creek | 364 | 20 | 344 |
| Coaldale | 343 | 19 | 324 |
| Cotopaxi | 44 | 1 | 43 |
| Florence | 3,833 | 531 | 3,302 |
| Howard | 852 | 57 | 795 |
| Lincoln Park | 3,946 | 311 | 3,635 |
| Park Center | 2,960 | 325 | 2,635 |
| Penrose | 3,693 | 350 | 3,343 |
| Rockvale | 512 | 55 | 457 |
| Williamsburg | 737 | 72 | 665 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Fremont County | 45,096 | 4,804 | 40,292 |
| | | | |
| * Pueblo County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 157 | 42 | 115 |
| * Pueblo West | 11,242 | 2,344 | 8,898 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Pueblo County | 11,399 | 2,386 | 9,013 |
| | | | |
| * Teller County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 14,739 | 955 | 13,784 |
| Cripple Creek | 1,166 | 87 | 1,079 |
| Divide | 143 | 6 | 137 |
| Florissant | 128 | 8 | 120 |
| Goldfield | 63 | 7 | 56 |
| Midland | 182 | 16 | 166 |
| Victor | 381 | 9 | 372 |
| Woodland Park | 7,927 | 627 | 7,300 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Teller County | 24,729 | 1,715 | 23,014 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 60 Total | 87,230 | 9,177 | 78,053 |
| | 95.84% | 10.08% | 85.76% |
| | | | |
| District 61 | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 20,663 | 2,568 | 18,095 |
| * Aurora | 36,359 | 4,476 | 31,883 |
| * Centennial | 30,207 | 3,783 | 26,424 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 87,229 | 10,827 | 76,402 |
| | | | |
| * Douglas County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 529 | 29 | 500 |
| Aurora | 2,507 | 204 | 2,303 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| * Douglas County | 3,036 | 233 | 2,803 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| District 61 Total | 90,265 | 11,060 | 79,205 |
| | | 12.25% | 87.75% |
| | | | |
| District 62 | | | |
| Alamosa County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 5,050 | 1,706 | 3,344 |
| Alamosa | 9,877 | 5,260 | 4,617 |
| Alamosa East | 1,463 | 769 | 694 |
| Hooper | 81 | 22 | 59 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Alamosa County | 16,471 | 7,757 | 8,714 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|
| Conejos County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 3,786 | 1,654 | 2,132 |
| Antonito | 649 | 564 | 85 |
| Capulin | 136 | 116 | 20 |
| Conejos | 46 | 32 | 14 |
| La Jara | 737 | 457 | 280 |
| Manassa | 951 | 459 | 492 |
| Romeo | 305 | 220 | 85 |
| Sanford | 880 | 297 | 583 |
| Conejos County | 7,490 | 3,799 | 3,691 |
| Costilla County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 2,066 | 902 | 1,164 |
| Blanca | 323 | 228 | 95 |
| Fort Garland | 465 | 331 | 134 |
| San Acacio | 56 | 36 | 20 |
| San Luis | 598 | 495 | 103 |
| Costilla County | 3,508 | 1,992 | 1,516 |
| * Huerfano County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 561 | 119 | 442 |
| Gardner | 106 | 44 | 62 |
| * Huerfano County | 667 | 163 | 504 |
| Mineral County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 608 | 28 | 580 |
| City of Creede | 257 | 19 | 238 |
| Mineral County | 865 | 47 | 818 |
| * Pueblo County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 737 | 149 | 588 |
| * Pueblo | 40,962 | 24,396 | 16,566 |
| Salt Creek | 515 | 417 | 98 |
| * Pueblo County | 42,214 | 24,962 | 17,252 |
| Rio Grande County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 4,857 | 1,169 | 3,688 |
| Alpine | 169 | 20 | 149 |
| Center | 44 | 40 | 4 |
| Del Norte | 1,465 | 711 | 754 |
| Gerrard | 264 | 22 | 242 |
| Monte Vista | 4,273 | 2,585 | 1,688 |
| South Fork | 511 | 90 | 421 |
| Rio Grande County | 11,583 | 4,637 | 6,946 |
| Saguache County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 3,681 | 504 | 3,177 |
| Bonanza | 17 | 5 | 12 |
| Center | 1,891 | 1,699 | 192 |
| Crestone | 141 | 11 | 130 |
| Moffat | 109 | 5 | 104 |
| Saguache | 540 | 177 | 363 |
| Saguache County | 6,379 | 2,401 | 3,978 |
| District 62 Total | 89,177 | 45,758 51.31% | 43,419 48.69% |

District 63

Logan County

| | | | |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Unincorporated | 6,291 | 510 | 5,781 |
| Atwood | 138 | 10 | 128 |
| Crook | 133 | 14 | 119 |
| Fleming | 429 | 29 | 400 |
| Iliiff | 246 | 34 | 212 |
| Merino | 282 | 21 | 261 |
| Padroni | 75 | 13 | 62 |
| Peetz | 213 | 15 | 198 |
| Sterling | 11,860 | 2,262 | 9,598 |
