

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

PETITION OF DEREK SCHMIDT,)
Attorney General, TO DETERMINE)
THE VALIDITY OF SUBSTITUTE)
FOR SENATE BILL 563 PROVISIONS))
REAPPORTIONING STATE)
LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS)
_____)

Original Action No. _____

**MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF PETITION TO DETERMINE
THE VALIDITY OF SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 563
PROVISIONS REAPPORTIONING STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS**

The Attorney General of the State of Kansas, Derek Schmidt, submits this Memorandum in Support of his Petition to Determine the Validity of Substitute for Senate Bill 563 Provisions Reapportioning State Legislative Districts (Sub SB 563). For the reasons set forth below, Attorney General Schmidt requests that this Court determine that the state legislative reapportionment contained in Sub SB 563 is valid.¹

Factual and Procedural Background

“State reapportionment of legislative districts is the task of local legislatures or of those organs of state government selected to perform it.” *In re House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. 827, 841, 595 P.2d 334 (1979) (citing *Gaffney v. Cummings*, 412 U.S. 735, 751 (1973)). This Court has long recognized that “the duty of reapportionment is legislative in nature and is committed by the Constitution to the legislature.”

¹ Sub SB 563 also adopted the “Apple 7” map for Board of Education districts. Because Article 10, Section 1(b) requires the Attorney General to petition this Court to determine the validity of “legislative districts” only, the Board of Education map contained in Sub SB 563 is beyond the scope of the Attorney General’s petition.

Harris v. Shanahan, 192 Kan. 183, 206, 387 P.2d 771 (1963). The provisions of the Kansas Constitution currently in effect to govern legislative reapportionment were adopted by constitutional amendment in 1974 and require the Kansas Legislature “[a]t its regular session” in 2022 to “by law reapportion the state senatorial districts and representative districts” according to the most recent federal census. Kan. Const. art. 10, § 1(a).

The most recent federal census is the 2020 Census. According to the 2020 Census, Kansas has a total population of 2,937,880. This represents a population increase of 84,762 people since the last census was completed. This population growth occurred almost entirely in Kansas’s urban areas. Whereas 80 counties in Kansas saw a decrease in population between 2010 and 2020, Kansas’s most populous counties grew in population. This includes Johnson County (which grew by 65,684 people), Sedgwick County (which grew by 25,459 people), Wyandotte County (which grew by 11,740 people), and Douglas County (which grew by 7,959 people). *See generally Kansas: 2020 Census*, U.S. Census Bureau (Aug. 25, 2021), <https://www.census.gov/library/stories/state-by-state/kansas-population-change-between-census-decade.html>.

Kansas by law has 40 senatorial districts and 125 representative districts. *See* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 2; K.S.A. 4-101. The Kansas Legislature began the process of preparing to redraw those districts according to the 2020 Census in 2021. Through a combination of in-person and virtual meetings, the House and Senate Committees on Redistricting jointly held a listening tour of 18 town hall meetings

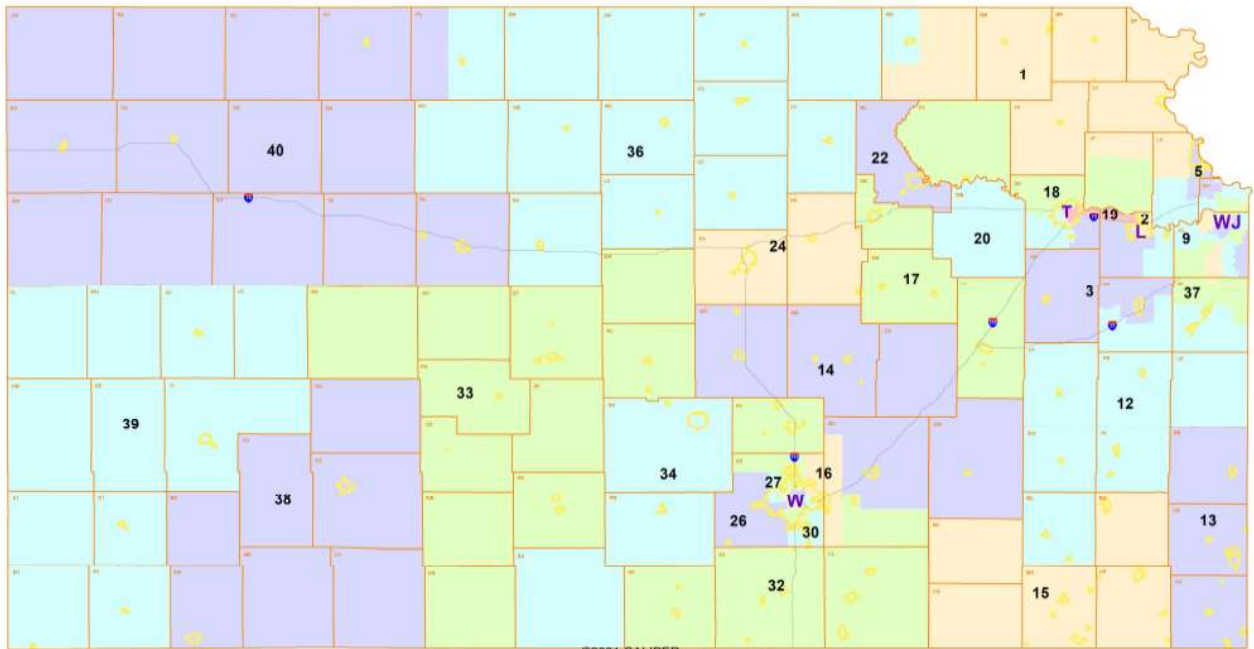
across Kansas. All of the meetings were live-streamed, and the public was invited to submit written or oral testimony (or both).

The listening tour occurred in two rounds: The first round consisted of 14 meetings held during the week of August 9, 2021. Meetings were held in: (1) Manhattan; (2) Salina; (3) Hays; (4) Colby; (5) Garden City; (6) Dodge City; (7) Hutchinson; (8) Wichita; (9) Chanute; (10) Pittsburg; (11) Overland Park; (12) Kansas City; (13) Leavenworth; and (14) Lawrence. *See generally House and Senate Redistricting Committees 2021 (August)*, KLRD, <http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Committees/House-Senate-Redistricting-Committees-2021.html> (last visited Apr. 24, 2022). The second round consisted of four meetings held virtually during the last two weeks in November. Members of the public also had the option to participate in these meetings in person at locations made available in: (1) Atchison, Mayetta, Ottawa, and Independence; (2) Emporia, Great Bend, Liberal, and McPherson; (3) Newton and El Dorado; and (4) Stilwell and Bonner Springs. *See generally House and Senate Redistricting Committees 2021 (November)*, KLRD, http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Committees/House-Senate-Redistricting-Committees_November_2021.html (last visited Apr. 25, 2022).

At its regular session in 2022, the Kansas Legislature enacted Sub SB 563 to reapportion Kansas's senatorial and representative districts. Sub SB 563 is attached to the Petition as Exhibit A. Members of the public had the opportunity to and did testify both in writing and orally with respect to these maps while they were under consideration in the Legislature. Because this Court must evaluate the

procedural validity of Sub SB 563 pursuant to Article 10, Section 1(b) of the Kansas Constitution, further details of Sub SB 563’s procedural history are provided in part II.A below.

Sub SB 563 enacted the “Liberty 3” map for state senatorial districts. That map is attached as Exhibit B.² It divides Kansas’s 40 senatorial districts as follows:

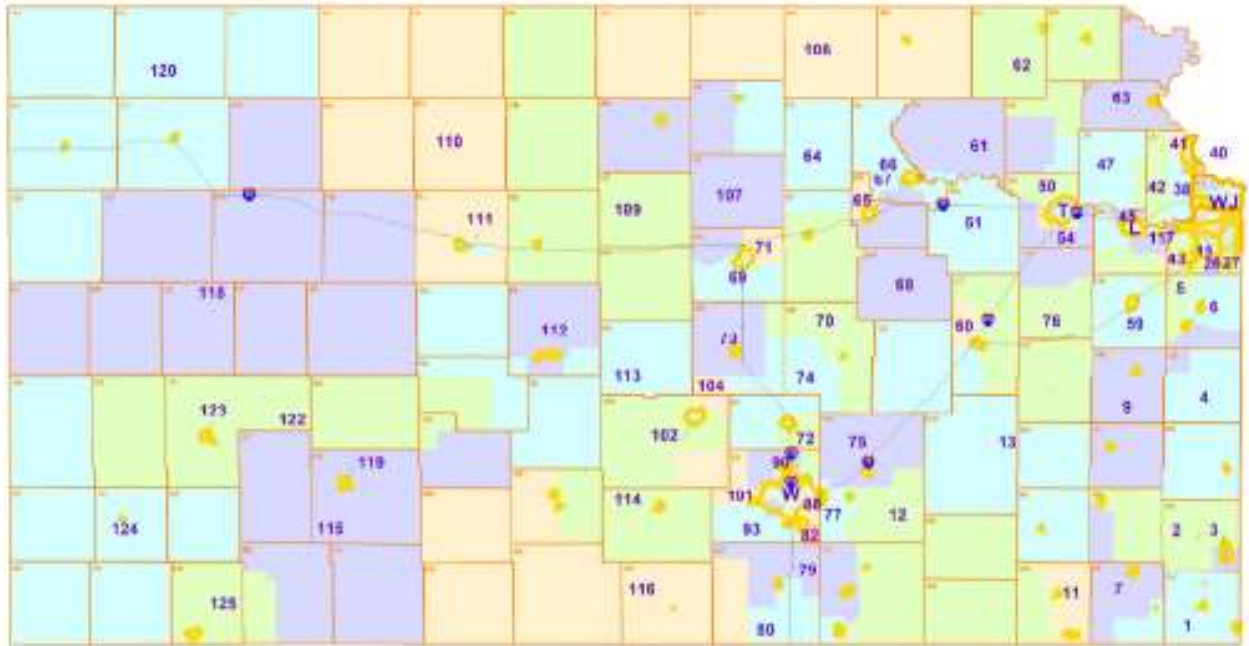


Sub SB 563 also enacted the “Free State 3F” map for state representative districts. That map is attached as Exhibit C.³ It divides Kansas’s 125 representative

² The full “map packet” for the Liberty 3 map is available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Publications/Redistricting/2022-Plans/Senate/Liberty_3.pdf. In addition to the map itself, a map packet includes various data related to the map—including district populations, the county composition of districts, racial and ethnic demographics of districts, compactness measures, comparisons of new and former districts, the new districts of incumbents, and a list of split political subdivisions.

³ The full map packet for the Free State 3F map is available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Publications/Redistricting/2022-Plans/House/Freestate_3F-packet.pdf.

districts as follows:



The Governor signed Sub SB 563 into law on April 15, 2022. Sub SB 563 became effective upon its publication in the Kansas Register on April 21. *See* 41 Kan. Reg. 666 (Apr. 21, 2022).⁴

On April 25, Attorney General Schmidt has petitioned this Court to determine the validity of the legislative apportionment contained in Sub SB 563.

Discussion and Legal Authorities

I. The Kansas Constitution requires that the Kansas Legislature, the Attorney General, and this Court each perform specified roles in legislative reapportionment.

Every ten years, Kansas’s senatorial and representative districts must be redrawn. *See* Kan. Const. art. 10, § 1(a). Both the Kansas Legislature and the

⁴ This issue of the Kansas Register is available on the Secretary of State’s website at <https://www.kssos.org/publications/Register/Volume-41/PDF/Vol-41-No-16-April-21-2022.pdf>.

Attorney General are assigned duties in this constitutional process. The Kansas Legislature performed that duty by enacting Sub SB 563, and Attorney General Schmidt performs that duty by bringing this action as required by Article 10, Section 1(b) of the Kansas Constitution to determine the validity of the 2022 reapportionment.

A. The Kansas Constitution requires the Kansas Legislature to reapportion the state legislative districts every decade.

Pursuant to Article 10, Section 1(a) of the Kansas Constitution, “at its regular session every tenth year” after 1992, the Kansas Legislature “shall by law reapportion the state senatorial districts and representative districts.”

Apportionment is to be done “on the basis of the population of the state as established by the most recent census of population taken and published by the United States census bureau.” Kan. Const. art. 10, § 1(a).⁵ The Kansas Constitution also requires that “[b]ills reapportioning legislative districts shall be published in the Kansas register immediately upon final passage and shall be effective for the next following election of legislators and thereafter until again reapportioned.” *Id.*

The Kansas Legislature fulfilled its constitutional duty this year. The Kansas

⁵ The Kansas Constitution previously required that Kansas’s total population as reported by the most recent census be adjusted in two ways: (1) to “exclude nonresident military personnel stationed within the state and nonresident students attending colleges and universities within the state,” and (2) to “include military personnel stationed within the state who are residents of the state and students attending colleges and universities within the state who are residents of the state in the district of their permanent residence.” *See* 2019 Kan. Sess. Laws 1228-29 (SCR 1605). Kansas voters eliminated that requirement in 2019 with the Kansas Eliminate Revision of Census Population Amendment. *See id.*

Legislature apportioned both Kansas’s senatorial and representative districts based on the 2020 Census in Sub SB 563. The Secretary of State published Sub SB 563 in the Kansas Register on April 21, 2022, as required by the Kansas Constitution. *See* 41 Kan. Reg. 666; Kan. Const. art.10, § 1(a).

B. The Kansas Constitution requires the Attorney General to petition this Court to review the validity of state legislative apportionment acts.

Under Article 10, Section 1(b) of the Kansas Constitution, “[w]ithin 15 days after the publication” of an apportionment act in the Kansas Register, “the attorney general shall petition the supreme court of the state to determine the validity thereof.” The Attorney General must petition even if there is a “lack of objection” to the maps. *In re Stovall (Stovall II)*, 273 Kan. 731, 733, 45 P.3d 855 (2002); *see also In re Stovall (Stovall I)*, 273 Kan. 715, 717, 44 P.3d 1266 (2002) (same). The Attorney General’s petition initiates an “original action” that is not “an adversary proceeding.” *In re Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. 628, 629-30, 593 P.2d 1 (1979); *see also House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 828 (similar).

After the Attorney General files his petition, this Court “shall enter its judgment” within “30 days.” Kan. Const. art. 10, § 1(b); *see In re Stephan (Stephan II)*, 251 Kan. 595, 596, 833 P.2d 1017 (1992) (“[T]he constitution requires this court to enter judgment within 30 days from the filing of the petition.”). If this Court determines that the apportionment act is valid, then that judgment “shall be final until the legislative districts are again reapportioned” in 2032. Kan. Const. art. 10, § 1(e). If this Court determines that the apportionment act is invalid, then “the legislature shall enact a statute of reapportionment conforming to the judgment of

the supreme court within 15 days.” *Id.* § 1(b). The Attorney General must then again petition this Court “to determine the validity” of the new apportionment act. *Id.* § 1(c).

Attorney General Schmidt has fulfilled his constitutional duty by filing this Petition requesting that the Court determine that the legislative reapportionment contained in Sub SB 563 is valid.

II. This Court should determine that Sub SB 563 is valid.

As previously explained, “article 10 of the Kansas Constitution requires this court to determine the validity of the reapportionment act.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 719. The Kansas Constitution “does not define ‘valid,’ nor does it specify any criteria for determining the validity of a reapportionment act.” *Id.* This Court therefore had to devise its own definition of “valid”: “[T]he reapportionment act must be valid as to the procedure in which it became law and as to the substance of the apportionment itself to meet the constitutional requirements.” *Id.*; *see also Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 733 (similar); *In re Stephan (Stephan III)*, 251 Kan. 597, 601, 836 P.2d 574 (1992) (similar); *In re Stephan (Stephan I)*, 245 Kan. 118, 121, 775 P.2d 663 (1989) (similar); *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841 (similar); *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 632 (similar).

As this Court has repeated in the legislative apportionment context, “[l]egislation is presumed to be constitutional.” *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 735; *see also Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 725 (same); *Harris*, 192 Kan. at 191 (“[T]here is a presumption that laws passed by the legislature are valid and constitutional . . .”). And the “propriety and wisdom of legislation are exclusively matters for legislative

determination.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 609. “State reapportionment of legislative districts is the task of local legislatures or of those organs of state government selected to perform it.” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841 (citing *Gaffney*, 412 U.S. at 751). This Court may not “substitute its judgment for that of another equal branch of the government.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 609; see *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 129 (“[W]e cannot substitute our judgment for that of the legislature.”). “In the absence of a constitutional violation,” then, “this court is not at liberty to declare [a] reapportionment plan void because it allegedly creates inconvenience, is unfair, or is inequitable.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 609.

Prior to this year, this Court has reviewed the validity of apportionment acts pursuant to Article 10, Section 1(b) of the Kansas Constitution six times. See *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. 731 (2002 Senate reapportionment); *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. 715 (2002 House of Representatives reapportionment); *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. 597 (1992 Senate and House of Representatives Reapportionment); *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. 118 (1989 House of Representatives reapportionment); *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. 827 (1979 House of Representatives reapportionment); *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. 628 (1979 Senate reapportionment). Each time, the Court has determined the act to be valid. See *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 736; *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 725; *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 612; *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 129; *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 842; *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 637.⁶

⁶ “[T]he qualified electors of Kansas adopted” the judicial review process in Article 10, Section 1(b) of the Kansas Constitution at “the general election held on August 6, 1974.” *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 628; see 1974 Kan. Sess. Laws 1533-34

Sub SB 563 is similarly valid, both procedurally and substantively.

A. Sub SB 563 is procedurally valid.

In determining the procedural validity of an apportionment act, this Court asks whether “the applicable legislative rules and constitutional and statutory law concerning the enactment of legislation were not followed or were in some way violated.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 603; *see also Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 733 (“In the absence of evidence of a violation of constitutional or statutory law, or any evidence that the applicable legislative rules were not followed, we do not find any procedural inadequacies.”); *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723 (same). When it comes to Sub SB 563, the answer to that question is no.⁷

The Attorney General is unaware of any procedural violations in the enactment of Sub SB 563 and is similarly unaware of any procedural violations that have been alleged. “All necessary procedural steps were taken” in the enactment of Sub SB 563. *Stephan I*, 225 Kan. at 841; *see also House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841 (same).

The Senate Committee on Ways and Means introduced SB 563 on March 14,

(HCR 1059). Prior to that amendment, this Court had invalidated legislative apportionment schemes on the ground that they violated the Fourteenth Amendment’s guarantee of population equality. *See Harris v. Anderson*, 194 Kan. 302, 310-11, 400 P.2d 25 (1965) (“The Fourteenth Amendment has been so construed to require that we hold, as we now do, that the existing apportionment plan of the Kansas House of Representatives is unconstitutional as violating the Equal Protection Clause of the amendment.”); *Harris*, 192 Kan. at 208 (“On its face the act offends fundamental concepts inherent in our republican form of government and makes out a prima facie case of unequal representation . . .”).

⁷ The procedural history of Sub SB 563 is available on the Kansas Legislature’s website at http://www.kslegislature.org/li/b2021_22/measures/sb563/.

2022. *See* 2022 Senate Journal 1659; *see also* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 12 (providing that a bill “may originate in either house”). SB 563 contained an enacting clause. *See* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 20 (“The enacting clause of all bills shall be ‘Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:’”). And as its title reflects, SB 563 dealt with a single subject—namely, state legislative reapportionment. *See* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 16 (“No bill shall contain more than one subject The subject of each bill shall be expressed in its title.”).

After it was introduced, Sub 563 was referred by the Senate Vice President (under the authority of the Senate President) to the Senate Committee on Redistricting. *See* 2022 Senate Journal 1661. The report of the Senate Committee on Redistricting recommended that Sub SB 563 be adopted. *See id.* at 1674. Sub SB 563 substituted the Liberty 3 map for senatorial districts for the prior “Liberty 2” map. On April 16, the Senate Committee of the Whole adopted the report of the Senate Committee on Redistricting and then proceeded to debate Sub SB 563. *See id.* Further amendments to Sub SB 563 were proposed, and all were rejected. *See id.* Sub SB 563 was considered on final action on March 17. *See id.* at 1690. The Senate passed Sub SB 563 by a vote of 28 to 8. *See id.*; *see* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 10 (“The affirmative and negative votes upon the final passage of every bill . . . shall be entered in the journal.”).

The House of Representatives then received Sub SB 563 from the Senate. *See* House Journal 1872. Sub SB 563 was referred to the Committee of the Whole on March 22. *See id.* at 2268. On a motion by Representative Ralph, the Committee of

the Whole amended Sub SB 563 on March 23. *See id.* at 2291-2396. The amendment added the Free State 3F map for representative districts. That same day, on an emergency motion by Representative Hawkins, Sub SB 563 was advanced to final action. *See id.* at 2396; *see also* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 15 (“No bill shall be passed on the day that it is introduced, unless in case of emergency declared by two-thirds of the members present in the house where a bill is pending.”). The House passed Sub SB 563 as amended by the House by a vote of 112 to 9. *See* 2022 House Journal 2396-97.

