

EXHIBIT 6

Illinois Legislative Redistricting Summary

Guiding Principles:

- Draw new legislative boundaries designed to comply with federal and state law and ensure the broad racial and geographic diversity of Illinois is reflected in the General Assembly
- Keep 2021 districts as similar as possible to the previous map that a renowned expert says is a model for the nation in terms of minority representation
- Other factors considered: the preservation of communities of interest; respect for political subdivision boundaries; the maintenance of incumbent-constituent relationships and tracking of population migration; input from the public; respect for geographic features and natural or logical boundaries

Data Used:

- American Community Survey's (ACS) 5-year estimate for 2015-2019, which varies by just 0.3 percent from the state's official population count released by the U.S. Census Bureau in April
- Robust public input from 50 public hearings
- Public election data

All districts were drawn using the same data.

Aggregate Demographic Data:

- 15 districts are currently at or above 50% Black
- Another 12 districts have a Black population between 20-49%
- 14 districts are currently at or above 50% Latino
- Another 18 districts have a Latino population between 20-49%

All totals are more than what would be if today's populations were still within 2011 district lines, based on total population or citizen voting age population.

Updates from Public Testimony:

- Orthodox Jewish Community: Our Redistricting Committees were able to accommodate some of the requests from the Orthodox Jewish community while maintaining the integrity of surrounding districts and other requests
- North Lawndale: The Committees preserved parts of North Lawndale that maintains the current configuration in the 9th District
- Republican accommodations: Following the release of the proposed legislative map, Republicans in the legislature made public comments criticizing the number of incumbent Republicans who would be located in the same district. A number of those districts have been reconfigured to accommodate the concerns of Republicans.

Some House District Highlights:

Incorporations of public testimony gathered from 46 initial hearings

- RD 4 – Accommodates migration patterns of Puerto Rican Community
- RD 17/18 – Evanston is now one legislative district with two house seats
- RD 18 – Two historically Black Evanston wards have been combined into one House district
- RD 22 – Midway neighborhoods remained together
- RD 67 – 5th and 11th wards of Rockford were kept in one House district despite significant population loss
- RD 95/96 – Contains more of the city of Springfield, allowing vast majority of the city to be kept in two House districts and one Senate district
- RD 118 – Carbondale is now in one RD