| Logan County | 19,667 | 2,908 | 16,759 |
| Morgan County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 8,516 | 1,809 | 6,707 |
| Blue Sky | 65 | 18 | 47 |
| Brush | 5,361 | 2,109 | 3,252 |
| Fort Morgan | 11,636 | 5,609 | 6,027 |
| Hillrose | 313 | 54 | 259 |
| Jackson Lake | 131 | 6 | 125 |
| Log Lane Village | 921 | 530 | 391 |
| Morgan Heights | 299 | 43 | 256 |
| Orchard | 76 | 13 | 63 |
| Saddle Ridge | 66 | 3 | 63 |
| Snyder | 136 | 33 | 103 |
| Trail Side | 157 | 44 | 113 |
| Weldona | 113 | 16 | 97 |
| Wiggins | 1,403 | 323 | 1,080 |
| Morgan County | 29,193 | 10,610 | 18,583 |
| Phillips County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 1,106 | 110 | 996 |
| Amherst | 47 | 8 | 39 |
| Haxtun | 982 | 68 | 914 |
| Holyoke | 2,352 | 967 | 1,385 |
| Paoli | 51 | 6 | 45 |
| Phillips County | 4,538 | 1,159 | 3,379 |
| Sedgwick County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 654 | 56 | 598 |
| Julesburg | 1,311 | 215 | 1,096 |
| Ovid | 271 | 59 | 212 |
| Sedgwick | 172 | 33 | 139 |
| Sedgwick County | 2,408 | 363 | 2,045 |
| Washington County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 2,497 | 195 | 2,302 |
| Akron | 1,762 | 270 | 1,492 |
| Cope | 53 | 7 | 46 |
| Otis | 512 | 46 | 466 |
| Washington County | 4,824 | 518 | 4,306 |
| * Weld County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 12,651 | 2,108 | 10,543 |
| Ault | 1,893 | 510 | 1,383 |
| Briggsdale | 134 | 1 | 133 |
| Grover | 157 | 19 | 138 |
| Nunn | 506 | 67 | 439 |
| Pierce | 1,100 | 281 | 819 |
| Raymer (New Raymer) | 110 | 4 | 106 |
| * Weld County | 16,551 | 2,990 | 13,561 |
| Yuma County | | | |
| Unincorporated | 3,622 | 461 | 3,161 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Eckley | 234 | 80 | 154 |
| | Idalia | 97 | 26 | 71 |
| | Joes | 82 | 11 | 71 |
| | Kirk | 61 | 6 | 55 |
| | Laird | 46 | 3 | 43 |
| | Vernon | 38 | 4 | 34 |
| | Wray | 2,363 | 652 | 1,711 |
| | Yuma | 3,462 | 1,536 | 1,926 |
| | Yuma County | 10,005 | 2,779 | 7,226 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 63 Total | 87,186 | 21,327 24.46% | 65,859 75.54% |
| District 64 | * Larimer County Unincorporated Berthoud | 2,481 10,082 | 177 1,085 | 2,304 8,997 |
| | * Larimer County | 12,563 | 1,262 | 11,301 |
| | * Weld County Unincorporated Berthoud | 3,335 261 | 338 38 | 2,997 223 |
| | * Evans | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | * Greeley | 48,122 | 13,178 | 34,944 |
| | * Johnstown | 12,556 | 2,157 | 10,399 |
| | Mead | 4,783 | 626 | 4,157 |
| | Milliken | 8,392 | 2,311 | 6,081 |
| | * Weld County | 77,449 | 18,648 | 58,801 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 64 Total | 90,012 | 19,910 22.12% | 70,102 77.88% |
| District 65 | * Larimer County Unincorporated * Johnstown Laporte Timnath Wellington Windsor | 14,946 4,756 2,416 6,484 11,051 7,721 | 2,620 741 246 538 1,671 453 | 12,326 4,015 2,170 5,946 9,380 7,268 |
| | * Larimer County | 47,374 | 6,269 | 41,105 |
| | * Weld County Unincorporated Eaton * Greeley Severance Timnath Windsor | 4,133 5,809 0 7,684 5 25,014 | 460 967 0 1,085 2 2,822 | 3,673 4,842 0 6,599 3 22,192 |
| | * Weld County | 42,645 | 5,336 | 37,309 |
| <hr/> | | | | |
| | District 65 Total | 90,019 | 11,605 12.89% | 78,414 87.11% |

Source: Colorado Independent Redistricting Commissions Staff.
October 14, 2021



| FIPS | Total Population | Hispanic | Non-Hispanic | Non-Hispanic white | Non-Hispanic black | Non-Hispanic American Indian/ Alaskan Native | Non-Hispanic Asian | Non-Hispanic Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | Non-Hispanic some other race | Non-Hispanic two or more minority race |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| District 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 87,969 | 42,515 | 45,454 | 34,863 | 2,325 | 652 | 4,526 | 76 | 413 | 2,599 |
| * Jefferson County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 1 Total | 87,969 | 42,515 48.3% | 45,454 51.7% | 34,863 39.6% | 2,325 2.6% | 652 0.7% | 4,526 5.1% | 76 0.1% | 413 0.5% | 2,599 3.0% |
| District 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 88,172 | 6,901 | 81,271 | 72,427 | 1,349 | 200 | 2,885 | 46 | 422 | 3,942 |
| District 2 Total | 88,172 | 6,901 7.8% | 81,271 92.2% | 72,427 82.1% | 1,349 1.5% | 200 0.2% | 2,885 3.3% | 46 0.1% | 422 0.5% | 3,942 4.5% |