On March 28, the Senate nonconcurred in the House’s amendments and requested a Conference Committee be appointed. *See* 2022 Senate Journal 1807-08. The House acceded. *See* 2022 House Journal 2407. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the House appointed their respective chamber’s members of the Conference Committee. *See* 2022 Senate Journal 1808; 2022 House Journal 2407. The Conference Committee issued its report on March 30.⁸ *See* 2022 Senate Journal 1849-50; 2022 House Journal 2476-77. That same day, the Senate adopted the Conference Committee report by a vote of 29 to 11, *see* 2022 Senate Journal 1850, and the House adopted it by a vote of 83 to 40, *see* 2022 House Journal 2477; *see also* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 13 (“A majority of the members . . . of each house, voting in the affirmative, shall be necessary to pass any bill.”).

⁸ The Conference Committee report added the Apple 7 map for state Board of Education districts. That map had previously been passed by the Senate as SB 577. More information about SB 577 can be found on the Kansas Legislature’s website at http://www.kslegislature.org/li/b2021_22/measures/sb577/.

Sub SB 563 was then enrolled and presented to the Governor on April 8. *See* Kan. Const. art. 2, § 14(a) (“Within ten days after passage, every bill shall be signed by the presiding officers and presented to the governor.”). The Governor signed Sub SB 563 into law on April 15. *See also id.* (“If the governor approves a bill, he shall sign it.”). And the Secretary of State published Sub SB 563 in the Kansas Register on April 21. *See* 41 Kan. Reg. 666; *see also* Kan. Const. art. 10, § 1(a) (An apportionment act “shall be published in the Kansas register immediately upon final passage.”); *id.* art. 2, § 19 (“No act shall take effect until the enacting bill is published as provided by law.”).

There is no evidence of procedural irregularity in the Legislature’s enactment of Sub SB 563. Nor is there any “evidence that legislative meetings or actions were conducted in secret.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723. Any absence of “greater opportunity for comment” does not render an apportionment act invalid. *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 603. Nor does the fact that “the legislative process relative to reapportionment moved with dispatch.” *Id.* Put simply, “no procedural deficiency exists.” *Id.*

B. Sub SB 563 is substantively valid.

This Court’s “substantive review of the reapportionment legislation addresses the following: Does [the reapportionment legislation] violate the ‘one person-one vote’ principle? Do the reapportioned House and Senate districts impermissibly split political entities and communities of interest? Does the reapportionment legislation violate section 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act?” *Id.* With respect to Sub SB 563, the answer to all three questions is again no.

1. Sub SB 563 achieves substantial equality of population.

“The constitutional principle underlying reapportionment litigation is founded on fourteenth amendment equal protection concepts.” *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 633. That principle “has been popularized as ‘one person-one vote.’” *Id.* It applies to “both houses” of the Kansas Legislature. *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 718 (citing *Reynolds v. Sims*, 377 U.S. 533, 577 (1964)). And it requires that a state “make an honest and good faith effort to construct districts, in both houses of its legislature, as nearly of equal population as is practicable.” *Id.* (quoting *Reynolds*, 377 U.S. at 577); *see also Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 604 (“In the context of reapportionment, equal protection requires one person’s vote to be worth as much as another person’s vote to the extent district population apportionment will permit.”).

The one person-one vote principle does not require “mathematical exactness,” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 718, or “mathematical perfection,” *Harris v. Arizona Indep. Redistricting Comm’n*, 578 U.S. 253, 258 (2016). Rather, there need only “be substantial equality of population.” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841; *see also Harris v. Anderson*, 194 Kan. 302, 304, 400 P.2d 25 (1965) (same). As this Court has recognized in the context of legislative reapportionment, “the machinery of government would not work if it were not allowed a little play in its joints.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 718 (quoting *Reynolds*, 377 U.S. at 577 n.57).

Courts measure compliance with the Fourteenth Amendment’s one person-one vote principle “based upon population deviation[s].” *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 126; *see also, e.g., Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 733-34; *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723; *Stephan III*,

251 Kan. at 604-05; *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 831; *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 634. An apportionment plan’s population deviation is “the sum of the greatest percentage above the ideal [district population] and the greatest percentage below the ideal [district population].” *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 634; *see also Evenwel v. Abbott*, 136 S. Ct. 1120, 1124 n.2 (2016) (“Maximum population deviation is the sum of the percentage deviations from perfect population equality of the most- and least-populated districts.”). The “ideal district” population is calculated “by dividing the total population of the state . . . by the number of [legislative] districts drawn by the reapportionment act.” *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 634; *see also, e.g., Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 733 (similar); *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723 (similar).

Population deviations of up to 10% are considered “minor” and are presumptively valid. *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 605-06; *see also, e.g., Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 718 (explaining that this Court has “acknowledg[ed] a permissible total deviation of 10% from an ‘ideal’ district”); *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 832 (“A 5% Deviation over and a 5% Deviation under the ideal district population appears to be the line drawn by the federal courts.”). Such minor deviations “are permitted without justification unless there is established a convincing violation of equal protection of voting rights.” *House Bill. No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 830; *see also Harris*, 578 U.S. at 259 (“[W]e have refused to require States to justify deviations of 9.9%.”); *Brown v. Thomson*, 462 U.S. 835, 842 (1983) (“[M]inor deviations” do not “require justification by the State.” (citation omitted)). That threshold is met “only rarely, in

unusual cases.” *Harris*, 578 U.S. at 259.

Population deviations of more than 10%, meanwhile, “must be justified by a rational state policy.” *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 634; *see also, e.g., Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 126 (“[L]arger deviations [a]re permissible when resulting from implementation of a rational state policy.”); *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 830 (“Even a significant variation from the ideal district population may be justified by establishing there is a rational state policy basis for such deviation.”). Rational state policies might include compactness, contiguity, natural boundaries, physical barriers, respect for political subdivisions, preservation of the core of prior districts, use of high population precincts, and avoiding contests between incumbents. *See, e.g., Harris*, 578 U.S. at 258; *Brown*, 462 U.S. at 842; *Karcher v. Daggett*, 462 U.S. 725, 740 (1983); *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 719; *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 832.

The “fact that other redistricting maps might have been drawn with lower deviations is irrelevant to [this Court’s] inquiry.” *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 733; *see also Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 719 (“[I]t is immaterial that districts could have been drawn with smaller percentage deviations . . .”). As the Court has explained, a “fair and reasonable apportionment of the legislative districts of the whole state must be formulated primarily by the legislative process with all of its political trappings and necessary compromises.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 605 (quoting *Senate Bill No 220*, 225 Kan. at 634). What matters is not whether this Court “might have drawn [legislative] district lines differently,” but rather whether the lines drawn by the Kansas Legislature are “constitutionally sound.” *Id.* at 605, 608 (quoting *Senate*

Bill No 220, 225 Kan. at 634).

The legislative districts drawn in Sub SB 563 are constitutionally sound. Both legislative district maps have population deviations less than 10% and are therefore “presumed valid for Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendment purposes.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723.

Starting with senatorial districts, based on Kansas’s total population of 2,937,880, the ideal district population is 73,447. The largest senatorial district under Sub SB 563 is District 5 located in Leavenworth and Wyandotte Counties. District 5 has a population of 76,345, or 3.95% above the ideal district population. The smallest senatorial district is District 3 located in Douglas, Franklin, Osage, and Shawnee Counties. District 3 has a population of 70,949, which is 3.4% below the ideal district population. This means that the Liberty 3 map has a population deviation of 7.35%. Notably, this is lower than the population deviations of the most recent senatorial district map upheld by this Court. *See Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 734 (9.27%). And it is comparable to the population deviations of earlier senatorial district maps upheld by this Court. *See Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 606 (6.89%); *Senate Bill No. 220*, 225 Kan. at 634 (6.5%).

Turning to representative districts, based on Kansas’s total population of 2,937,880, the ideal district population is 23,503. The largest representative district is District 44 located in Douglas County. District 44 has a population of 24,346, which is 3.59% above the ideal district population. The smallest representative district is District 112 located in Barton County. District 112 has a population of

22,577, which is 3.94% below the ideal district population. This means that the Free State 3F map has a population deviation of 7.53%. This too is lower than the population deviations of prior representative district maps upheld by this Court. *See Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723 (9.95%); *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 606 (9.72%); *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 125 (10%); *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 831 (9.9%).

2. Sub SB 563’s districts are contiguous, compact, and do not improperly split political entities or communities of interest.

In evaluating the validity of state legislative apportionments, this Court has previously assessed “whether the reapportioned districts are compact and contiguous or split political entities and communities of interest.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 606. Sub SB 563’s districts are both contiguous and compact, and they impermissibly split neither political entities nor communities of interest. Other qualities of Sub SB 563’s legislative districts confirm their validity.

Although there is “no requirement imposed by federal law of contiguity and compactness of congressional districts,” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 834, this Court’s “review of the substantive validity of the reapportionment legislation” has sometimes evaluated “whether the districts are compact and contiguous as drawn,” *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 735. Once again, though, even if this Court “might have drawn district lines differently, [it] cannot substitute [its] judgment for that of the legislature.” *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 128; *see Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 607 (upholding validity of representative apportionment with a district that “lack[ed] a certain compactness or contiguity”). This Court has upheld reapportionment acts where the districts drawn “are reasonably contiguous and compact.” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225

Kan. at 841; *see also Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 127 (“fairly contiguous and compact”).

All of the districts in both Liberty 3 and Free State 3F are contiguous. And they are also “reasonably . . . compact.” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841. One common measure of compactness is the Reock score, which compares each district to a circle. That score ranges from 0 to 1. The higher the score, the more compact the district. The average Reock score for Liberty 3’s districts is 0.42, and the average Reock score for Free State 3F’s districts is 0.45. Both scores indicate compactness. *See, e.g., Essex v. Kobach*, 874 F.2d 1069, 1089-94 (D. Kan. 2012) (drawing senatorial district map with average Reock score of 0.45 and representative district map with average Reock score of 0.46⁹); *Comm. for a Fair & Balanced Map v. Illinois State Bd. of Elections*, 835 F. Supp. 2d 563, 570 (N.D. Ill. 2011) (noting expert testimony “that low compactness is . . . equal or less than .15 on the Reock measure”).

This Court’s review of apportionment acts has also included a determination whether the “integrity of the political subdivisions of the state has been preserved in arriving at the district boundaries.” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841. But the “mere fact that a political entity, such as a county, is split does not vitiate the act.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 607-08; *see also Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 725; *Stephan I*,

⁹ The Reock scores of the senatorial and representative district maps are available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/2012LDP/District_Court/m5_district%20court%20-senate/63-m5_districtcourt-senate-compact.pdf and http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/2012LDP/District_Court/m5_district%20court-house/63-districtcourt-house-compact.pdf.

245 Kan. at 129 (“The fact that other plans could be devised which might avoid dividing certain counties into two or more districts does not give us cause to reject the plan adopted by the legislature.”). Rather, an apportionment act is valid where those political entities that are split “appear to have been divided because of population considerations, not because of any improper motive.” *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 127; *see also House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 833 (approving apportionment act where, “[a]fter studying the counties which have been split between two districts, it appears in each case the split was necessary in order to equalize a district population”).

Sub SB 563 does not improperly divide political subdivisions. Both Liberty 3 and Free State 3F divide very few counties, and none of those counties appears to have been divided with any improper motive.

Starting with Liberty 3’s senatorial districts, that map keeps 92 counties whole. It divides only 13 counties into more than one district. Six of those counties (Johnson, Sedgwick, Shawnee, Wyandotte, Douglas, and Leavenworth Counties) had to be split because they have populations that exceed that of the ideal district—some many times over. And all but two of the 13 counties (Franklin and Sumner Counties) were split in the federal court-drawn 2012 senatorial district map. Liberty 3 also splits a similar number of counties as prior apportionment acts upheld by this Court. *See, e.g., Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 608 (“For the most part, the senatorial districts established in the reapportionment plan respect the integrity of existing political subdivisions of the state—the county boundary lines.”); *House Bill*

No. 2620, 225 Kan. at 833 (“A large majority of the counties were placed entirely within a district.”); *cf. Essex*, 874 F. Supp. 2d at 1129-68 (23 counties split¹⁰). The counties split in Liberty 3 appear to have been divided to achieve population equality.

Turning to Free State 3F’s representative districts, that map keeps 67 counties whole. It divides just 38 counties into more than one district. Twenty-four of those counties had to be split because they have populations that exceed that of the ideal district. And all but five of the 38 counties (Cloud, Edwards, Jefferson, Meade, and Pratt Counties) were split in the federal court-drawn 2012 senatorial district map. Free State 3F also splits fewer counties than other representative apportionments upheld by this Court. *See, e.g., Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 608 (48 counties divided); *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 127 (“[a]pproximately half of the counties” split); *cf. Essex*, 874 F. Supp. 2d at 1193-1257 (50 counties split¹¹). Once again, the counties split in Free State 3F appear to have been divided to achieve population equality.

Sub SB 563 also does not improperly divide communities of interest. In reviewing apportionment acts, this Court has previously evaluated “whether the

¹⁰ A full list of the counties split under this map are available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/2012LDP/District_Court/m5_district%20court%20-senate/36-m5_districtcourt-senate-split.pdf.

¹¹ A full list of the counties split under this map are available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/2012LDP/District_Court/m5_district%20court-house/36-districtcourt-house-split.pdf.

reapportioned districts . . . split . . . communities of interest.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 606. But the “fact that other plans could be devised that might avoid dividing certain communities . . . does not, by itself, give [this Court] cause to reject the plan adopted by the legislature.” *Id.* at 609. As this Court has recognized, “innumerable districts ideal for particular communities can be constructed if each is considered in isolation.” *Id.* at 608. But “when the entire state is divided into a specified number of districts, that which may appear ideal for one place or another must be subordinated to the goal of fair and reasonable apportionment of the whole state.” *Id.* This Court “cannot substitute [its] judgment for that of the legislature.” *Id.*; see also *Graham v. Thornburgh*, 207 F. Supp. 2d 1280, 1296-97 (D. Kan. 2002) (“Nor is the court in a position to weigh the relative importance or deservedness of particular communities of interest.”).

Other qualities of Sub SB 563 confirm its substantive validity. Sub SB 563 “preserv[es] the cores of prior districts.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 719. It is apparent that the Kansas Legislature made an effort to retain as many current legislative districts as possible. Liberty 3 creates just two new districts that have no incumbent Senator (Districts 19 and 35). This is comparable to the number of new districts other senatorial apportionment plans approved by this Court have created. See *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 734 (one new district); cf. *Essex*, 874 F.2d at 1089-93 (four new districts¹²). Free State 3F creates just three new districts that have no

¹² A list of the new districts under this map are available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/2012LDP/District_Court/m5_district%20court%20-senate/61-m5_districtcourt-

incumbent Representative (Districts 30, 78, and 117). This too is fewer than the number of new districts other representative apportionment plans approved by this Court have created. *See Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 723 (four new districts); *cf. Essex*, 874 F. Supp. 2d at 1193 (25 new districts).

Sub SB 563 mostly avoids pitting incumbents against each other. The existence of potential incumbent contests does not render an apportionment plan invalid. As this Court has recognized, “[w]hen a state is redistricted, it is inevitable that some resulting districts will include the residences of more than one incumbent.” *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 127. “Redistricting may pit incumbents against one another or make very difficult election of the most experienced legislator. The reality is that districting inevitably has and is intended to have substantial political consequences.” *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 734 (quoting *Gaffney*, 412 U.S. at 753).

Liberty 3 creates only two districts with multiple Senate incumbents, one of which involves two Republicans (District 14) and the other of which involves one Democrat and one Republican (District 9). This is comparable to the number of districts with multiple incumbents other senatorial maps upheld by this Court have involved. *See, e.g., Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 734 (one district with a Democrat and a Republican); *cf. Essex*, 874 F. Supp. 2d at 1089-93 (three districts with multiple Republicans and one district with a Democrat and a Republican¹³). Free State 3F,

senate-incumb.pdf.

¹³ A list of the new districts of incumbents under this map are available on the Kansas Legislative Research Department’s website at http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/2012LDP/District_Court/m5_district%20court%20-senate/61-m5_districtcourt-

meanwhile, creates just three districts with multiple House incumbents, each of which involves two Republicans (Districts 49, 69, and 118). This is fewer than the number of districts with multiple incumbents other representative maps upheld by this Court have involved. *See, e.g., Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 734 (two districts with multiple Democrats and two districts with a Democrat and a Republican); *Stephan I*, 245 Kan. at 127 (three districts with multiple Democrats, one district with multiple Republicans, and two districts with a Democrat and a Republican); *cf. Essex*, 874 F. Supp. 2d at 1193 (two districts with multiple Democrats, fourteen districts with multiple Republicans, and seven districts with both Democrats and Republicans).

3. Sub SB 563 complies with Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act.

This Court’s “final consideration concerns section 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 610. That law “prohibits any ‘standard, practice or procedure,’ including redistricting plans, that result[s] in discrimination against minority voters.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 720 (quoting 42 U.S.C. § 1973). Its “focus[is] on equal political opportunity and political effectiveness,” and its “purpose is to create minority opportunity districts, not maximization of minority voting strength.” *Id.*

Section 2 generally provides that “minority representation may not be diluted by fracturing, packing, or other methods of gerrymandering of political boundaries.”

Stephan III, 251 Kan. at 610. Fracturing occurs when an apportionment plan “dilute[s] a minority group’s voting strength by dividing such a group among numerous representative districts.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 710. And packing occurs when an apportionment plan “pack[s]’ as many members of [a minority] group into one district as possible and, thus, dilute[es] the minority group’s bloc voting strength in adjacent districts.” *Id.*

“In a lawsuit alleging a violation of section 2 of the Voting Rights Act, the test is whether ‘as a result of a challenged practice or structure plaintiffs do not have an equal opportunity to participate in the political processes and to elect candidates of their choice.’” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 610 (quoting *Thornburg v. Gingles*, 478 U.S. 30, 44 (1986)); *see also Wis. Legislature v. Wis. Elections Comm’n*, 142 S. Ct. 1245, 1248 (2022) (per curiam). Courts applying this test “are to review the ‘totality of the circumstances.’” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 720 (quoting *Johnson v. De Grandy*, 512 U.S. 997, 1024 (1994)). In doing so, it is important to “keep in mind that the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment prohibits the excessive and unjustified use of race in redistricting.” *Id.* at 720-21 (citing *Shaw v. Reno*, 509 U.S. 630, 632 (1993)); *see Wis. Legislature*, 142 S. Ct. at 1248 (per curiam) (“Under the Equal Protection Clause, districting maps that sort voters on the basis of race ‘are by their very nature odious.’” (citation omitted)). While “race may be a motivating factor in drawing a particular representative district,” it “may not be the predominant factor.” *Stovall I*, 273 Kan. at 721. “When the race-based factors outweigh the traditional race-neutral districting principles, the district is

considered to be an unlawful racially gerrymandered district.” *Id.* at 722.

Traditional race-neutral districting principles include compactness, contiguity, adherence to political subdivisions, respect for communities of interest, incumbency protection, and safely retaining seats for a political party. *See id.*

With respect to Sub SB 563, there is “no evidence that the legislature has engaged in unacceptable techniques such as gerrymandering of district boundaries, fracturing, or packing minority districts in redrawing the House and Senate districts.” *Stephan III*, 251 Kan. at 612. And there is no evidence of “invidious discrimination against any group of the state’s citizens which would impermissibly impair their constitutionally protected right to vote.” *House Bill No. 2620*, 225 Kan. at 841. This Court should therefore “conclude that none of the Kansas [legislative] districts created in [Sub SB 563] appear to violate the provisions of the Voting Rights Act.” *Stovall II*, 273 Kan. at 735.

Conclusion

This Court should determine that the state legislative reapportionment contained in Sub SB 563 is valid.