| District 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 49,552 | 9,968 | 39,584 | 33,367 | 1,468 | 335 | 1,784 | 45 | 243 | 2,342 |
| * Denver County | 37,946 | 6,763 | 31,183 | 22,187 | 4,541 | 169 | 2,060 | 91 | 254 | 1,881 |
| District 3 Total | 87,498 | 16,731 19.1% | 70,767 80.9% | 55,554 63.5% | 6,009 6.9% | 504 0.6% | 3,844 4.4% | 136 0.2% | 497 0.6% | 4,223 4.8% |
| District 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 87,718 | 34,936 | 52,782 | 44,350 | 2,444 | 661 | 1,861 | 65 | 396 | 3,005 |
| District 4 Total | 87,718 | 34,936 39.8% | 52,782 60.2% | 44,350 50.6% | 2,444 2.8% | 661 0.8% | 1,861 2.1% | 65 0.1% | 396 0.5% | 3,005 3.4% |
| District 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 86,960 | 28,831 | 58,129 | 46,798 | 4,282 | 655 | 2,610 | 73 | 504 | 3,207 |
| District 5 Total | 86,960 | 28,831 33.2% | 58,129 66.8% | 46,798 53.8% | 4,282 4.9% | 655 0.8% | 2,610 3.0% | 73 0.1% | 504 0.6% | 3,207 3.7% |
| District 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 87,264 | 11,990 | 75,274 | 58,664 | 8,224 | 412 | 3,279 | 58 | 436 | 4,201 |
| District 6 Total | 87,264 | 11,990 13.7% | 75,274 86.3% | 58,664 67.2% | 8,224 9.4% | 412 0.5% | 3,279 3.8% | 58 0.1% | 436 0.5% | 4,201 4.8% |
| District 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Denver County | 90,537 | 42,698 | 47,839 | 17,787 | 19,456 | 322 | 5,473 | 873 | 395 | 3,533 |
| District 7 Total | 90,537 | 42,698 47.2% | 47,839 52.8% | 17,787 19.6% | 19,456 21.5% | 322 0.4% | 5,473 6.0% | 873 1.0% | 395 0.4% | 3,533 3.9% |
| District 8 | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| * Denver County | 90,282 | 16,248 | 74,034 | 52,079 | 13,871 | 473 | 2,317 | 59 | 500 | 4,735 |
| District 8 Total | 90,282 | 16,248 18.0% | 74,034 82.0% | 52,079 57.7% | 13,871 15.4% | 473 0.5% | 2,317 2.6% | 59 0.1% | 500 0.6% | 4,735 5.2% |
| District 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 30,236 | 5,819 | 24,417 | 15,246 | 5,599 | 159 | 1,662 | 31 | 164 | 1,556 |
| * Denver County | 60,242 | 9,235 | 51,007 | 39,715 | 5,352 | 239 | 2,203 | 54 | 426 | 3,018 |
| District 9 Total | 90,478 | 15,054 16.6% | 75,424 83.4% | 54,961 60.7% | 10,951 12.1% | 398 0.4% | 3,865 4.3% | 85 0.1% | 590 0.7% | 4,574 5.1% |
| District 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Boulder County | 90,284 | 10,511 | 79,773 | 67,617 | 1,197 | 377 | 6,089 | 120 | 511 | 3,862 |
| District 10 Total | 90,284 | 10,511 11.6% | 79,773 88.4% | 67,617 74.9% | 1,197 1.3% | 377 0.4% | 6,089 6.7% | 120 0.1% | 511 0.6% | 3,862 4.3% |
| District 11 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Boulder County | 88,336 | 22,746 | 65,590 | 57,165 | 812 | 414 | 3,003 | 59 | 477 | 3,660 |
| District 11 Total | 88,336 | 22,746 25.7% | 65,590 74.3% | 57,165 64.7% | 812 0.9% | 414 0.5% | 3,003 3.4% | 59 0.1% | 477 0.5% | 3,660 4.1% |
| District 12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Boulder County | 86,485 | 10,037 | 76,448 | 66,145 | 756 | 203 | 4,687 | 42 | 489 | 4,126 |
| * Broomfield County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 12 Total | 86,485 | 10,037 11.6% | 76,448 88.4% | 66,145 76.5% | 756 0.9% | 203 0.2% | 4,687 5.4% | 42 0.0% | 489 0.6% | 4,126 4.8% |
| District 13 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Chaffee County | 17,205 | 1,403 | 15,802 | 14,669 | 109 | 82 | 125 | 11 | 90 | 716 |
| Grand County | 15,726 | 1,535 | 14,191 | 13,442 | 59 | 56 | 83 | 17 | 73 | 461 |
| Jackson County | 1,381 | 138 | 1,243 | 1,163 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 59 |
| Lake County | 7,458 | 2,669 | 4,789 | 4,308 | 31 | 46 | 63 | 8 | 45 | 288 |
| Park County | 17,402 | 1,237 | 16,165 | 14,912 | 89 | 118 | 99 | 9 | 94 | 844 |
| Summit County | 31,087 | 5,342 | 25,745 | 23,802 | 236 | 68 | 407 | 20 | 150 | 1,062 |
| District 13 Total | 90,259 | 12,324 13.7% | 77,935 86.3% | 72,296 80.1% | 524 0.6% | 382 0.4% | 779 0.9% | 67 0.1% | 457 0.5% | 3,430 3.8% |
| District 14 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 90,615 | 9,497 | 81,118 | 67,674 | 2,546 | 293 | 4,611 | 130 | 582 | 5,282 |
| District 14 Total | 90,615 | 9,497 10.5% | 81,118 89.5% | 67,674 74.7% | 2,546 2.8% | 293 0.3% | 4,611 5.1% | 130 0.1% | 582 0.6% | 5,282 5.8% |
| District 15 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 90,074 | 17,225 | 72,849 | 55,065 | 5,995 | 471 | 3,648 | 444 | 646 | 6,580 |
| District 15 Total | 90,074 | 17,225 19.1% | 72,849 80.9% | 55,065 61.1% | 5,995 6.7% | 471 0.5% | 3,648 4.1% | 444 0.5% | 646 0.7% | 6,580 7.3% |
| District 16 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 88,844 | 17,300 | 71,544 | 59,135 | 4,402 | 598 | 1,506 | 166 | 532 | 5,205 |
| District 16 Total | 88,844 | 17,300 19.5% | 71,544 80.5% | 59,135 66.6% | 4,402 5.0% | 598 0.7% | 1,506 1.7% | 166 0.2% | 532 0.6% | 5,205 5.9% |

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|--------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| District 17 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 88,286 | 30,540 | 57,746 | 37,376 | 10,570 | 660 | 2,496 | 531 | 533 | 5,580 |
| District 17 Total | 88,286 | 30,540 34.6% | 57,746 65.4% | 37,376 42.3% | 10,570 12.0% | 660 0.7% | 2,496 2.8% | 531 0.6% | 533 0.6% | 5,580 6.3% |
| District 18 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 87,494 | 11,318 | 76,176 | 64,936 | 2,991 | 445 | 2,362 | 188 | 456 | 4,798 |
| * Teller County | 24 | 1 | 23 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| District 18 Total | 87,518 | 11,319 12.9% | 76,199 87.1% | 64,956 74.2% | 2,991 3.4% | 445 0.5% | 2,362 2.7% | 188 0.2% | 456 0.5% | 4,801 5.5% |
| District 19 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Boulder County | 25,310 | 2,889 | 22,421 | 19,518 | 215 | 46 | 1,357 | 8 | 108 | 1,169 |
| * Weld County | 63,944 | 12,206 | 51,738 | 45,977 | 429 | 197 | 2,014 | 63 | 277 | 2,781 |
| District 19 Total | 89,254 | 15,095 16.9% | 74,159 83.1% | 65,495 73.4% | 644 0.7% | 243 0.3% | 3,371 3.8% | 71 0.1% | 385 0.4% | 3,950 4.4% |
| District 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 88,807 | 8,863 | 79,944 | 69,399 | 2,239 | 334 | 2,100 | 138 | 635 | 5,099 |
| District 20 Total | 88,807 | 8,863 10.0% | 79,944 90.0% | 69,399 78.1% | 2,239 2.5% | 334 0.4% | 2,100 2.4% | 138 0.2% | 635 0.7% | 5,099 5.7% |
| District 21 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 88,817 | 19,624 | 69,193 | 49,550 | 8,516 | 534 | 2,326 | 921 | 635 | 6,711 |
| District 21 Total | 88,817 | 19,624 22.1% | 69,193 77.9% | 49,550 55.8% | 8,516 9.6% | 534 0.6% | 2,326 2.6% | 921 1.0% | 635 0.7% | 6,711 7.6% |
| District 22 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * El Paso County | 89,747 | 13,590 | 76,157 | 62,897 | 3,853 | 426 | 2,468 | 215 | 459 | 5,839 |
| District 22 Total | 89,747 | 13,590 15.1% | 76,157 84.9% | 62,897 70.1% | 3,853 4.3% | 426 0.5% | 2,468 2.7% | 215 0.2% | 459 0.5% | 5,839 6.5% |
| District 23 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Jefferson County | 87,524 | 15,272 | 72,252 | 63,694 | 1,200 | 528 | 2,263 | 104 | 463 | 4,000 |
| District 23 Total | 87,524 | 15,272 17.4% | 72,252 82.6% | 63,694 72.8% | 1,200 1.4% | 528 0.6% | 2,263 2.6% | 104 0.1% | 463 0.5% | 4,000 4.6% |
| District 24 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 2,896 | 908 | 1,988 | 1,602 | 31 | 22 | 219 | 0 | 9 | 105 |
| * Jefferson County | 87,954 | 13,335 | 74,619 | 67,205 | 829 | 423 | 1,862 | 55 | 376 | 3,869 |
| District 24 Total | 90,850 | 14,243 15.7% | 76,607 84.3% | 68,807 75.7% | 860 0.9% | 445 0.5% | 2,081 2.3% | 55 0.1% | 385 0.4% | 3,974 4.4% |
| District 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Jefferson County | 88,920 | 6,587 | 82,333 | 75,581 | 410 | 272 | 1,550 | 46 | 424 | 4,050 |
| District 25 Total | 88,920 | 6,587 7.4% | 82,333 92.6% | 75,581 85.0% | 410 0.5% | 272 0.3% | 1,550 1.7% | 46 0.1% | 424 0.5% | 4,050 4.6% |
| District 26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Eagle County | 45,998 | 13,296 | 32,702 | 30,486 | 270 | 96 | 602 | 16 | 149 | 1,083 |
| Moffat County | 13,348 | 2,129 | 11,219 | 10,362 | 79 | 98 | 52 | 2 | 60 | 566 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Rio Blanco County | 6,536 | 623 | 5,913 | 5,515 | 29 | 51 | 22 | 2 | 29 | 265 |
| Routt County | 24,843 | 2,202 | 22,641 | 21,253 | 154 | 67 | 169 | 35 | 92 | 871 |
| District 26 Total | 90,725 | 18,250 20.1% | 72,475 79.9% | 67,616 74.5% | 532 0.6% | 312 0.3% | 845 0.9% | 55 0.1% | 330 0.4% | 2,785 3.1% |
| District 27 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Jefferson County | 87,902 | 9,916 | 77,986 | 70,137 | 783 | 294 | 2,591 | 33 | 349 | 3,799 |