Respectfully submitted,

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Exhibit B

Liberty 3 Map for State Senatorial Districts and Selected Information from the KLRD Map Packet

The full map packet for the Liberty 3 map is available on the Kansas
Legislative Research Department's website at
[http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Publications/Redistricting/2022-
Plans/Senate/Liberty_3.pdf](http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Publications/Redistricting/2022-Plans/Senate/Liberty_3.pdf)

Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

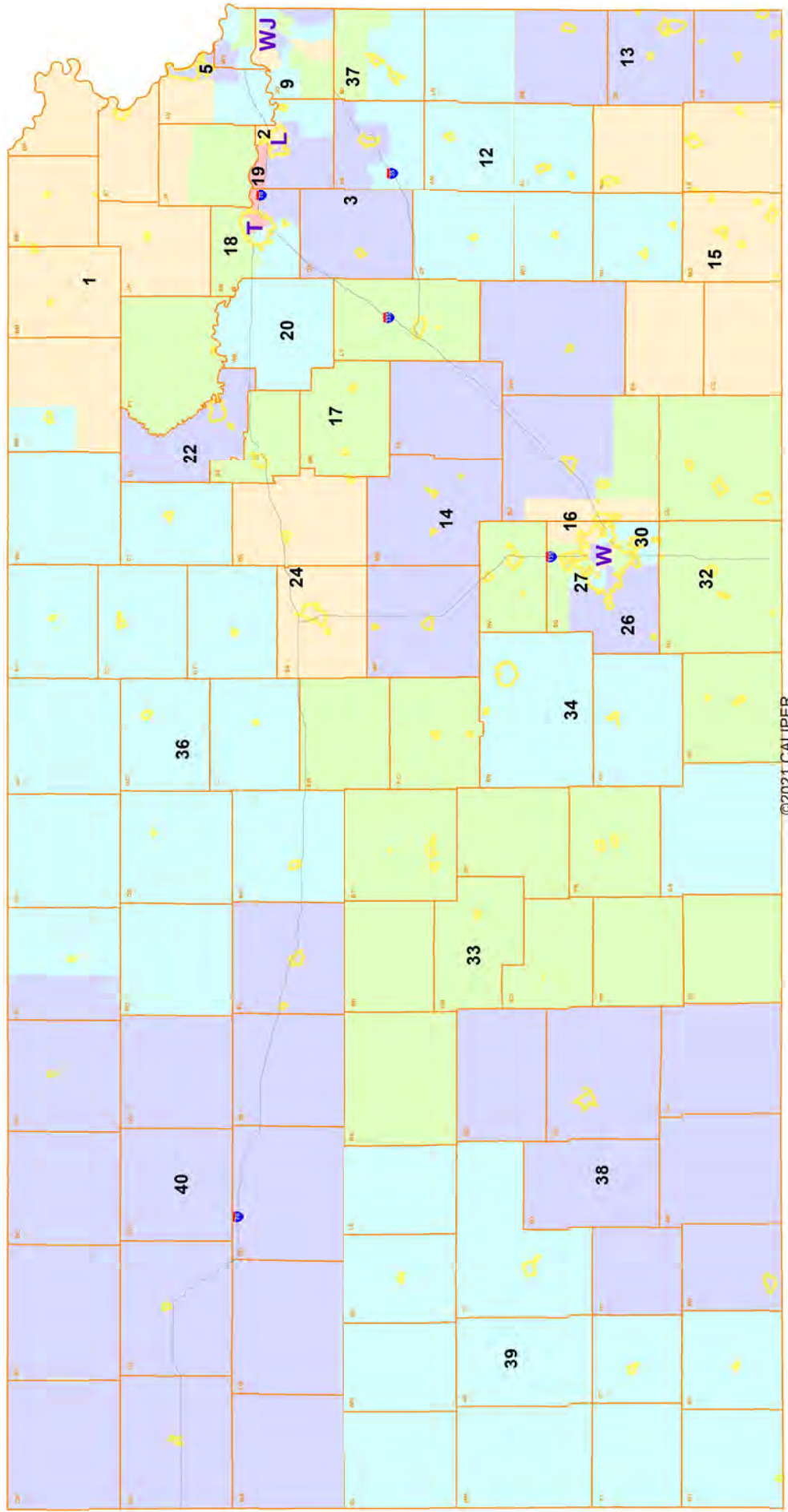
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- Districts

Miles

0 25 50 75

Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/14/2022

NOTE: In urban areas, VTD boundaries and highways have been hidden so that other information can be displayed. Detailed maps of urban areas follow this statewide map.



W= Wichita districts 16, 25-31

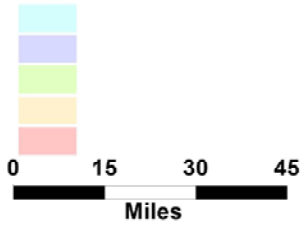
T=Topeka districts 18-20

L=Lawrence districts 2, 3, 19

WJ=Wyandotte and Johnson County districts 4-11, 21, 23, 35, 37

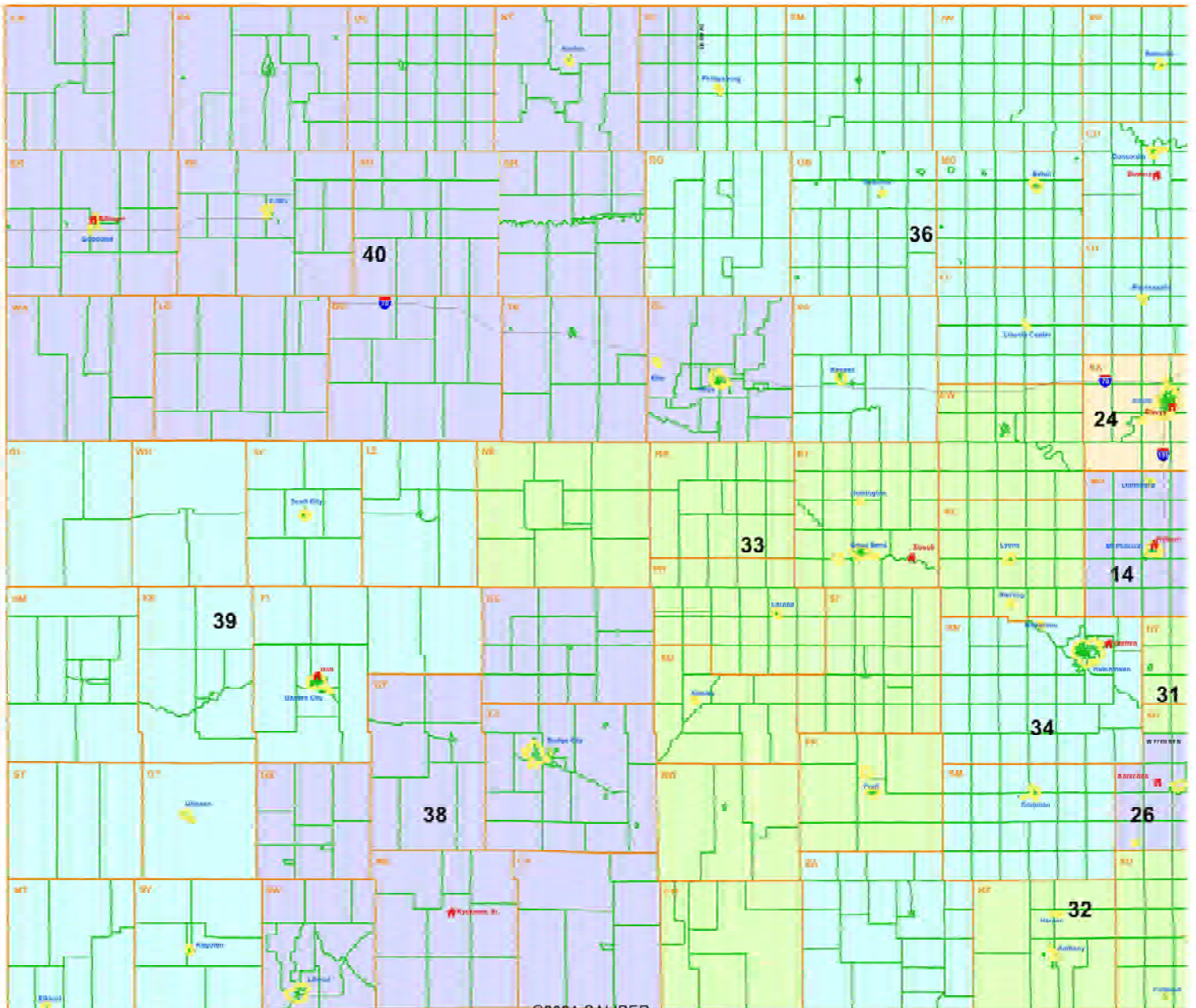
Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- Senate Incumbent Districts



Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/14/2022

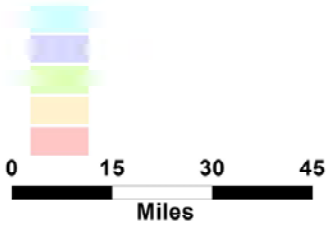
Liberty_3 for KLRD TR
Western Kansas



Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Map Features

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- Senate Incumbent Districts



Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/14/2022

NOTE: In urban areas, VTD boundaries, incumbents, and highways have been hidden so that other information can be displayed. Detailed maps of urban areas follow this map.

Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Eastern Kansas

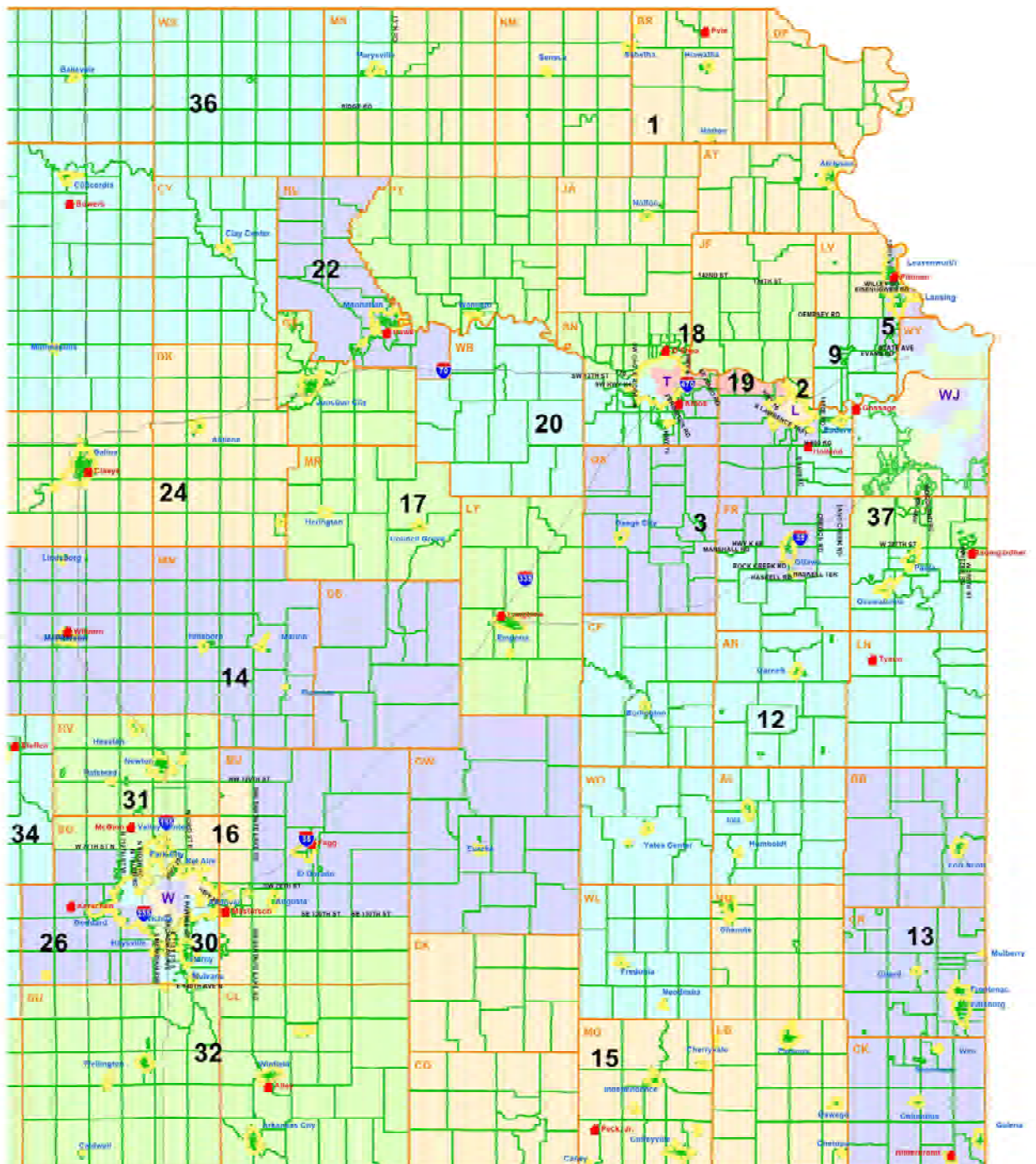
page 3 of 10

T=Topeka districts 18-20

L=Lawrence districts 2, 3, 19

WJ=Wyandotte and Johnson County districts 4-11, 21, 23, 35, 37

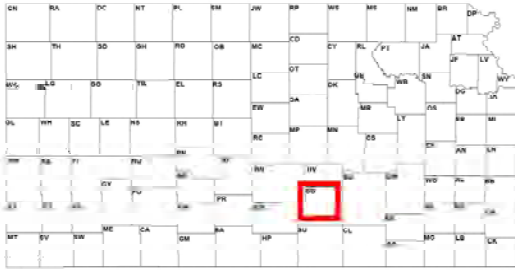
W = Wichita Districts 16, 25-31



Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Sedgewick County

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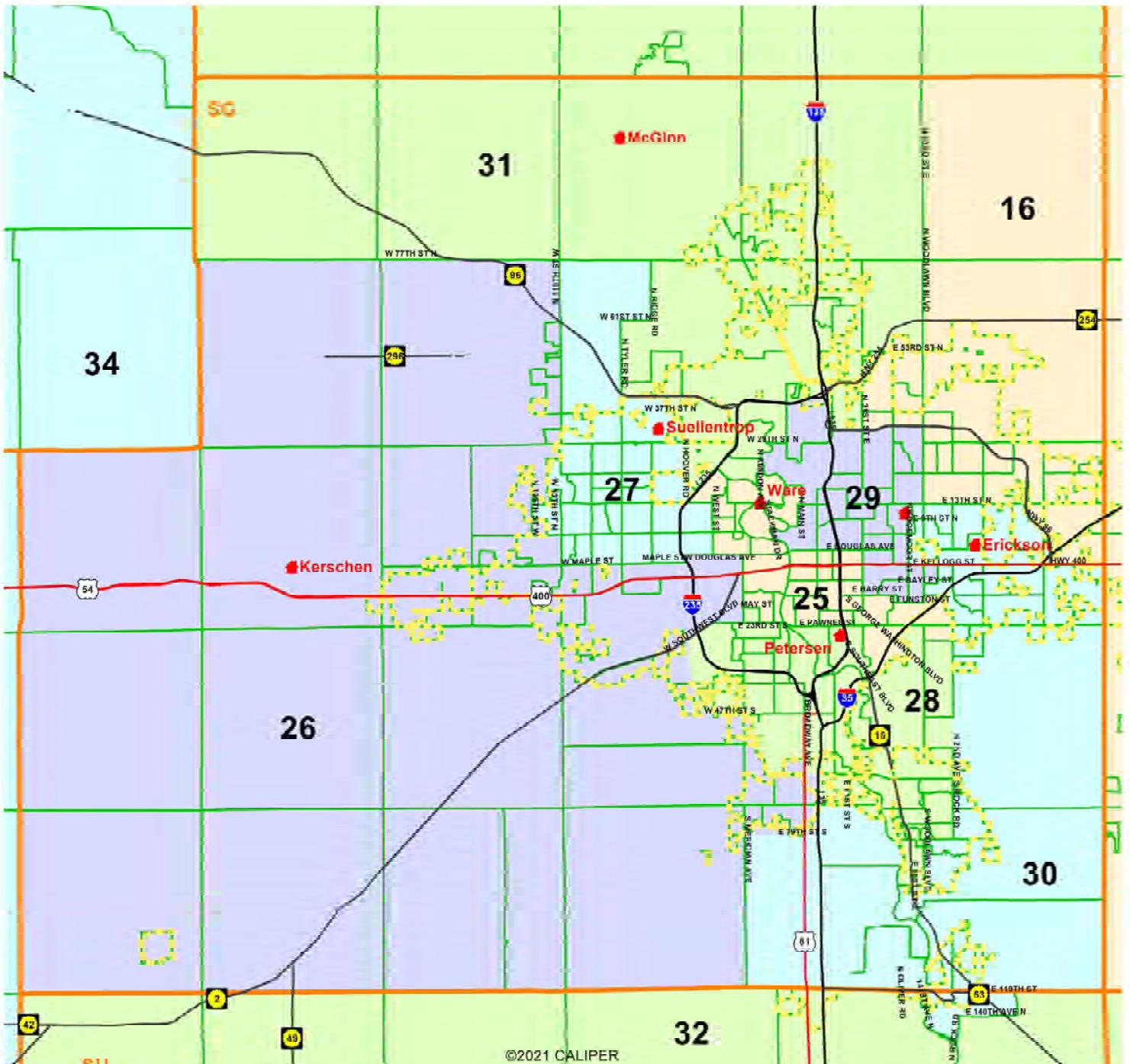
Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- Senate Homeseat

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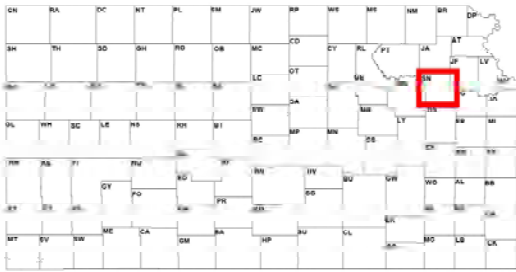
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Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Topeka

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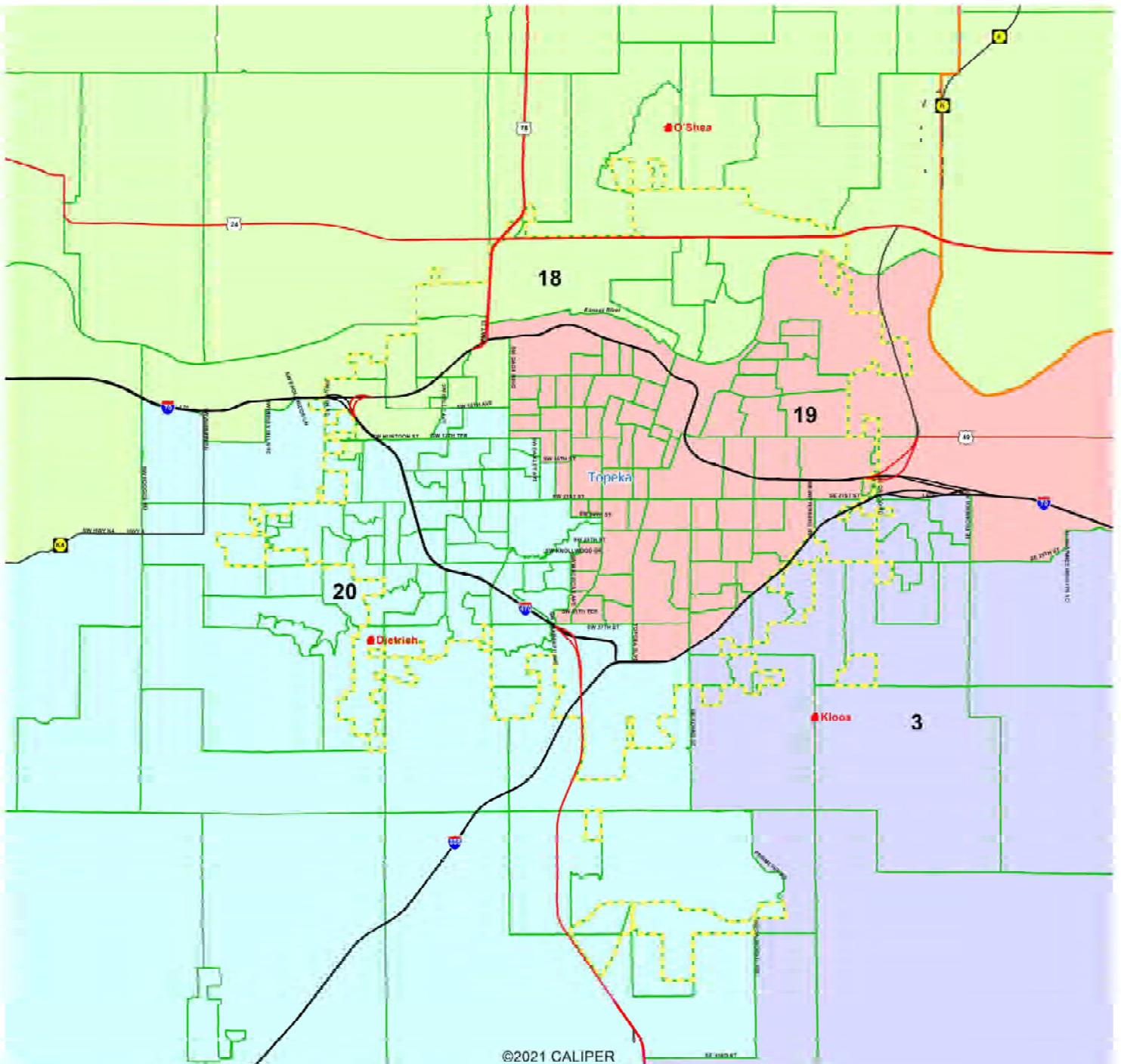
Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- Senate Homeseat

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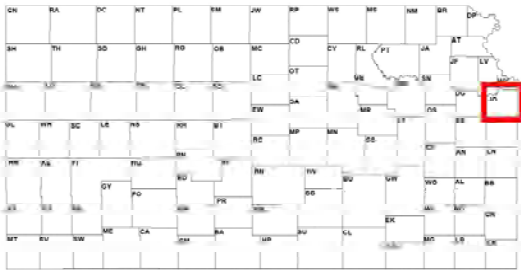
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Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Johnson County