| District 27 Total | 87,902 | 9,916 11.3% | 77,986 88.7% | 70,137 79.8% | 783 0.9% | 294 0.3% | 2,591 2.9% | 33 0.0% | 349 0.4% | 3,799 4.3% |
| District 28 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Jefferson County | 86,975 | 12,244 | 74,731 | 65,368 | 1,001 | 439 | 3,651 | 59 | 435 | 3,778 |
| District 28 Total | 86,975 | 12,244 14.1% | 74,731 85.9% | 65,368 75.2% | 1,001 1.2% | 439 0.5% | 3,651 4.2% | 59 0.1% | 435 0.5% | 3,778 4.3% |
| District 29 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 46,326 | 8,922 | 37,404 | 31,399 | 732 | 220 | 2,749 | 39 | 189 | 2,076 |
| * Jefferson County | 42,254 | 6,189 | 36,065 | 30,919 | 522 | 174 | 2,113 | 22 | 192 | 2,123 |
| District 29 Total | 88,580 | 15,111 17.1% | 73,469 82.9% | 62,318 70.4% | 1,254 1.4% | 394 0.4% | 4,862 5.5% | 61 0.1% | 381 0.4% | 4,199 4.7% |
| District 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Jefferson County | 86,793 | 26,242 | 60,551 | 50,884 | 1,790 | 756 | 3,170 | 141 | 491 | 3,319 |
| District 30 Total | 86,793 | 26,242 30.2% | 60,551 69.8% | 50,884 58.6% | 1,790 2.1% | 756 0.9% | 3,170 3.7% | 141 0.2% | 491 0.6% | 3,319 3.8% |
| District 31 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 87,096 | 41,088 | 46,008 | 36,064 | 1,786 | 536 | 4,190 | 77 | 400 | 2,955 |
| District 31 Total | 87,096 | 41,088 47.2% | 46,008 52.8% | 36,064 41.4% | 1,786 2.1% | 536 0.6% | 4,190 4.8% | 77 0.1% | 400 0.5% | 2,955 3.4% |
| District 32 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 88,894 | 46,943 | 41,951 | 32,999 | 2,860 | 491 | 2,234 | 99 | 389 | 2,879 |
| District 32 Total | 88,894 | 46,943 52.8% | 41,951 47.2% | 32,999 37.1% | 2,860 3.2% | 491 0.6% | 2,234 2.5% | 99 0.1% | 389 0.4% | 2,879 3.2% |
| District 33 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 13,465 | 2,341 | 11,124 | 9,249 | 195 | 37 | 1,016 | 3 | 80 | 544 |
| * Broomfield County | 74,173 | 9,935 | 64,238 | 53,943 | 928 | 201 | 5,097 | 80 | 351 | 3,638 |
| * Weld County | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District 33 Total | 87,638 | 12,276 14.0% | 75,362 86.0% | 63,192 72.1% | 1,123 1.3% | 238 0.3% | 6,113 7.0% | 83 0.1% | 431 0.5% | 4,182 4.8% |
| District 34 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 87,400 | 25,103 | 62,297 | 50,877 | 1,542 | 500 | 4,813 | 107 | 377 | 4,081 |
| District 34 Total | 87,400 | 25,103 28.7% | 62,297 71.3% | 50,877 58.2% | 1,542 1.8% | 500 0.6% | 4,813 5.5% | 107 0.1% | 377 0.4% | 4,081 4.7% |
| District 35 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 85,846 | 45,791 | 40,055 | 31,724 | 1,282 | 584 | 3,467 | 96 | 374 | 2,528 |
| * Jefferson County | 4,043 | 951 | 3,092 | 2,575 | 78 | 22 | 180 | 0 | 22 | 215 |

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|-------------|--------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | District 35 Total | 89,889 | 46,742 52.0% | 43,147 48.0% | 34,299 38.2% | 1,360 1.5% | 606 0.7% | 3,647 4.1% | 96 0.1% | 396 0.4% | 2,743 3.1% |
| District 36 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Adams County | 48,403 | 25,016 | 23,387 | 11,181 | 7,096 | 219 | 2,894 | 228 | 265 | 1,504 |
| | * Arapahoe County | 39,436 | 11,060 | 28,376 | 16,998 | 5,988 | 238 | 2,596 | 160 | 190 | 2,206 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 36 Total | 87,839 | 36,076 41.1% | 51,763 58.9% | 28,179 32.1% | 13,084 14.9% | 457 0.5% | 5,490 6.3% | 388 0.4% | 455 0.5% | 3,710 4.2% |
| District 37 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 87,811 | 7,889 | 79,922 | 64,119 | 2,708 | 205 | 8,233 | 68 | 458 | 4,131 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 37 Total | 87,811 | 7,889 9.0% | 79,922 91.0% | 64,119 73.0% | 2,708 3.1% | 205 0.2% | 8,233 9.4% | 68 0.1% | 458 0.5% | 4,131 4.7% |
| District 38 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 77,216 | 9,022 | 68,194 | 61,358 | 935 | 293 | 1,738 | 57 | 345 | 3,468 |
| | * Jefferson County | 11,611 | 1,130 | 10,481 | 9,485 | 94 | 32 | 329 | 4 | 64 | 473 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 38 Total | 88,827 | 10,152 11.4% | 78,675 88.6% | 70,843 79.8% | 1,029 1.2% | 325 0.4% | 2,067 2.3% | 61 0.1% | 409 0.5% | 3,941 4.4% |