Page 6 of 10



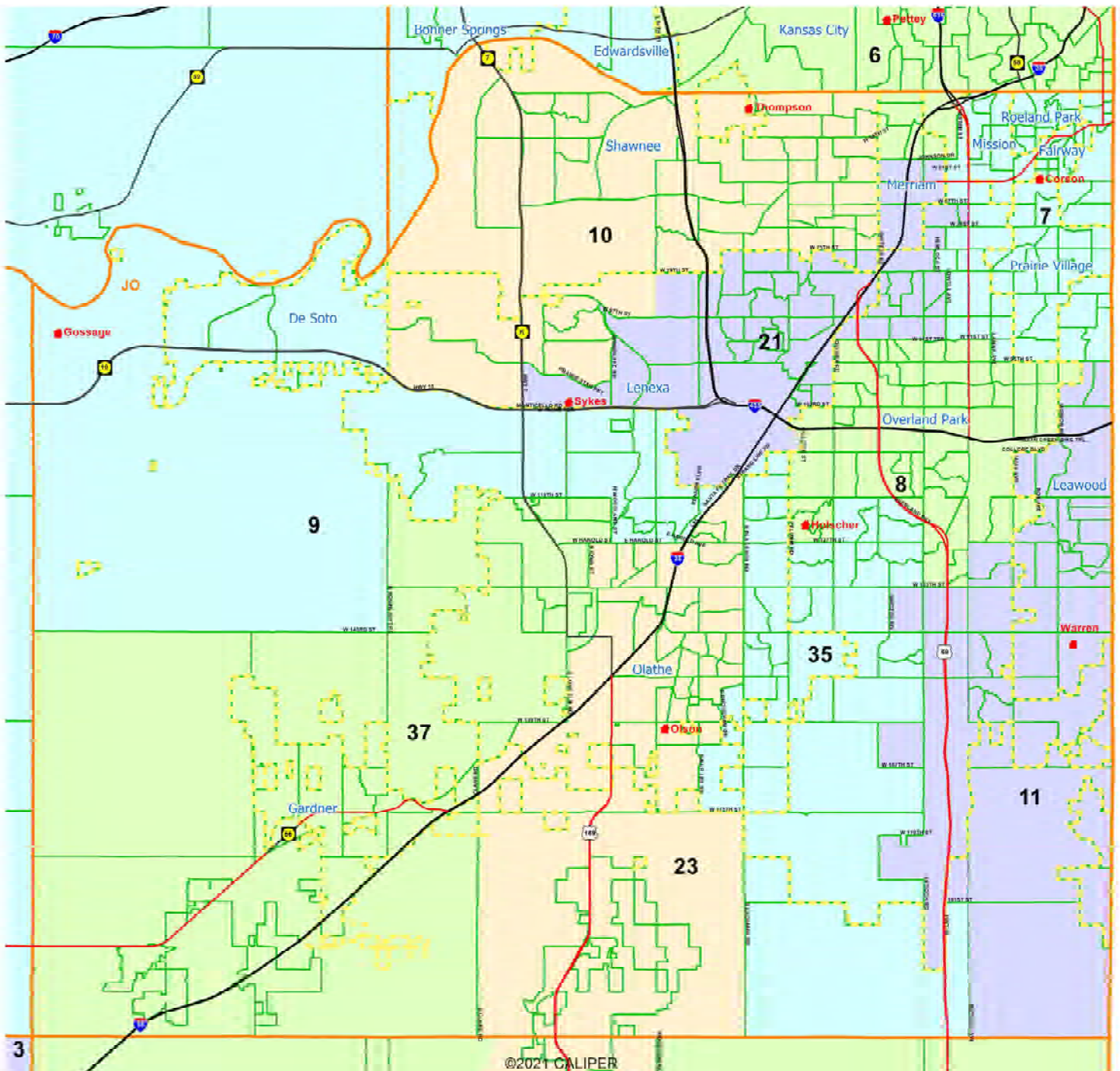
Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- Senate Homeseat

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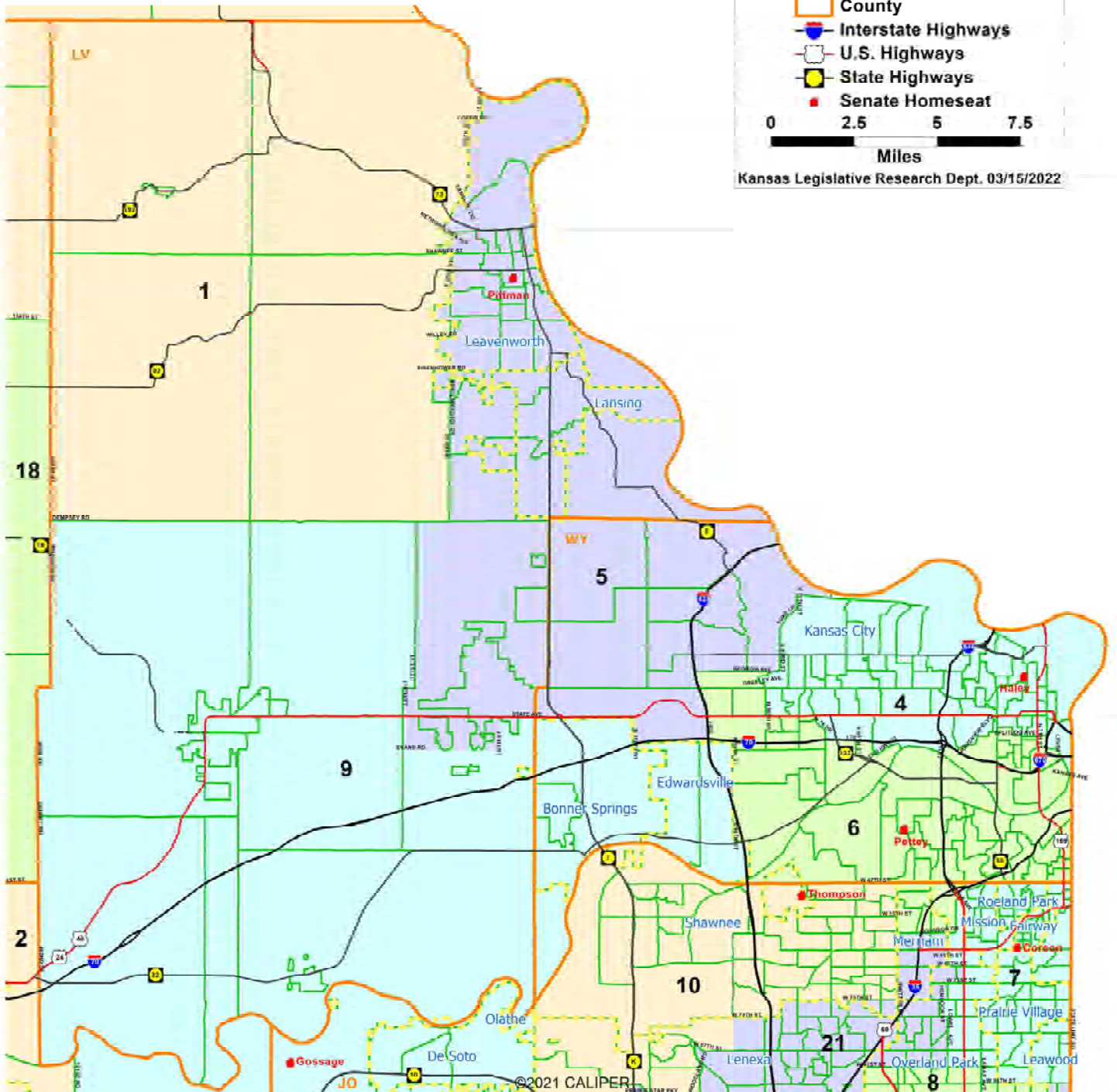
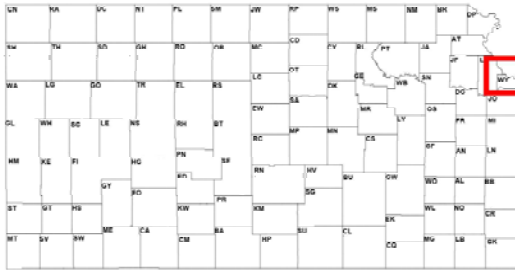
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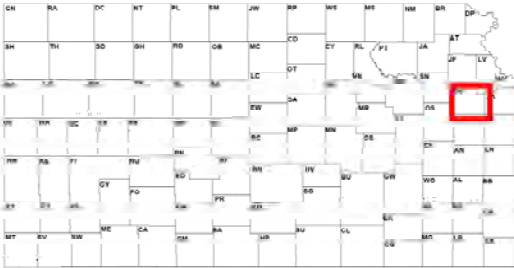
Leavenworth and Wyandotte Counties



Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Lawrence

Page 8 of 10

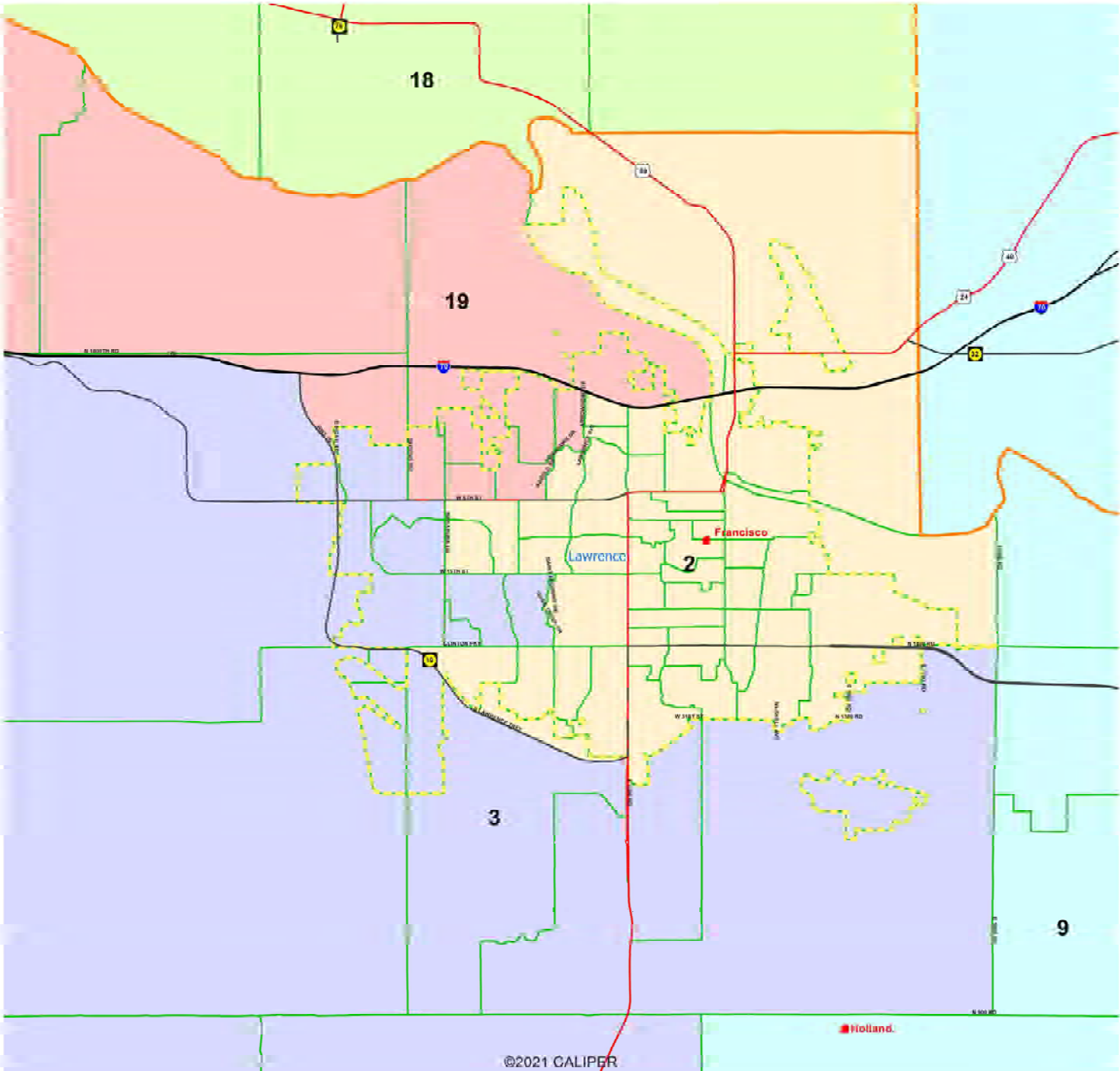


Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- Senate Homeseat

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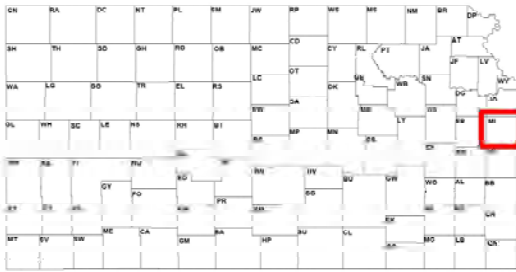
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Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Miami County

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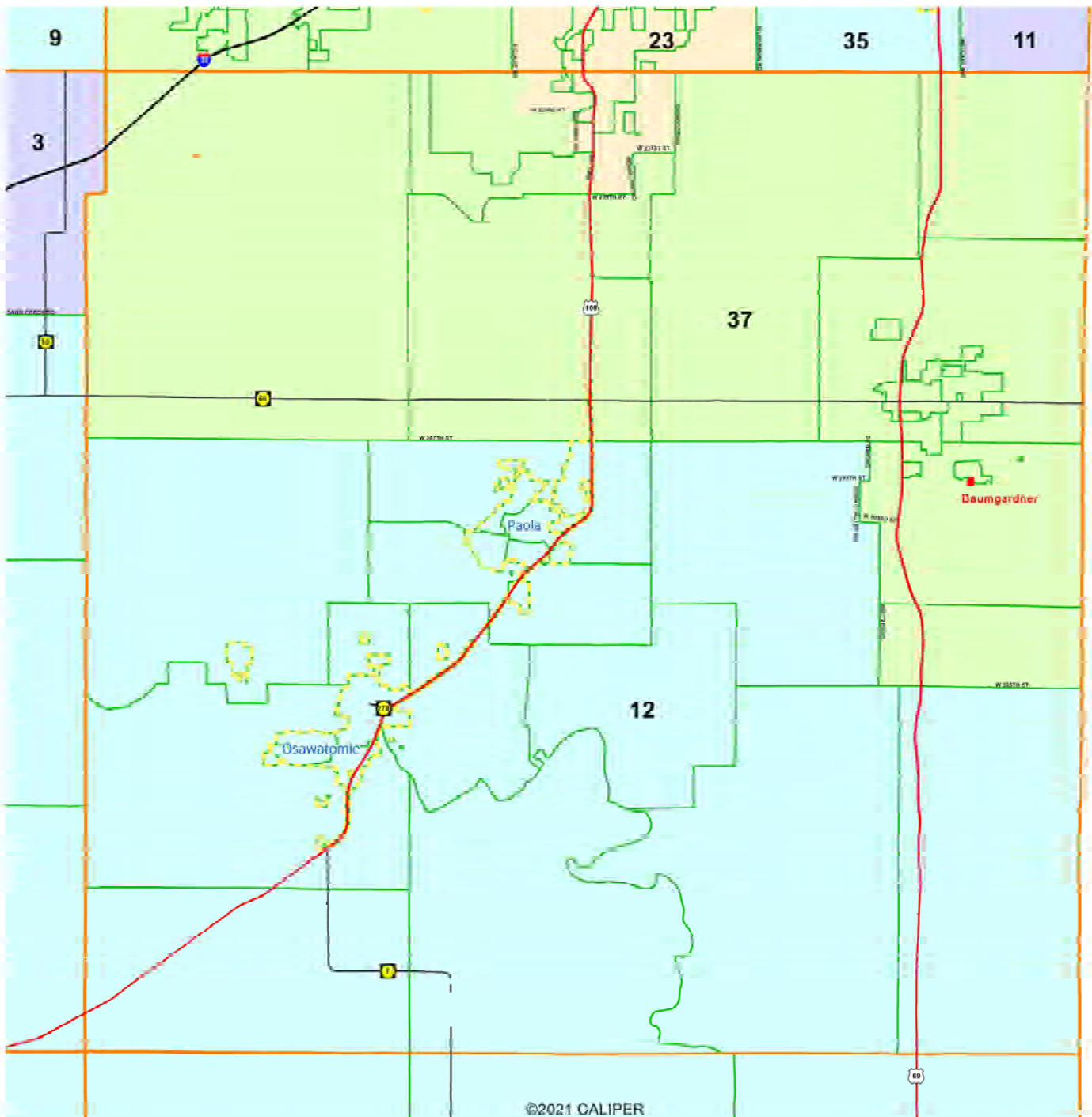
Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- Senate Homeseat





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Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/15/2022

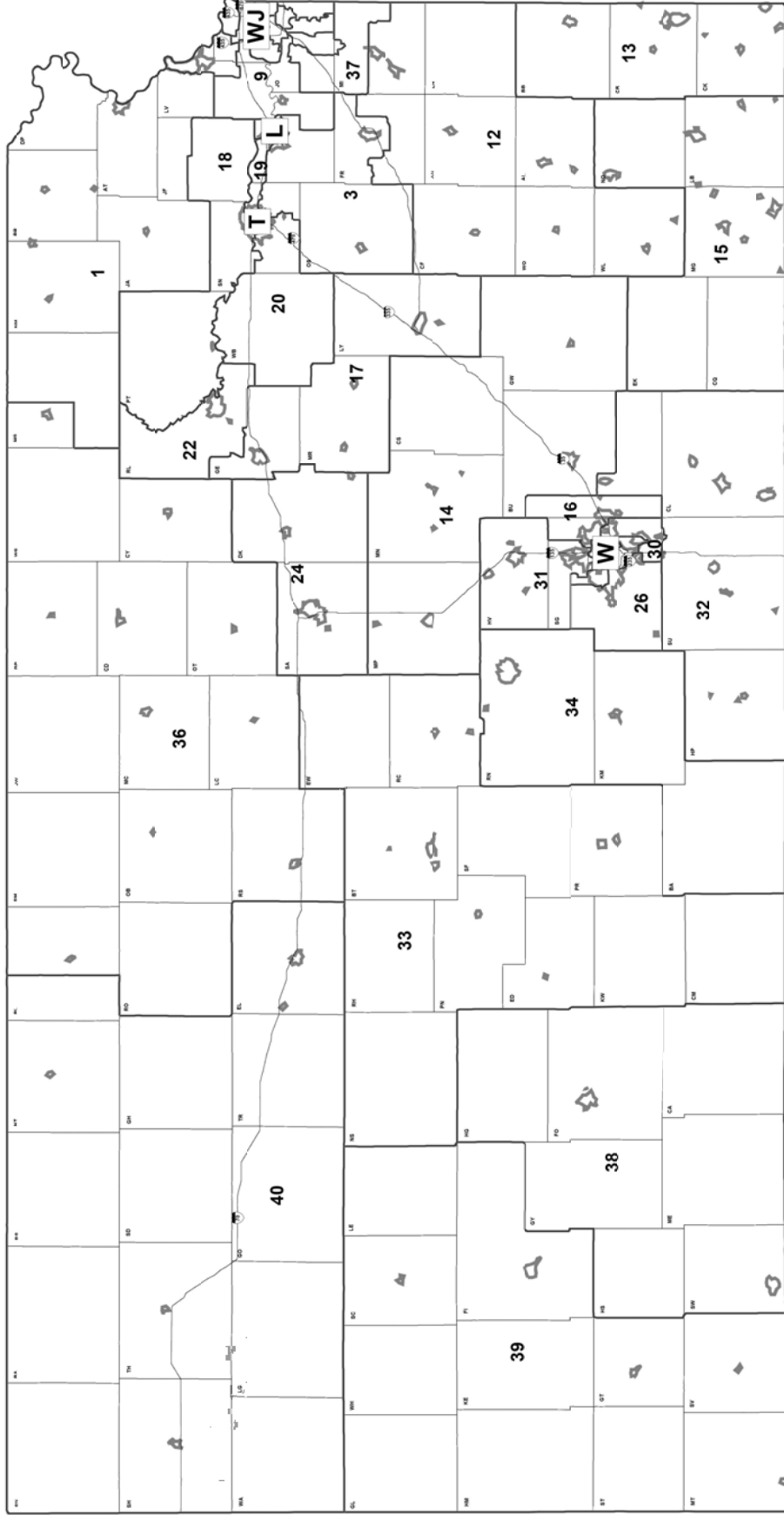


Plan: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

-  County
 -  Districts
 -  Cities class 1 or 2
 -  Interstate Highways
- 0 25 50 75 Miles

Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/15/22

NOTE: In some urban areas, district boundaries cannot be shown at this scale. For these urban districts, see the key below the map.



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W= Wichita districts 16, 25-31

T=Topeka districts 18-20

L=Lawrence districts 2, 3, 19

WJ=Wyandotte and Johnson County districts 4-11, 21, 23, 35, 37

User: Mike Pirner

Plan Name: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Plan Type: Senate

Population Summary

Monday, March 14, 2022

4:54 PM

District	Population	Deviation	% Devn.
1	71,739	-1,708	-2.33%
2	73,585	138	0.19%
3	70,949	-2,498	-3.40%
4	73,501	54	0.07%
5	76,345	2,898	3.95%
6	72,548	-899	-1.22%
7	75,349	1,902	2.59%
8	73,777	330	0.45%
9	74,290	843	1.15%
10	75,066	1,619	2.20%
11	73,908	461	0.63%
12	72,409	-1,038	-1.41%
13	72,694	-753	-1.03%
14	75,369	1,922	2.62%
15	73,436	-11	-0.01%
16	74,139	692	0.94%
17	74,304	857	1.17%
18	73,947	500	0.68%
19	73,960	513	0.70%
20	73,301	-146	-0.20%
21	74,509	1,062	1.45%
22	71,959	-1,488	-2.03%
23	72,806	-641	-0.87%
24	72,705	-742	-1.01%
25	73,707	260	0.35%
26	73,190	-257	-0.35%
27	72,864	-583	-0.79%
28	72,346	-1,101	-1.50%
29	75,016	1,569	2.14%
30	72,079	-1,368	-1.86%
31	74,249	802	1.09%
32	75,319	1,872	2.55%
33	73,477	30	0.04%
34	73,596	149	0.20%
35	73,789	342	0.47%
36	71,799	-1,648	-2.24%
37	71,781	-1,666	-2.27%
38	73,453	6	0.01%

District	Population	Deviation	% Devn.
39	72,519	-928	-1.26%
40	72,101	-1,346	-1.83%

Total Population: 2,937,880

Ideal District Population: 73,447

Summary Statistics:

Population Range: 70,949 to 76,345
Ratio Range: 0.08
Absolute Range: -2,498 to 2,898
Absolute Overall Range: 5,396
Relative Range: -3.00% to 3.95%
Relative Overall Range: 7.35%
Absolute Mean Deviation: 941.05
Relative Mean Deviation: 1.28%
Standard Deviation: 1,178.11

User: Mike Pirner
Plan Name: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR
Plan Type: Senate

Measures of Compactness Report

Monday, March 14, 2022

4:55 PM

Reock	
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.42
Std. Dev.	0.10

District	Reock
1	0.43
2	0.53
3	0.56
4	0.46
5	0.36
6	0.38
7	0.58
8	0.49
9	0.45
10	0.46
11	0.28
12	0.44

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.42
Std. Dev.	0.10

District	Reock
13	0.40
14	0.36
15	0.46
16	0.29
17	0.31
18	0.25
19	0.16
20	0.55
21	0.31
22	0.36
23	0.31
24	0.50
25	0.27
26	0.64
27	0.38

Reock	
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.42
Std. Dev.	0.10

District	Reock
28	0.44
29	0.45
30	0.43
31	0.62
32	0.37
33	0.43
34	0.36
35	0.33
36	0.45
37	0.39
38	0.53
39	0.48
40	0.48

Measures of Compactness Summary

Reock

The measure is always between 0 and 1, with 1 being the most compact.

User: Mike Pirner

Plan Name: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Plan Type: Senate

Districts & Their Incumbents

Monday, March 14, 2022




4:56 PM

District	Name	Party	Previous District
1	Dennis Pyle	Republican	1
2	Marci Francisco	Democrat	2
3	Rick Kloos	Republican	19
4	David Haley	Democrat	4
5	Jeff Pittman	Democrat	5
6	Pat Pettey	Democrat	6
7	Ethan Corson	Democrat	7
8	Cindy Holscher	Democrat	8
9	Tom Holland	Democrat	3
9	Beverly Gossage	Republican	9
10	Mike Thompson	Republican	10
11	Kellie Warren	Republican	11
12	Caryn Tyson	Republican	12
13	Richard Hilderbrand	Republican	13
14	Michael Fagg	Republican	14
14	Rick Wilborn	Republican	35
15	Virgil Peck	Republican	15
16	Ty Masterson	Republican	16
17	Jeff Longbine	Republican	17
18	Kristen O'Shea	Republican	18
19			
20	Brenda Dietrich	Republican	20
21	Dinah Sykes	Democrat	21
22	Tom Hawk	Democrat	22
23	Robert Olson	Republican	23
24	J.R. Claeys	Republican	24
25	Mary Ware	Democrat	25
26	Dan Kerschen	Republican	26
27	Gene Suellentrop	Republican	27
28	Mike Petersen	Republican	28
29	Oletha Faust-Goudeau	Democrat	29
30	Renee Erickson	Republican	30
31	Carolyn McGinn	Republican	31
32	Larry Alley	Republican	32
33	Alicia Straub	Republican	33
34	Mark Steffen	Republican	34
35			
36	Elaine Bowers	Republican	36
37	Molly Baumgardner	Republican	37

Districts & Their Incumbents

Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

District	Name	Party	Previous District
38	Ronald Ryckman	Republican	38
39	John Doll	Republican	39
40	Rick Billinger	Republican	40

Number of Incumbents in District with more than one Incumbent:	4	
Number of Districts with No Incumbent:	2	
Number of Districts with Incumbents of more than one party:	1	
Number of Districts with Paired Democrats:	0	
Number of Districts with Paired Republicans:	1	

User: Mike Pirner

Plan Name: Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

Plan Type: Senate

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Monday, March 14, 2022

4:54 PM

Number of subdivisions not split:

County	92
Voting District	4,216

Number of subdivisions split into more than one district:

County	13
Voting District	24

Number of splits involving no population:

County	0
Voting District	14

Split Counts

County

Cases where an area is split among 2 Districts: 5
Cases where an area is split among 3 Districts: 3
Cases where an area is split among 4 Districts: 3
Cases where an area is split among 8 Districts: 1
Cases where an area is split among 10 Districts: 1

Voting District

Cases where an area is split among 2 Districts: 24

County	Voting District	District	Population
<i>Split Counties:</i>			
Butler KS		14	24,735
Butler KS		16	28,558
Butler KS		32	14,087
Douglas KS		2	73,585
Douglas KS		3	18,052
Douglas KS		9	15,309
Douglas KS		19	11,839
Franklin KS		3	20,749
Franklin KS		12	5,247
Jefferson KS		1	3,751
Jefferson KS		18	14,617
Johnson KS		6	6,730
Johnson KS		7	75,349
Johnson KS		8	73,777
Johnson KS		9	29,229
Johnson KS		10	75,066
Johnson KS		11	73,908
Johnson KS		21	74,509
Johnson KS		23	69,392
Johnson KS		35	73,789
Johnson KS		37	58,114

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Leavenworth KS		1	5,710
Leavenworth KS		5	59,004
Leavenworth KS		9	17,167
Marshall KS		1	5,407
Marshall KS		36	4,631
Miami KS		12	17,110
Miami KS		23	3,414
Miami KS		37	13,667
Phillips KS		36	3,733
Phillips KS		40	1,248
Sedgwick KS		16	45,581
Sedgwick KS		25	73,707
Sedgwick KS		26	73,190
Sedgwick KS		27	72,864
Sedgwick KS		28	72,346
Sedgwick KS		29	75,016
Sedgwick KS		30	70,895
Sedgwick KS		31	40,225
Shawnee KS		3	16,382
Shawnee KS		18	33,982
Shawnee KS		19	62,121
Shawnee KS		20	66,424
Sumner KS		30	1,184
Sumner KS		32	21,198
Wyandotte KS		4	73,501
Wyandotte KS		5	17,341
Wyandotte KS		6	65,818
Wyandotte KS		9	12,585
<i>Split VTDs:</i>			
Johnson KS	Lenexa 1-06	10	600
Johnson KS	Lenexa 1-06	21	1,623
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-06	21	1,498
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-06	35	314
Leavenworth KS	Fairmount Township Voting District	5	542
Leavenworth KS	Fairmount Township Voting District	9	1,871
Miami KS	North Marysville Township C3	23	374
Miami KS	North Marysville Township C3	37	389
Miami KS	Paola Ward 4	12	1,773
Miami KS	Paola Ward 4	37	0
Sedgwick KS	223 Precinct	16	899
Sedgwick KS	223 Precinct	30	2,354
Sedgwick KS	240 Precinct	16	0
Sedgwick KS	240 Precinct	30	527

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Liberty_3 for KLRD TR

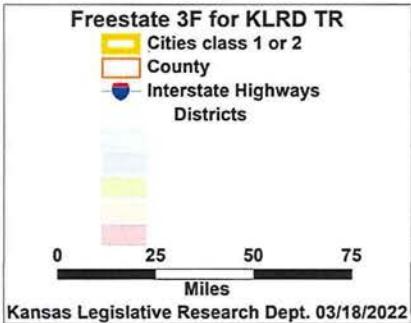
County	Voting District	District	Population
Sedgwick KS	305 Precinct	25	2,654
Sedgwick KS	305 Precinct	28	779
Sedgwick KS	416 Precinct	26	1,591
Sedgwick KS	416 Precinct	28	343
Sedgwick KS	512 Precinct	27	6,449
Sedgwick KS	512 Precinct	31	0
Sedgwick KS	603 Precinct	27	844
Sedgwick KS	603 Precinct	31	658
Sedgwick KS	Derby 14 Precinct	28	1,718
Sedgwick KS	Derby 14 Precinct	30	0
Sedgwick KS	Gypsum 1 Precinct	28	138
Sedgwick KS	Gypsum 1 Precinct	30	3,126
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 8 Precinct	16	10
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 8 Precinct	31	4
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 1 Precinct	16	1,789
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 1 Precinct	30	0
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 11 Precinct	16	2
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 11 Precinct	30	0
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 15 Precinct	16	0
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 15 Precinct	30	0
Sedgwick KS	Park 2 Precinct	27	0
Sedgwick KS	Park 2 Precinct	31	430
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 1 Precinct	26	77
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 1 Precinct	28	74
Sedgwick KS	Salem 1 Precinct	26	129
Sedgwick KS	Salem 1 Precinct	30	2,199
Sedgwick KS	Salem 2 Precinct	26	0
Sedgwick KS	Salem 2 Precinct	30	1,595
Sedgwick KS	Waco 2 Precinct	26	417
Sedgwick KS	Waco 2 Precinct	28	66
Sedgwick KS	Wichita Precinct 612 S27	27	0
Sedgwick KS	Wichita Precinct 612 S27	31	0
Shawnee KS	Verbena Enclave	18	0
Shawnee KS	Verbena Enclave	20	0

Exhibit C

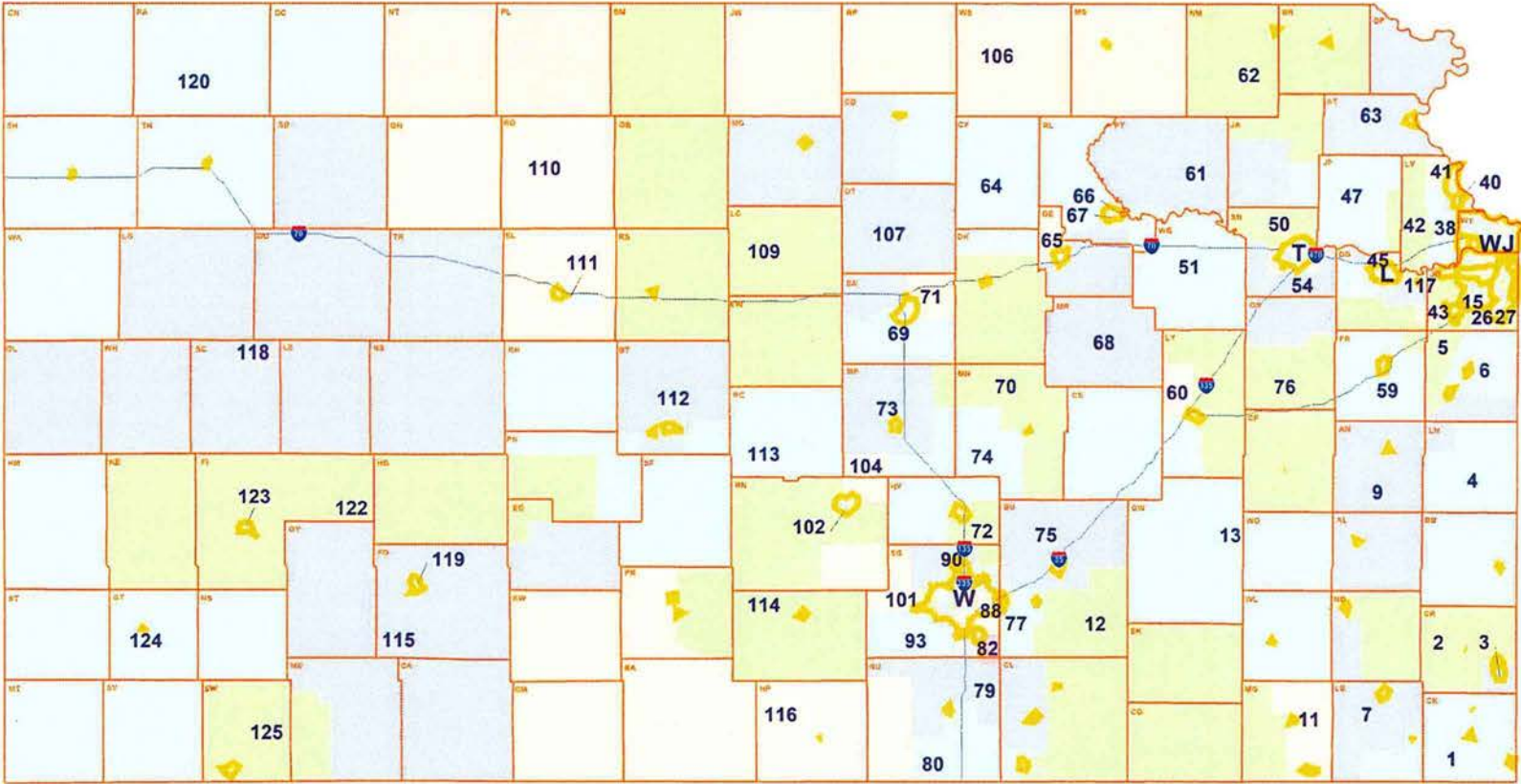
Free State 3F Map for State Representative Districts and Selected Information from the KLRD Map Packet

The full map packet for the Free State 3F map is available on the Kansas
Legislative Research Department's website at
[http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Publications/Redistricting/2022-Plans/House/Freestate 3F-packet.pdf](http://www.kslegresearch.org/KLRD-web/Publications/Redistricting/2022-Plans/House/Freestate_3F-packet.pdf)

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR



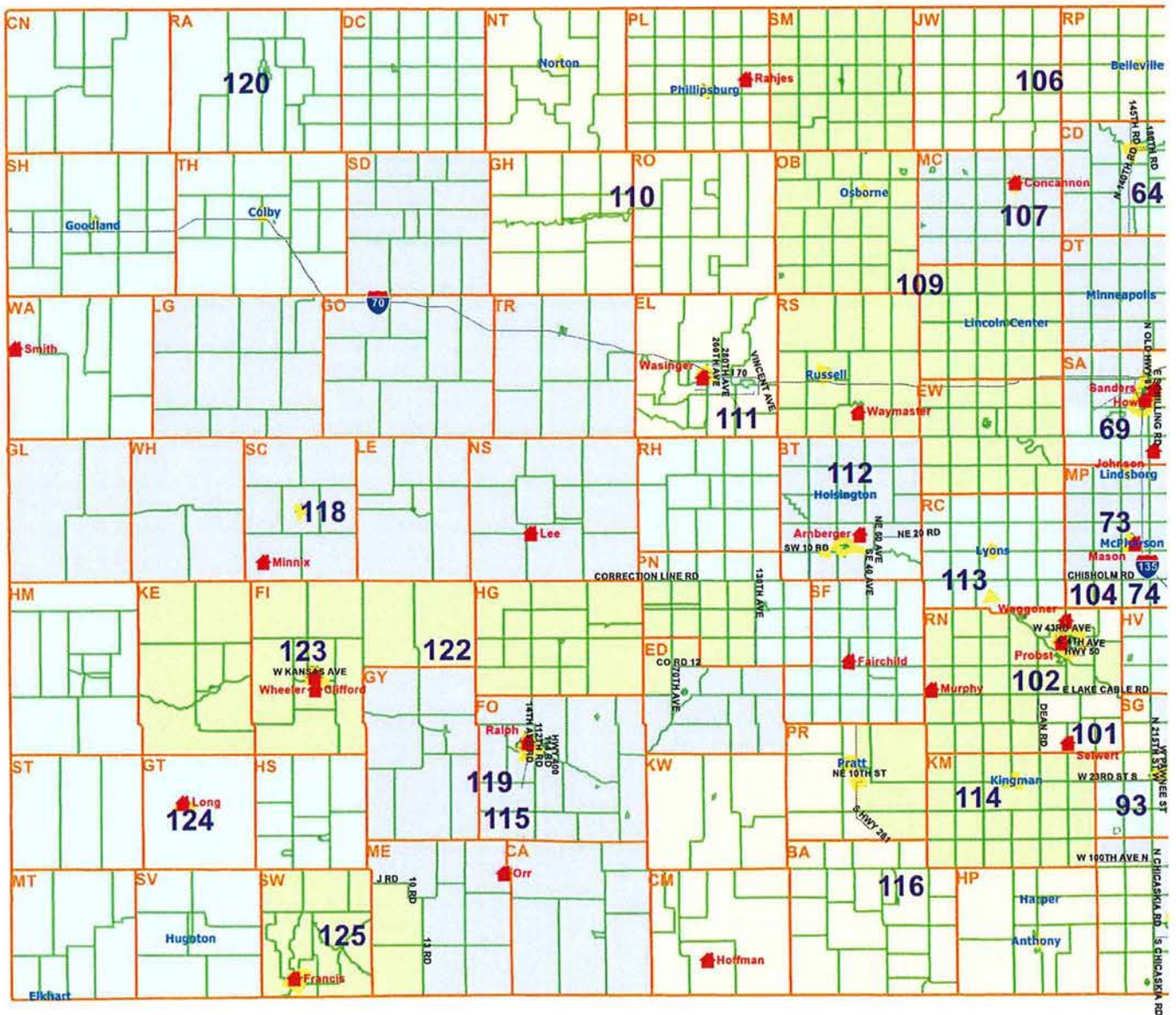
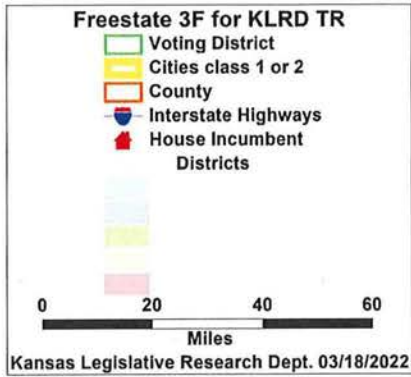
NOTE: In urban areas, VTD boundaries and highways have been hidden so that other information can be displayed. Detailed maps of urban areas follow this statewide map.