| District 39 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 87,168 | 7,149 | 80,019 | 68,427 | 1,106 | 265 | 5,710 | 58 | 352 | 4,101 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 39 Total | 87,168 | 7,149 8.2% | 80,019 91.8% | 68,427 78.5% | 1,106 1.3% | 265 0.3% | 5,710 6.6% | 58 0.1% | 352 0.4% | 4,101 4.7% |
| District 40 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 90,235 | 17,724 | 72,511 | 48,060 | 10,864 | 355 | 6,850 | 179 | 634 | 5,569 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 40 Total | 90,235 | 17,724 19.6% | 72,511 80.4% | 48,060 53.3% | 10,864 12.0% | 355 0.4% | 6,850 7.6% | 179 0.2% | 634 0.7% | 5,569 6.2% |
| District 41 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 89,053 | 21,852 | 67,201 | 40,403 | 15,925 | 358 | 5,205 | 281 | 490 | 4,539 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 41 Total | 89,053 | 21,852 24.5% | 67,201 75.5% | 40,403 45.4% | 15,925 17.9% | 358 0.4% | 5,205 5.8% | 281 0.3% | 490 0.6% | 4,539 5.1% |
| District 42 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Arapahoe County | 90,864 | 39,721 | 51,143 | 23,063 | 18,399 | 448 | 4,397 | 691 | 546 | 3,599 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 42 Total | 90,864 | 39,721 43.7% | 51,143 56.3% | 23,063 25.4% | 18,399 20.2% | 448 0.5% | 4,397 4.8% | 691 0.8% | 546 0.6% | 3,599 4.0% |
| District 43 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | * Douglas County | 88,172 | 7,994 | 80,178 | 68,578 | 972 | 216 | 5,669 | 54 | 401 | 4,288 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | District 43 Total | 88,172 | 7,994 9.1% | 80,178 90.9% | 68,578 77.8% | 972 1.1% | 216 0.2% | 5,669 6.4% | 54 0.1% | 401 0.5% | 4,288 4.9% |
| District 44 | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|--------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| * Douglas County | 90,502 | 9,071 | 81,431 | 68,210 | 1,531 | 229 | 6,414 | 87 | 369 | 4,591 |
| District 44 Total | 90,502 | 9,071 10.0% | 81,431 90.0% | 68,210 75.4% | 1,531 1.7% | 229 0.3% | 6,414 7.1% | 87 0.1% | 369 0.4% | 4,591 5.1% |
| District 45 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Douglas County | 89,291 | 9,687 | 79,604 | 71,249 | 1,137 | 253 | 1,863 | 91 | 421 | 4,590 |
| District 45 Total | 89,291 | 9,687 10.8% | 79,604 89.2% | 71,249 79.8% | 1,137 1.3% | 253 0.3% | 1,863 2.1% | 91 0.1% | 421 0.5% | 4,590 5.1% |
| District 46 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Pueblo County | 90,688 | 36,164 | 54,524 | 47,635 | 1,664 | 628 | 952 | 80 | 540 | 3,025 |
| District 46 Total | 90,688 | 36,164 39.9% | 54,524 60.1% | 47,635 52.5% | 1,664 1.8% | 628 0.7% | 952 1.0% | 80 0.1% | 540 0.6% | 3,025 3.3% |
| District 47 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Baca County | 3,513 | 346 | 3,167 | 2,923 | 19 | 38 | 8 | 0 | 37 | 142 |
| Bent County | 4,520 | 1,353 | 3,167 | 2,825 | 78 | 47 | 26 | 0 | 8 | 183 |
| Crowley County | 3,603 | 872 | 2,731 | 2,385 | 101 | 69 | 30 | 2 | 5 | 139 |
| * Huerfano County | 6,173 | 1,975 | 4,198 | 3,782 | 54 | 72 | 23 | 0 | 45 | 222 |
| Kiowa County | 1,448 | 104 | 1,344 | 1,249 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 81 |
| Las Animas County | 14,201 | 5,507 | 8,694 | 7,816 | 120 | 135 | 101 | 12 | 87 | 423 |
| Otero County | 18,766 | 7,741 | 11,025 | 10,042 | 135 | 119 | 98 | 28 | 103 | 500 |
| Prowers County | 12,047 | 4,703 | 7,344 | 6,707 | 84 | 121 | 31 | 6 | 50 | 345 |
| * Pueblo County | 23,821 | 6,631 | 17,190 | 15,211 | 306 | 158 | 263 | 15 | 141 | 1,096 |
| District 47 Total | 88,092 | 29,232 33.2% | 58,860 66.8% | 52,940 60.1% | 900 1.0% | 759 0.9% | 589 0.7% | 64 0.1% | 477 0.5% | 3,131 3.6% |
| District 48 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 47,583 | 18,585 | 28,998 | 25,164 | 597 | 229 | 941 | 78 | 247 | 1,742 |
| * Weld County | 41,278 | 16,321 | 24,957 | 22,686 | 276 | 198 | 287 | 19 | 184 | 1,307 |
| District 48 Total | 88,861 | 34,906 39.3% | 53,955 60.7% | 47,850 53.8% | 873 1.0% | 427 0.5% | 1,228 1.4% | 97 0.1% | 431 0.5% | 3,049 3.4% |
| District 49 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Boulder County | 40,705 | 2,101 | 38,604 | 34,967 | 191 | 78 | 1,164 | 12 | 235 | 1,957 |
| Clear Creek County | 9,418 | 648 | 8,770 | 8,169 | 49 | 42 | 82 | 7 | 38 | 383 |
| Gilpin County | 5,811 | 381 | 5,430 | 4,954 | 32 | 36 | 85 | 4 | 37 | 282 |
| * Larimer County | 30,606 | 2,335 | 28,271 | 26,378 | 123 | 105 | 307 | 15 | 140 | 1,203 |