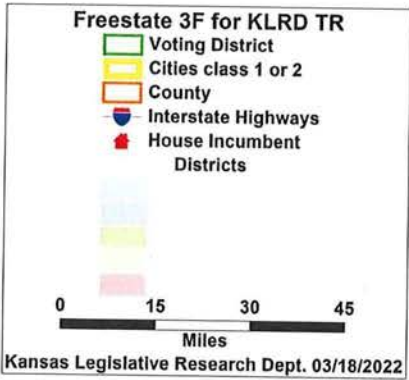


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W= Wichita districts 81-101, 103,105 T=Topeka districts 50,52-58 L=Lawrence districts 10,42,44-47 WJ=Wyandotte and Johnson County districts 5,8,14-37,39,43,48,49,78,108,121

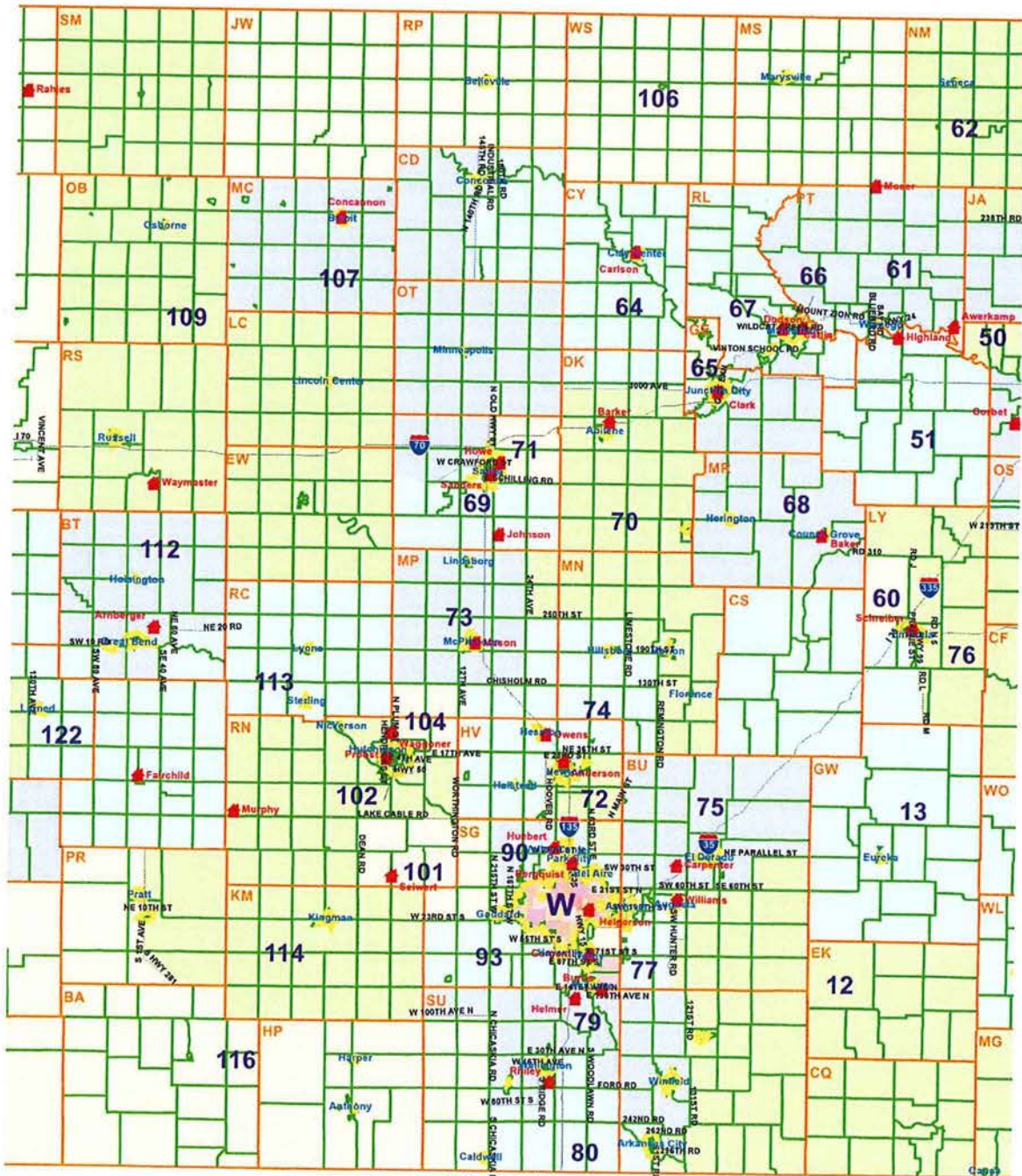
Freestate 3F for KLRD TR
Western Kansas

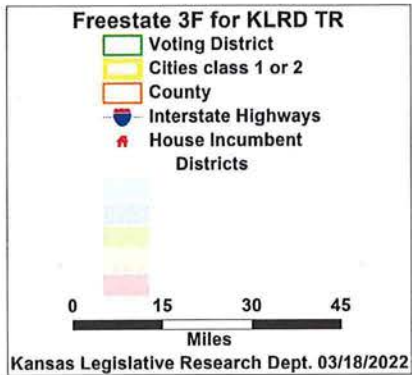




NOTE: In urban areas, VTD boundaries, incumbents, and highways have been hidden so that other information can be displayed. Detailed maps of urban areas follow this statewide map.

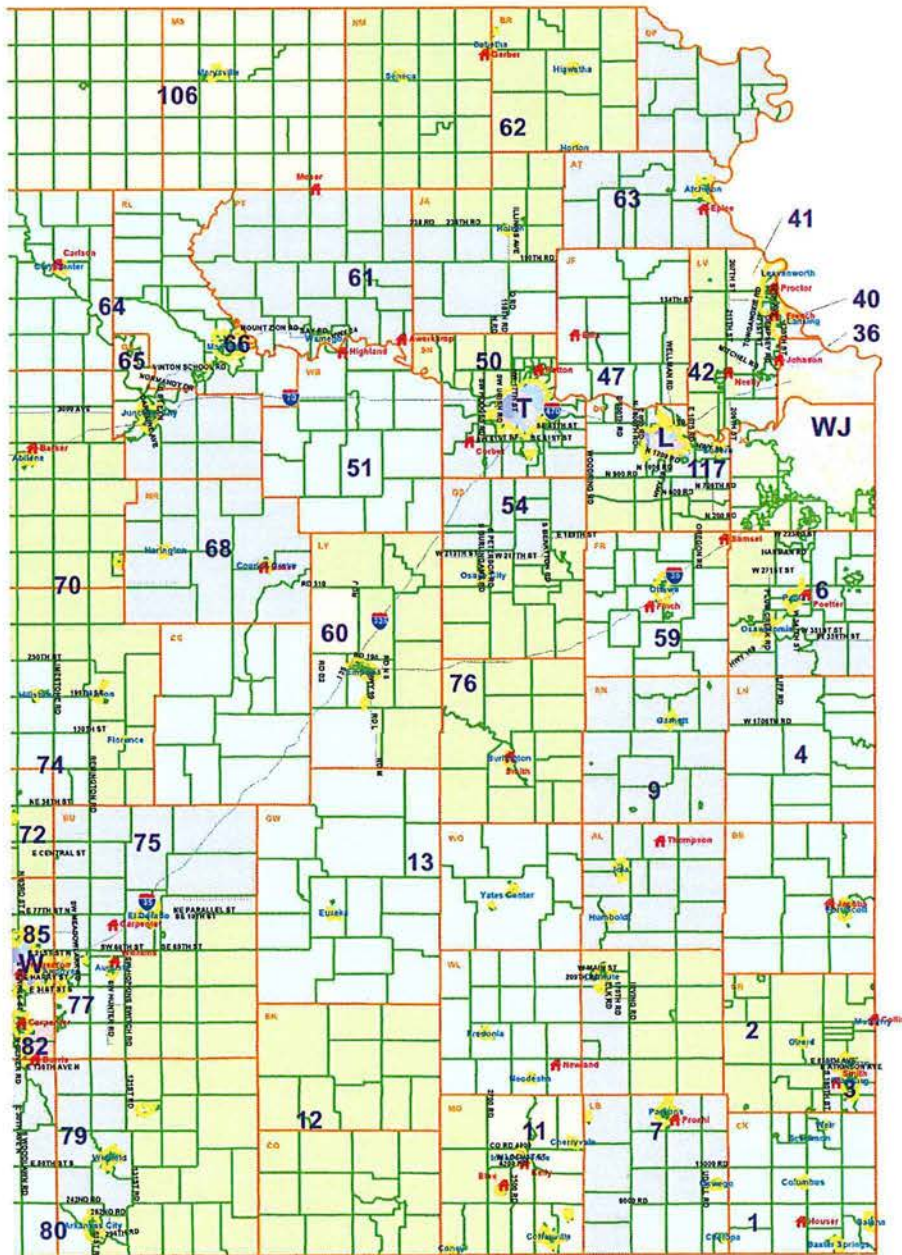
W= Wichita districts 81-101, 103,105





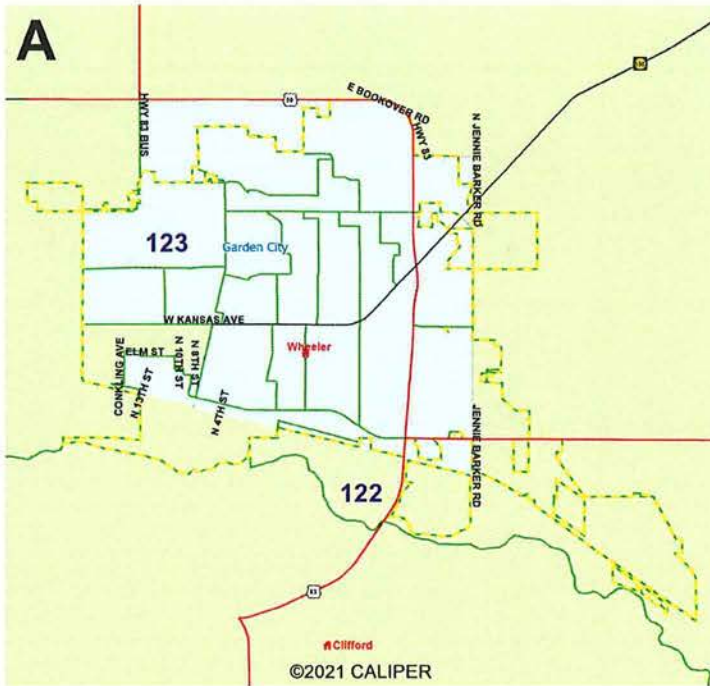
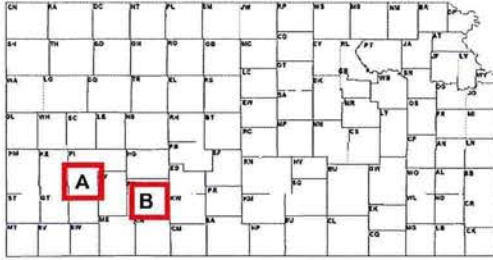
NOTE: In urban areas, VTD boundaries, incumbents, and highways have been hidden so that other information can be displayed. Detailed maps of urban areas follow this map.

T=Topeka districts 50,52-58
L=Lawrence districts 10,42,44-47x
WJ=Wyandotte and Johnson County districts 5,8,14-37,39,43,48,49,78,108,115,121



Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Dodge City and Garden City

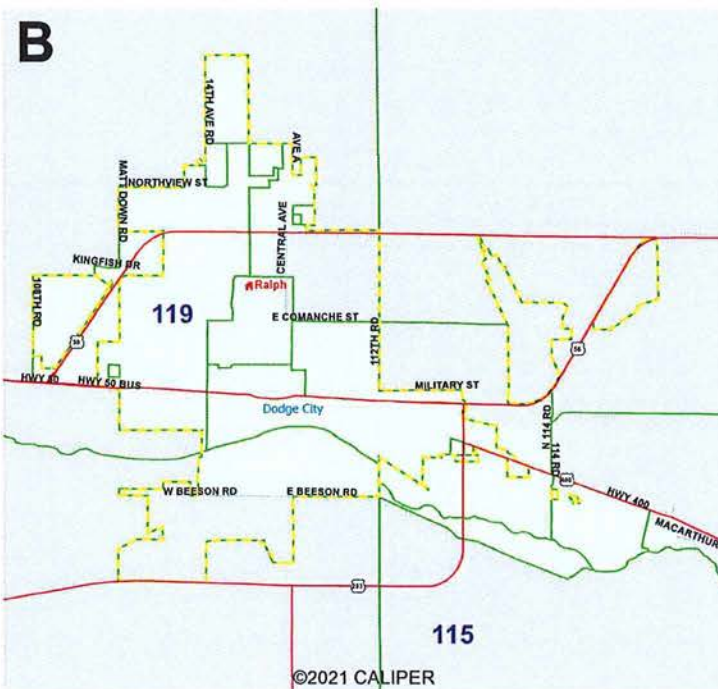


Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2

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Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022

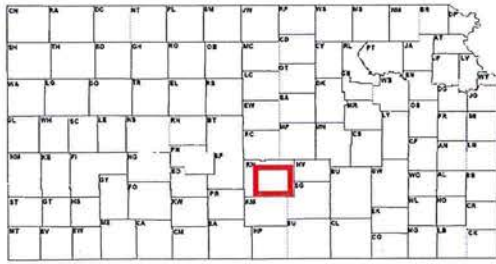


Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2

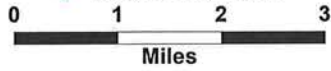
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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

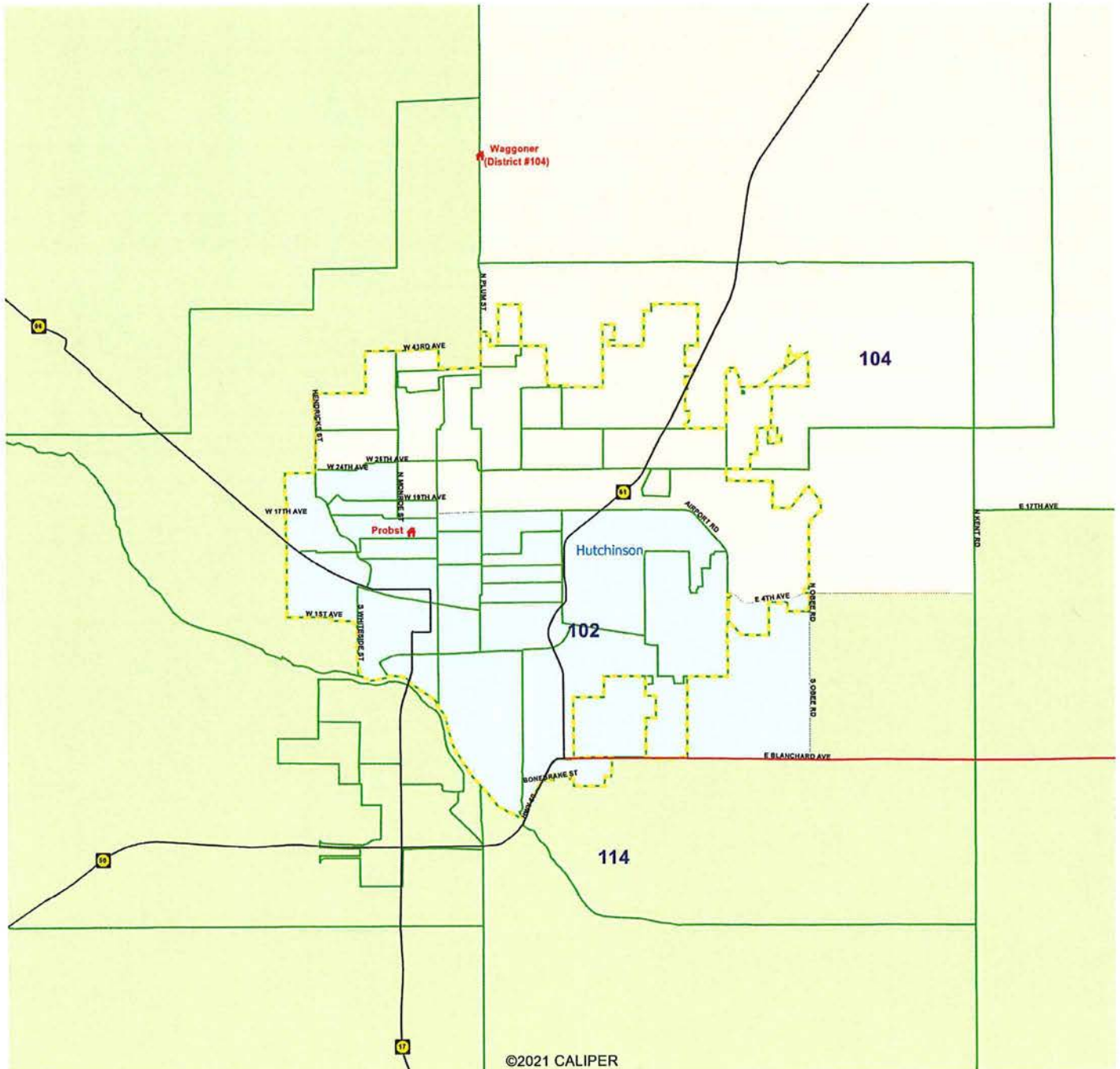
- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- House Incumbent

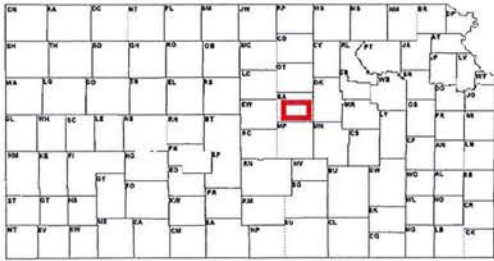


Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Hutchinson
Page 6 of 17





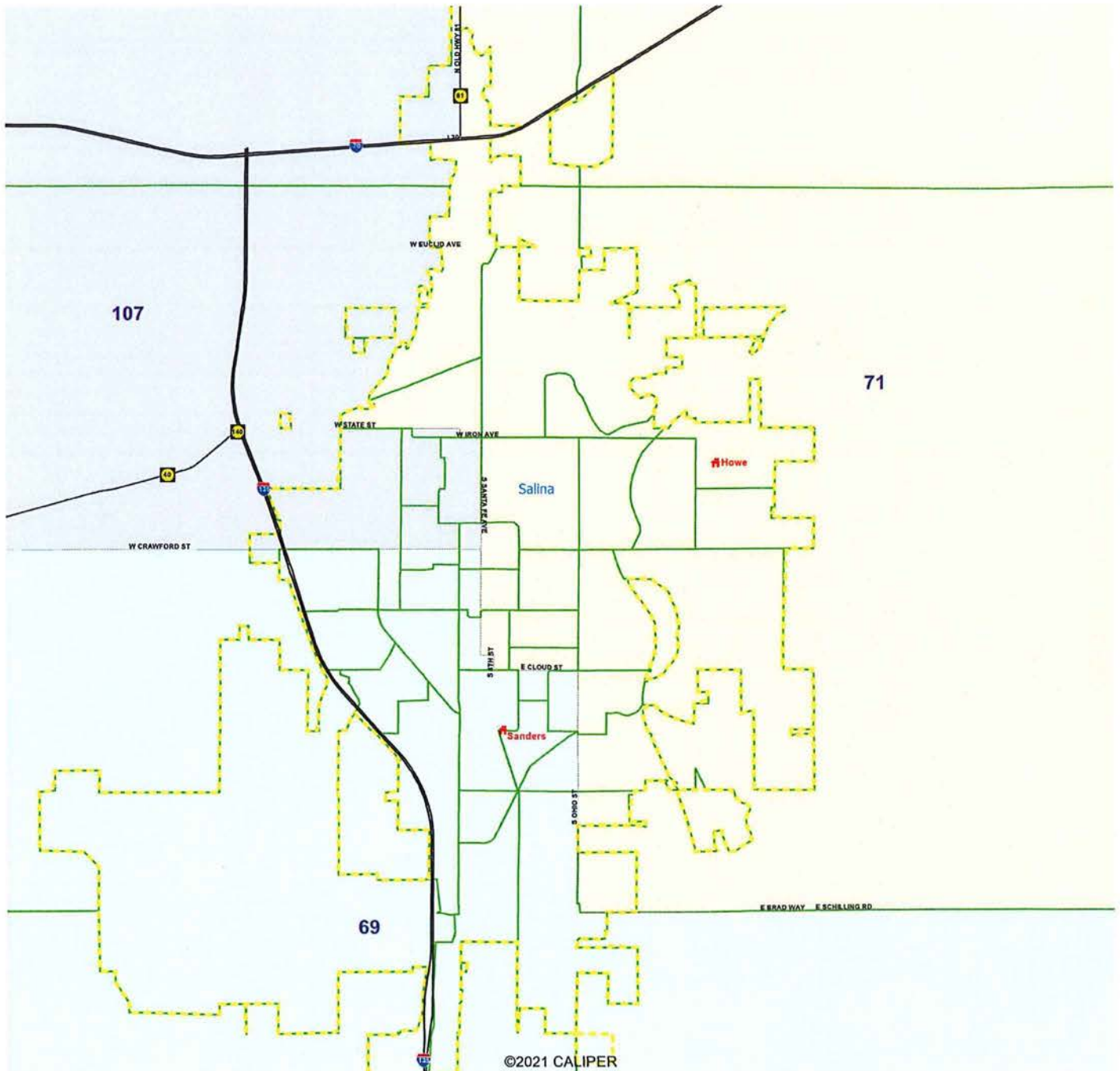
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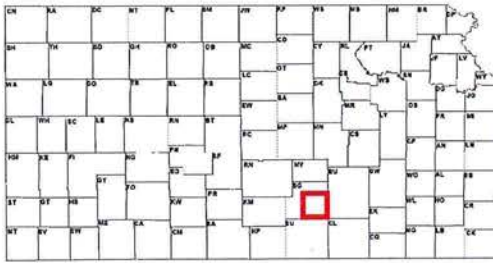
- Voting District
 - Cities class 1 or 2
 - County
 - Interstate Highways
 - U.S. Highways
 - State Highways
 - House Incumbent
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Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Salina
Page 7 of 17



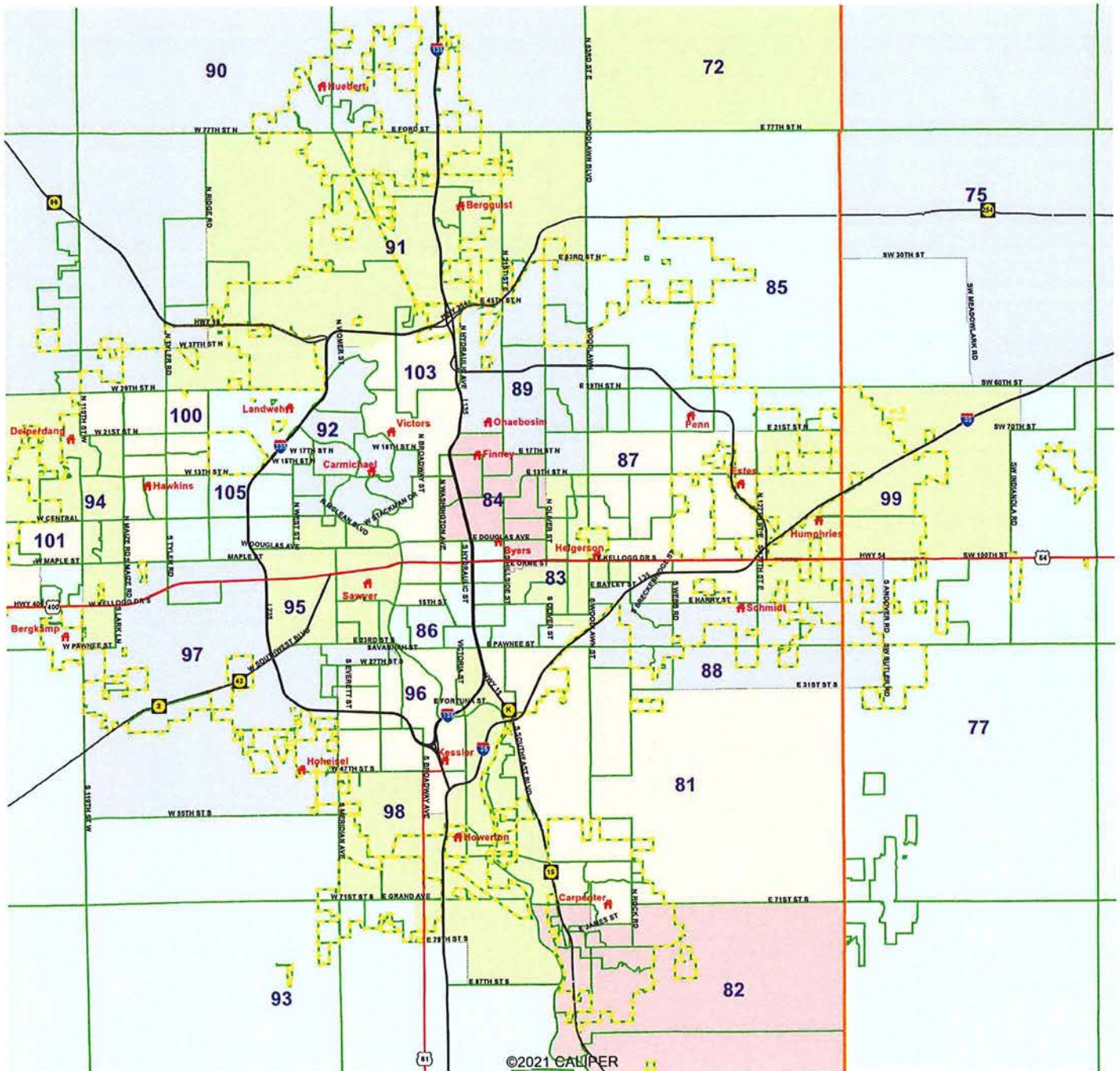


Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- * House Incumbent

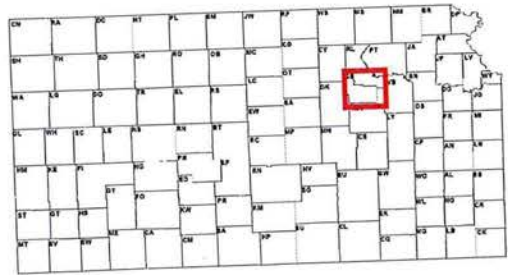
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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Manhattan and Junction City
Page 10 of 17

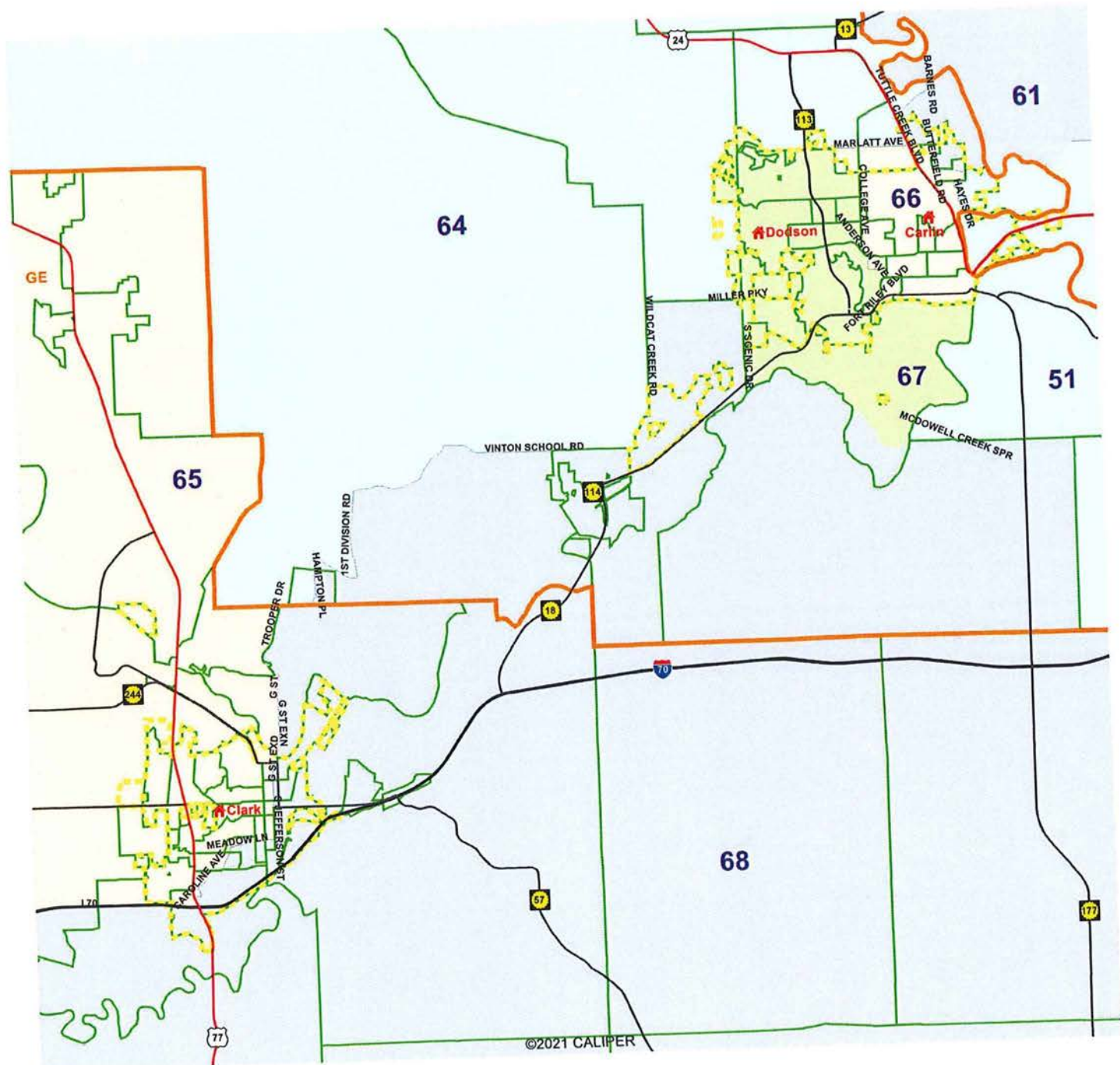


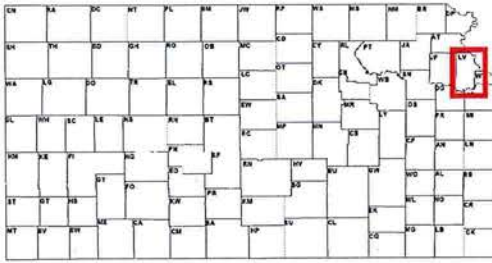
Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- * House Incumbent

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Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022



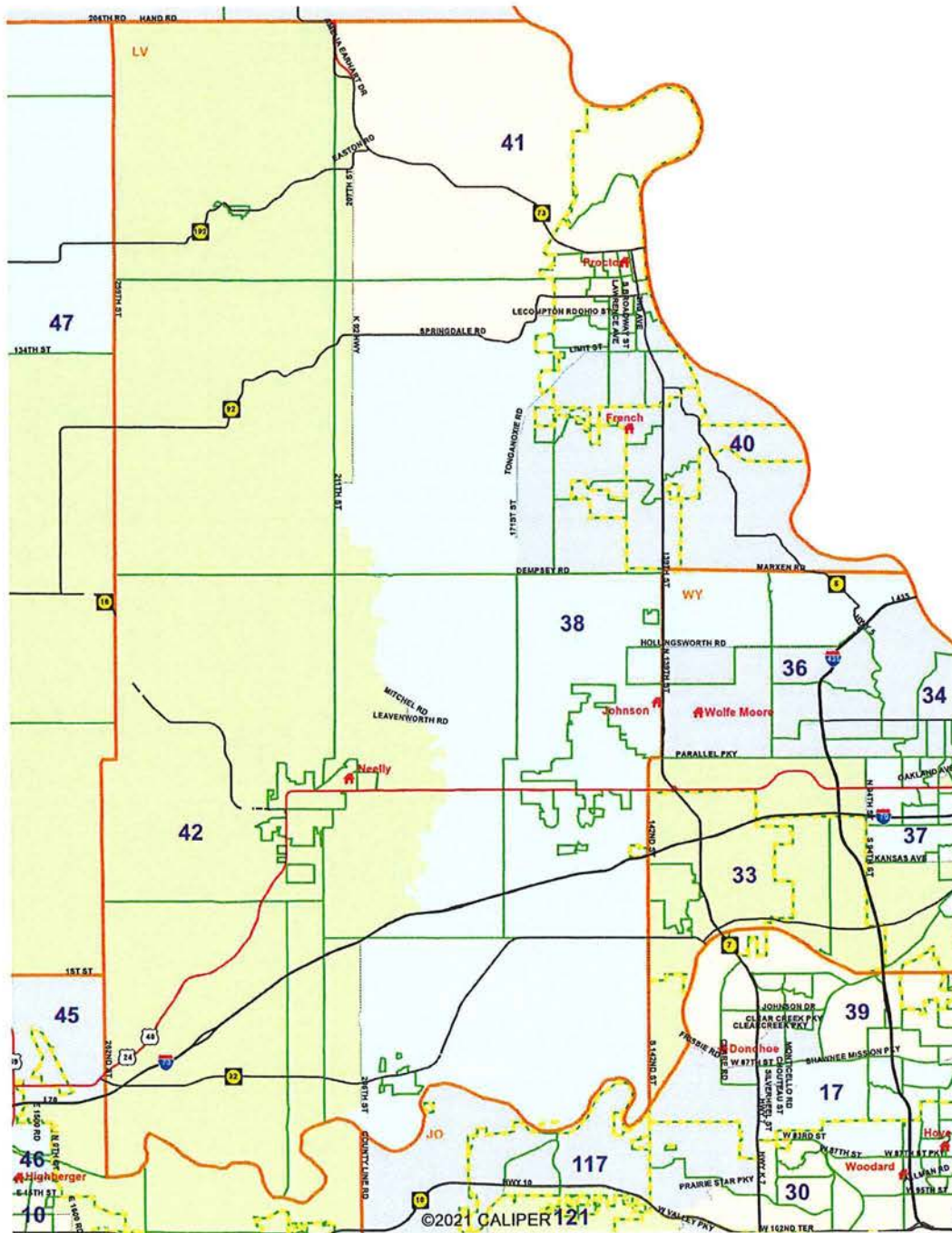


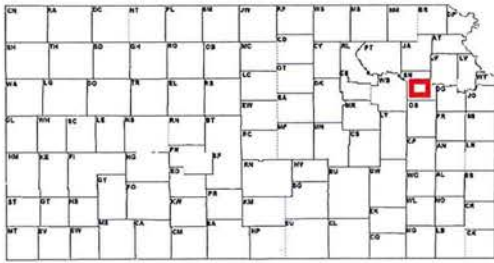
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- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- * House Incumbent

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Miles

Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022



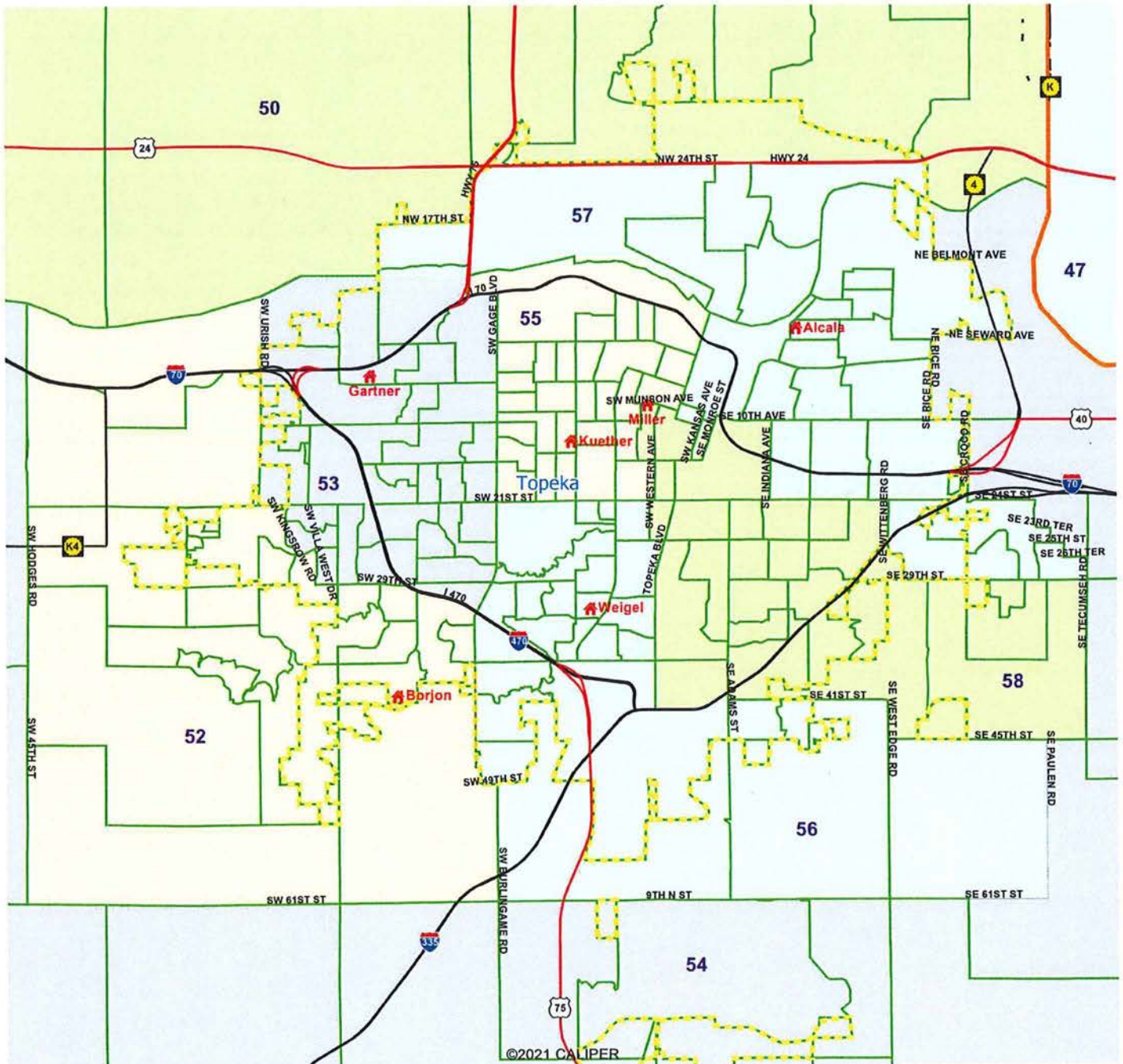


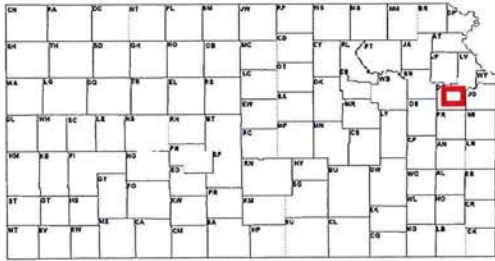
Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- 🏠 House Incumbent

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Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022





Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- I Interstate Highways
- U U.S. Highways
- S State Highways
- H House_2020_Homeseat

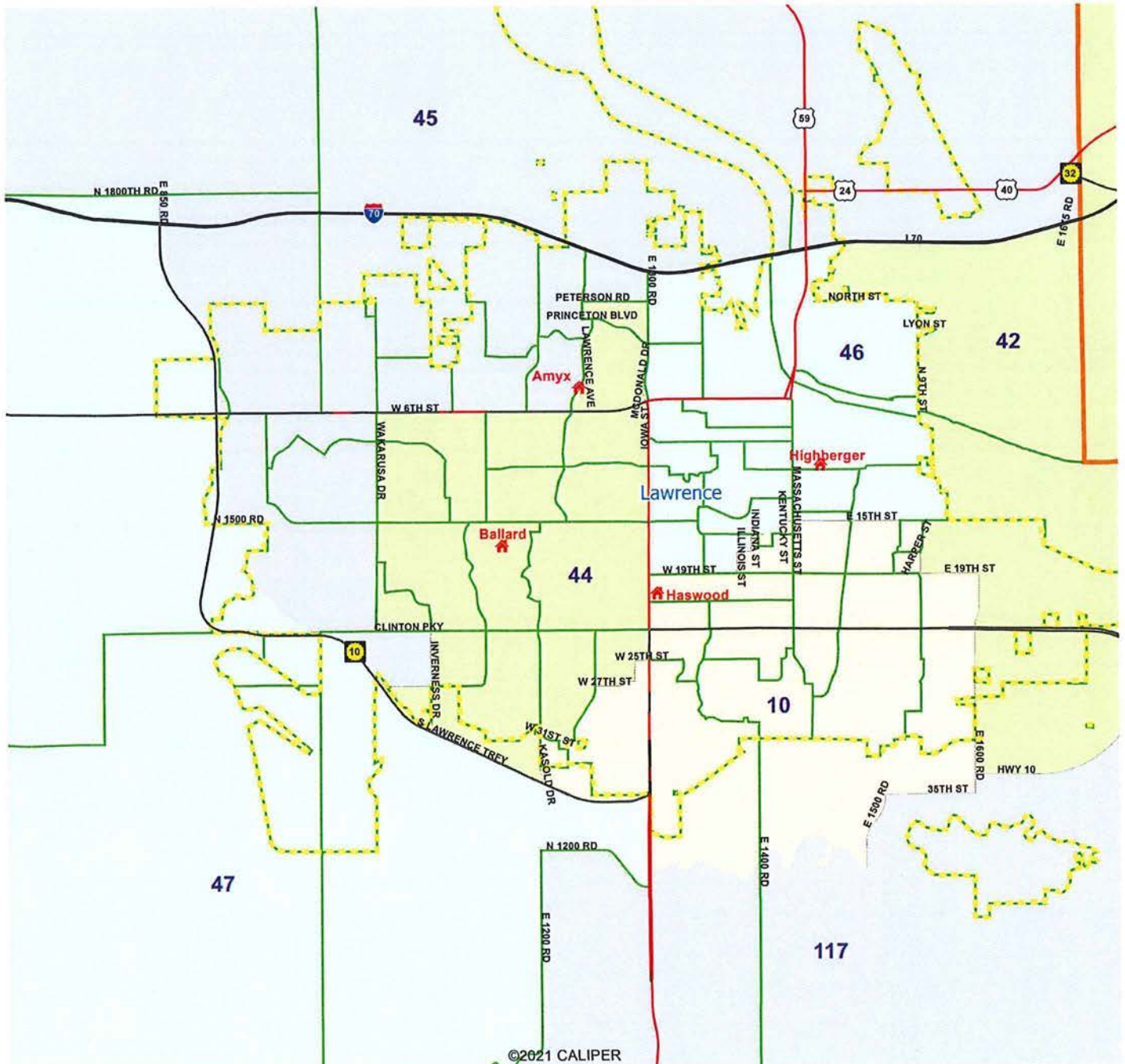
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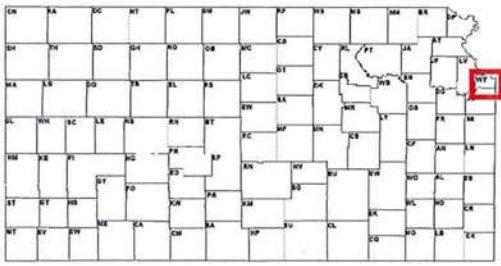
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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Lawrence
Page 13 of 17