| District 49 Total | 86,540 | 5,465 6.3% | 81,075 93.7% | 74,468 86.1% | 395 0.5% | 261 0.3% | 1,638 1.9% | 38 0.0% | 450 0.5% | 3,825 4.4% |
| District 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Weld County | 87,914 | 43,383 | 44,531 | 36,740 | 2,557 | 464 | 1,827 | 128 | 320 | 2,495 |
| District 50 Total | 87,914 | 43,383 49.3% | 44,531 50.7% | 36,740 41.8% | 2,557 2.9% | 464 0.5% | 1,827 2.1% | 128 0.1% | 320 0.4% | 2,495 2.8% |
| District 51 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Larimer County | 87,862 | 11,366 | 76,496 | 70,111 | 647 | 414 | 967 | 67 | 459 | 3,831 |
| District 51 Total | 87,862 | 11,366 12.9% | 76,496 87.1% | 70,111 79.8% | 647 0.7% | 414 0.5% | 967 1.1% | 67 0.1% | 459 0.5% | 3,831 4.4% |

District 52

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|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| * Larimer County | 90,787 | 10,420 | 80,367 | 70,799 | 1,001 | 375 | 3,407 | 52 | 435 | 4,298 |
| District 52 Total | 90,787 | 10,420 11.5% | 80,367 88.5% | 70,799 78.0% | 1,001 1.1% | 375 0.4% | 3,407 3.8% | 52 0.1% | 435 0.5% | 4,298 4.7% |
| District 53 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Larimer County | 90,449 | 13,138 | 77,311 | 67,822 | 1,375 | 423 | 2,755 | 91 | 465 | 4,380 |
| District 53 Total | 90,449 | 13,138 14.5% | 77,311 85.5% | 67,822 75.0% | 1,375 1.5% | 423 0.5% | 2,755 3.0% | 91 0.1% | 465 0.5% | 4,380 4.8% |
| District 54 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Delta County | 22,077 | 3,502 | 18,575 | 17,224 | 65 | 89 | 199 | 7 | 120 | 871 |
| * Mesa County | 68,759 | 10,352 | 58,407 | 53,676 | 378 | 420 | 443 | 68 | 344 | 3,078 |
| District 54 Total | 90,836 | 13,854 15.3% | 76,982 84.7% | 70,900 78.1% | 443 0.5% | 509 0.6% | 642 0.7% | 75 0.1% | 464 0.5% | 3,949 4.3% |
| District 55 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Mesa County | 87,599 | 13,052 | 74,547 | 67,558 | 661 | 536 | 1,172 | 120 | 545 | 3,955 |
| District 55 Total | 87,599 | 13,052 14.9% | 74,547 85.1% | 67,558 77.1% | 661 0.8% | 536 0.6% | 1,172 1.3% | 120 0.1% | 545 0.6% | 3,955 4.5% |
| District 56 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Adams County | 13,262 | 2,630 | 10,632 | 9,681 | 134 | 83 | 83 | 26 | 39 | 586 |
| * Arapahoe County | 14,810 | 2,149 | 12,661 | 10,565 | 485 | 57 | 711 | 15 | 72 | 756 |
| Cheyenne County | 1,754 | 206 | 1,548 | 1,475 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 60 |
| * Elbert County | 26,087 | 2,067 | 24,020 | 22,207 | 123 | 119 | 184 | 21 | 123 | 1,243 |
| * El Paso County | 20,089 | 2,536 | 17,553 | 15,649 | 207 | 127 | 152 | 17 | 121 | 1,280 |
| Kit Carson County | 7,099 | 1,415 | 5,684 | 5,311 | 22 | 24 | 30 | 5 | 32 | 260 |
| Lincoln County | 4,973 | 525 | 4,448 | 4,056 | 89 | 32 | 33 | 22 | 21 | 195 |
| District 56 Total | 88,074 | 11,528 13.1% | 76,546 86.9% | 68,944 78.3% | 1,062 1.2% | 447 0.5% | 1,196 1.4% | 106 0.1% | 411 0.5% | 4,380 5.0% |
| District 57 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Eagle County | 9,770 | 3,586 | 6,184 | 5,728 | 27 | 22 | 110 | 11 | 38 | 248 |
| Garfield County | 61,594 | 19,536 | 42,058 | 38,600 | 254 | 298 | 395 | 34 | 309 | 2,168 |
| Pitkin County | 17,365 | 1,893 | 15,472 | 14,439 | 94 | 36 | 280 | 7 | 82 | 534 |
| District 57 Total | 88,729 | 25,015 28.2% | 63,714 71.8% | 58,767 66.2% | 375 0.4% | 356 0.4% | 785 0.9% | 52 0.1% | 429 0.5% | 2,950 3.3% |
| District 58 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Delta County | 8,766 | 682 | 8,084 | 7,534 | 15 | 24 | 27 | 2 | 72 | 410 |
| Dolores County | 2,329 | 177 | 2,152 | 1,952 | 18 | 36 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 131 |
| Gunnison County | 16,929 | 1,607 | 15,322 | 14,261 | 78 | 70 | 121 | 7 | 111 | 674 |
| Hinsdale County | 789 | 30 | 759 | 694 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 42 |
| * Montezuma County | 5,273 | 488 | 4,785 | 4,370 | 13 | 118 | 19 | 1 | 24 | 240 |
| Montrose County | 42,750 | 9,053 | 33,697 | 31,168 | 159 | 265 | 334 | 26 | 183 | 1,562 |
| Ouray County | 4,877 | 292 | 4,585 | 4,311 | 16 | 16 | 28 | 2 | 24 | 188 |
| San Miguel County | 8,077 | 883 | 7,194 | 6,761 | 20 | 47 | 55 | 0 | 44 | 267 |
| District 58 Total | 89,790 | 13,212 14.7% | 76,578 85.3% | 71,051 79.1% | 327 0.4% | 582 0.6% | 592 0.7% | 43 0.0% | 469 0.5% | 3,514 3.9% |
| District 59 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Archuleta County | 13,380 | 2,163 | 11,217 | 10,189 | 42 | 172 | 101 | 6 | 77 | 630 |
| La Plata County | 55,729 | 7,026 | 48,703 | 42,452 | 185 | 2,819 | 381 | 33 | 377 | 2,456 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| * Montezuma County | 20,638 | 2,632 | 18,006 | 13,694 | 60 | 3,069 | 109 | 23 | 83 | 968 |
| San Juan County | 705 | 90 | 615 | 575 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 30 |
| District 59 Total | 90,452 | 11,911 13.2% | 78,541 86.8% | 66,910 74.0% | 288 0.3% | 6,066 6.7% | 593 0.7% | 62 0.1% | 538 0.6% | 4,084 4.5% |
| District 60 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Chaffee County | 1,301 | 94 | 1,207 | 1,136 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 53 |
| Custer County | 4,705 | 178 | 4,527 | 4,213 | 10 | 42 | 22 | 0 | 45 | 195 |
| Fremont County | 45,096 | 4,804 | 40,292 | 35,958 | 1,143 | 559 | 287 | 30 | 234 | 2,081 |
| * Pueblo County | 11,399 | 2,386 | 9,013 | 8,194 | 83 | 50 | 166 | 8 | 37 | 475 |
| * Teller County | 24,729 | 1,715 | 23,014 | 21,037 | 133 | 124 | 201 | 12 | 148 | 1,359 |
| District 60 Total | 87,230 | 9,177 10.5% | 78,053 89.5% | 70,538 80.9% | 1,371 1.6% | 780 0.9% | 677 0.8% | 50 0.1% | 474 0.5% | 4,163 4.8% |
| District 61 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Arapahoe County | 87,229 | 10,827 | 76,402 | 55,365 | 6,290 | 243 | 8,706 | 107 | 407 | 5,284 |
| * Douglas County | 3,036 | 233 | 2,803 | 2,447 | 58 | 10 | 158 | 0 | 8 | 122 |
| District 61 Total | 90,265 | 11,060 12.3% | 79,205 87.7% | 57,812 64.0% | 6,348 7.0% | 253 0.3% | 8,864 9.8% | 107 0.1% | 415 0.5% | 5,406 6.0% |
| District 62 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alamosa County | 16,471 | 7,757 | 8,714 | 7,518 | 216 | 220 | 143 | 19 | 104 | 494 |
| Conejos County | 7,490 | 3,799 | 3,691 | 3,474 | 14 | 44 | 21 | 2 | 24 | 112 |
| Costilla County | 3,508 | 1,992 | 1,516 | 1,238 | 34 | 34 | 55 | 0 | 13 | 142 |
| * Huerfano County | 667 | 163 | 504 | 458 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 34 |
| Mineral County | 865 | 47 | 818 | 775 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 36 |
| * Pueblo County | 42,214 | 24,962 | 17,252 | 14,286 | 868 | 429 | 175 | 35 | 226 | 1,233 |
| Rio Grande County | 11,583 | 4,637 | 6,946 | 6,275 | 51 | 139 | 36 | 4 | 56 | 385 |
| Saguache County | 6,379 | 2,401 | 3,978 | 3,582 | 19 | 81 | 63 | 2 | 42 | 189 |
| District 62 Total | 89,177 | 45,758 51.3% | 43,419 48.7% | 37,606 42.2% | 1,202 1.3% | 958 1.1% | 497 0.6% | 62 0.1% | 469 0.5% | 2,625 2.9% |
| District 63 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Logan County | 19,667 | 2,908 | 16,759 | 15,560 | 356 | 97 | 99 | 17 | 52 | 578 |
| Morgan County | 29,193 | 10,610 | 18,583 | 16,579 | 937 | 113 | 153 | 11 | 77 | 713 |
| Phillips County | 4,538 | 1,159 | 3,379 | 3,250 | 10 | 12 | 22 | 1 | 5 | 79 |
| Sedgwick County | 2,408 | 363 | 2,045 | 1,936 | 4 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 8 | 74 |
| Washington County | 4,824 | 518 | 4,306 | 4,062 | 24 | 8 | 15 | 10 | 20 | 167 |
| * Weld County | 16,551 | 2,990 | 13,561 | 12,581 | 24 | 70 | 52 | 12 | 65 | 757 |
| Yuma County | 10,005 | 2,779 | 7,226 | 6,957 | 21 | 16 | 26 | 2 | 27 | 177 |
| District 63 Total | 87,186 | 21,327 24.5% | 65,859 75.5% | 60,925 69.9% | 1,376 1.6% | 327 0.4% | 379 0.4% | 53 0.1% | 254 0.3% | 2,545 2.9% |
| District 64 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Larimer County | 12,563 | 1,262 | 11,301 | 10,465 | 35 | 52 | 136 | 11 | 78 | 524 |
| * Weld County | 77,449 | 18,648 | 58,801 | 53,519 | 679 | 304 | 1,041 | 49 | 323 | 2,886 |
| District 64 Total | 90,012 | 19,910 22.1% | 70,102 77.9% | 63,984 71.1% | 714 0.8% | 356 0.4% | 1,177 1.3% | 60 0.1% | 401 0.4% | 3,410 3.8% |
| District 65 | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Larimer County | 47,374 | 6,269 | 41,105 | 37,393 | 304 | 143 | 799 | 29 | 242 | 2,195 |
| * Weld County | 42,645 | 5,336 | 37,309 | 34,690 | 215 | 125 | 470 | 32 | 136 | 1,641 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| District 65 Total | 90,019 | 11,605 | 78,414 | 72,083 | 519 | 268 | 1,269 | 61 | 378 | 3,836 |
| | | 12.9% | 87.1% | 80.1% | 0.6% | 0.3% | 1.4% | 0.1% | 0.4% | 4.3% |

Source: Colorado Independent Redistricting Commissions Staff.
October 14, 2021