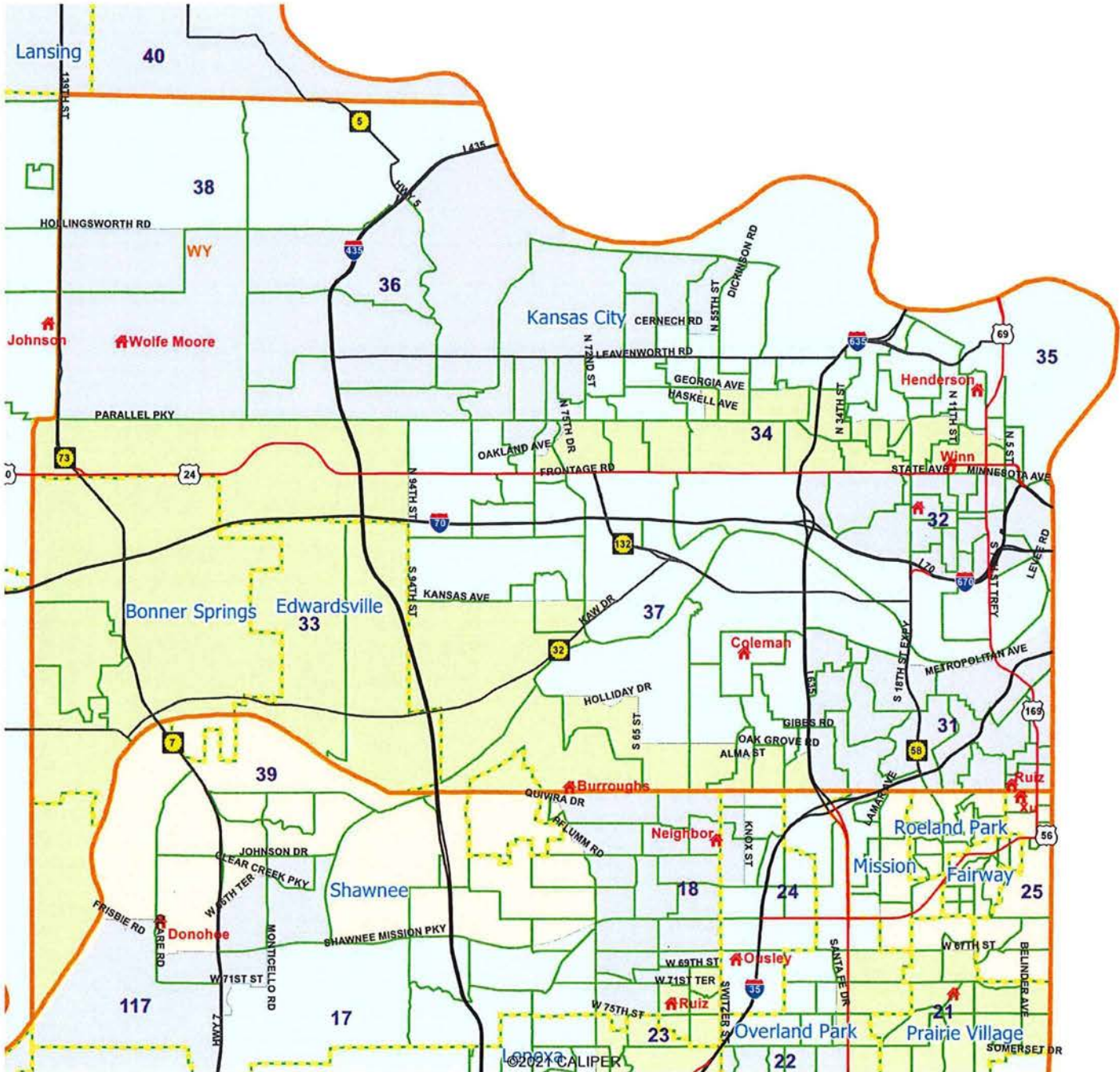
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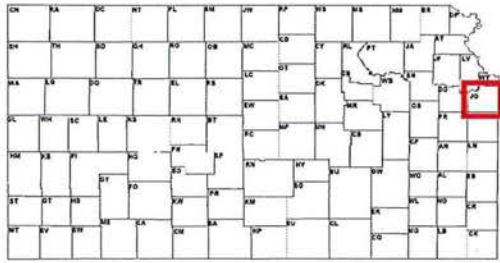
- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- ▲ House Incumbent

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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR
Wyandotte County
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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- Voting District
- Cities class 1 or 2
- County
- Interstate Highways
- U.S. Highways
- State Highways
- ▲ House Incumbent

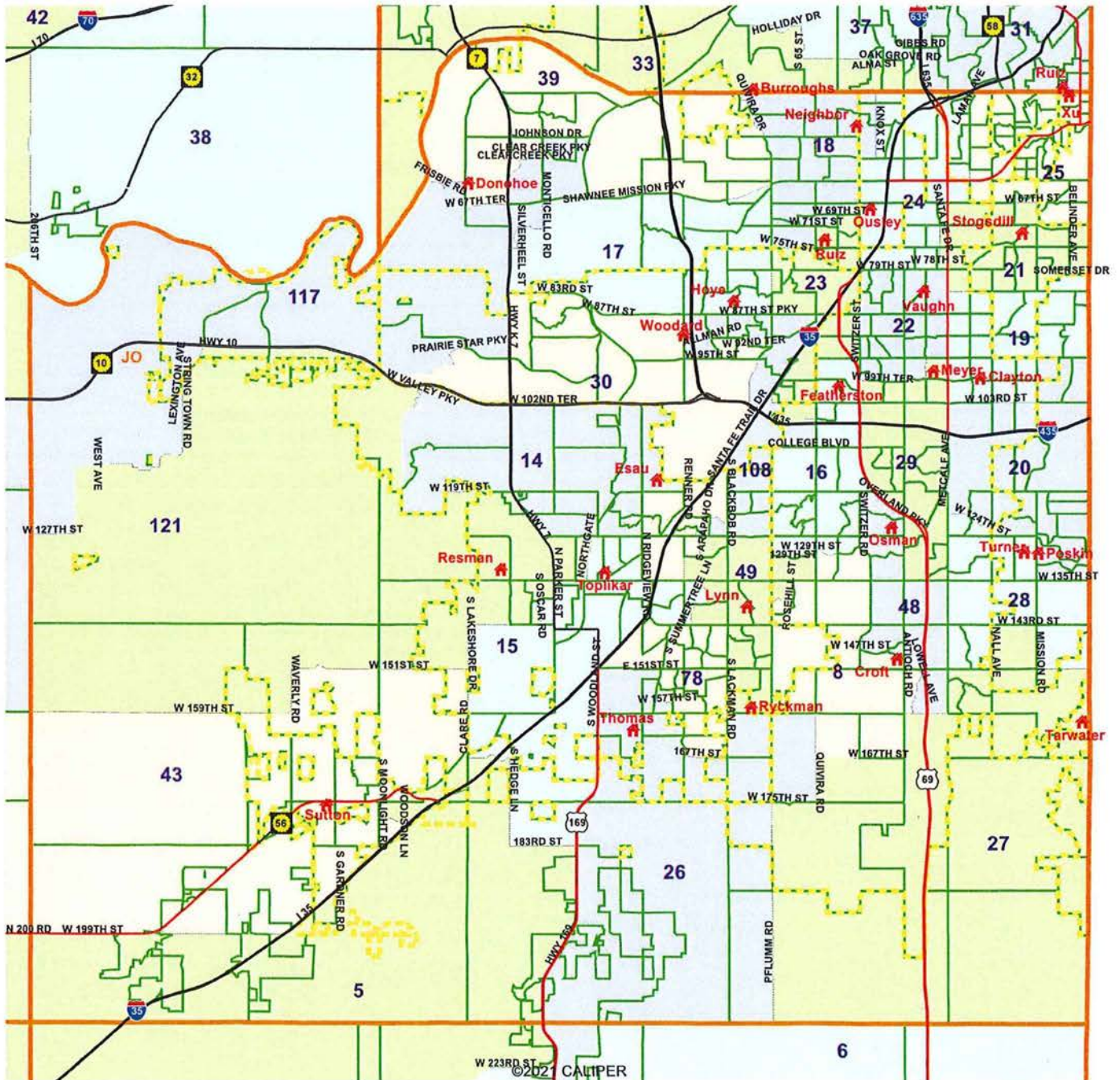
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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

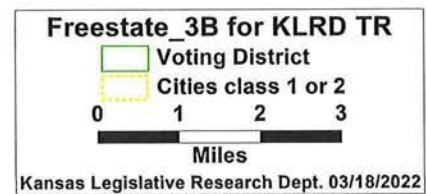
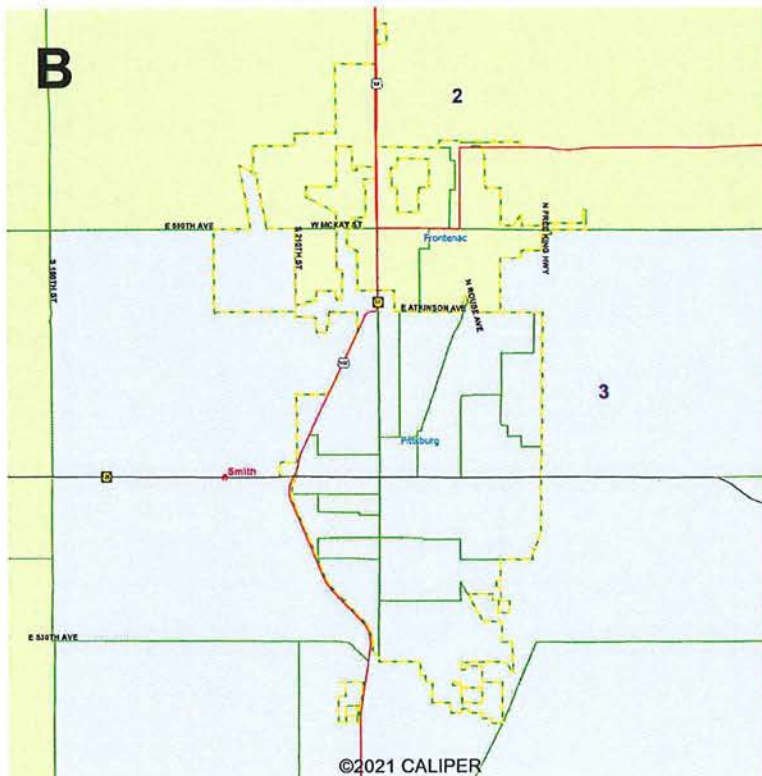
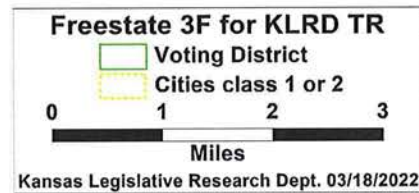
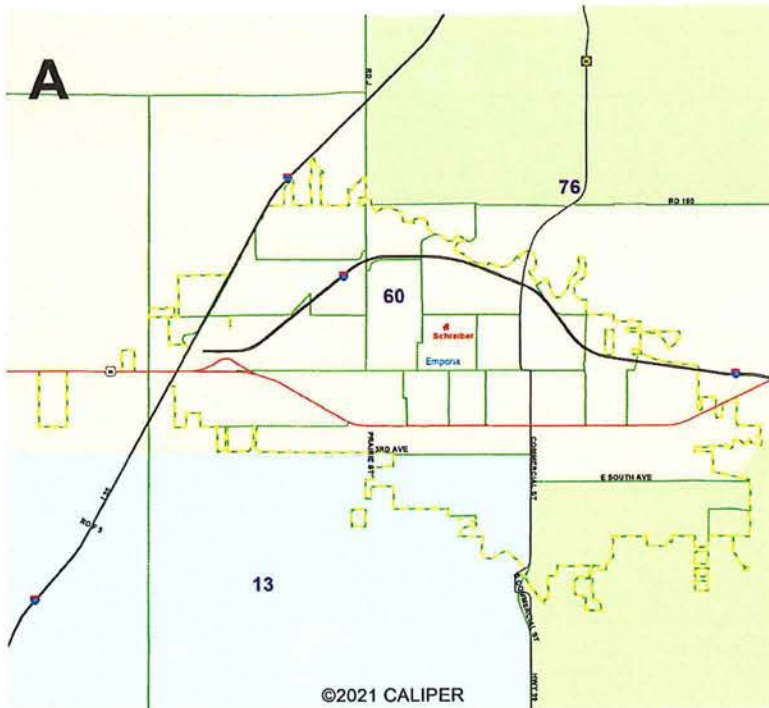
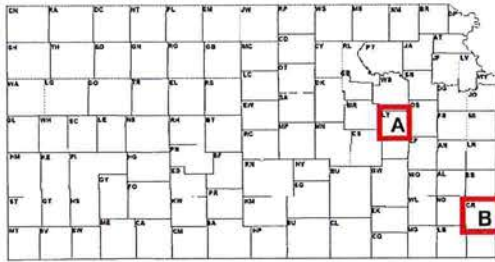
Johnson County
Page 15 of 17



Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Emporia and Pittsburg

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Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

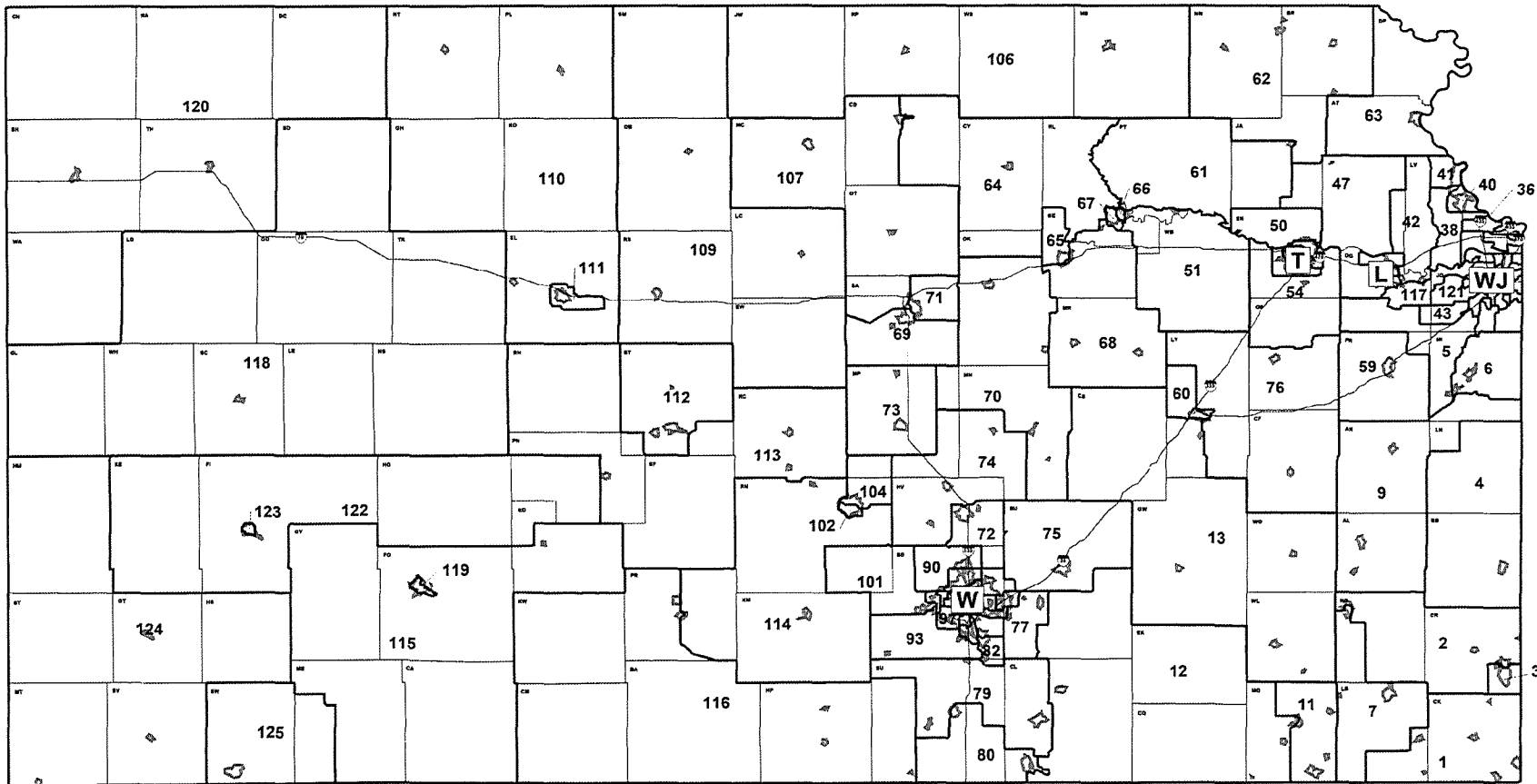
Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

- County
- Cities class 1 or 2
- Interstate Highways

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Kansas Legislative Research Dept. 03/18/2022

NOTE: In some urban areas, district boundaries cannot be shown at this scale. For these urban districts, see the key below the map.



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W= Wichita districts 81-101, 103,105 T=Topeka districts 50,52-58 L=Lawrence districts 10,42,44-47 WJ=Wyandotte and Johnson County districts 5,8,14-37,39,43,48,49,78,108,121

Population Summary

Friday, March 18, 2022

12:23 PM

District	Population	Deviation	% Devn.
1	23,705	202	0.86%
2	22,863	-640	-2.72%
3	24,113	610	2.60%
4	23,030	-473	-2.01%
5	23,522	19	0.08%
6	23,102	-401	-1.71%
7	23,741	238	1.01%
8	23,313	-190	-0.81%
9	23,244	-259	-1.10%
10	23,042	-461	-1.96%
11	23,072	-431	-1.83%
12	23,135	-368	-1.57%
13	22,781	-722	-3.07%
14	22,977	-526	-2.24%
15	22,856	-647	-2.75%
16	23,745	242	1.03%
17	23,226	-277	-1.18%
18	23,693	190	0.81%
19	24,080	577	2.46%
20	23,650	147	0.63%
21	23,871	368	1.57%
22	23,899	396	1.68%
23	24,042	539	2.29%
24	23,314	-189	-0.80%
25	24,050	547	2.33%
26	23,543	40	0.17%
27	23,335	-168	-0.71%
28	23,453	-50	-0.21%
29	24,071	568	2.42%
30	23,578	75	0.32%
31	23,924	421	1.79%
32	23,900	397	1.69%
33	24,314	811	3.45%
34	24,230	727	3.09%
35	24,209	706	3.00%
36	23,783	280	1.19%
37	23,201	-302	-1.28%
38	23,097	-406	-1.73%

Population Summary

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

District	Population	Deviation	% Devn.
39	22,663	-840	-3.57%
40	23,973	470	2.00%
41	23,430	-73	-0.31%
42	23,075	-428	-1.82%
43	23,744	241	1.03%
44	24,346	843	3.59%
45	23,558	55	0.23%
46	23,753	250	1.06%
47	22,746	-757	-3.22%
48	23,506	3	0.01%
49	23,860	357	1.52%
50	23,076	-427	-1.82%
51	22,839	-664	-2.83%
52	23,602	99	0.42%
53	23,144	-359	-1.53%
54	22,912	-591	-2.51%
55	23,517	14	0.06%
56	23,535	32	0.14%
57	23,487	-16	-0.07%
58	23,516	13	0.06%
59	22,916	-587	-2.50%
60	22,790	-713	-3.03%
61	23,108	-395	-1.68%
62	23,099	-404	-1.72%
63	23,858	355	1.51%
64	23,186	-317	-1.35%
65	23,511	8	0.03%
66	24,145	642	2.73%
67	23,696	193	0.82%
68	23,694	191	0.81%
69	24,131	628	2.67%
70	22,912	-591	-2.51%
71	24,005	502	2.14%
72	23,363	-140	-0.60%
73	23,632	129	0.55%
74	22,927	-576	-2.45%
75	23,998	495	2.11%
76	23,181	-322	-1.37%
77	24,094	591	2.51%
78	23,056	-447	-1.90%
79	23,609	106	0.45%
80	23,973	470	2.00%

Population Summary

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

District	Population	Deviation	% Devn.
81	23,040	-463	-1.97%
82	23,223	-280	-1.19%
83	24,120	617	2.63%
84	23,539	36	0.15%
85	23,565	62	0.26%
86	24,159	656	2.79%
87	23,768	265	1.13%
88	23,527	24	0.10%
89	24,153	650	2.77%
90	23,547	44	0.19%
91	24,248	745	3.17%
92	23,647	144	0.61%
93	22,688	-815	-3.47%
94	23,075	-428	-1.82%
95	23,956	453	1.93%
96	22,823	-680	-2.89%
97	23,588	85	0.36%
98	23,362	-141	-0.60%
99	23,491	-12	-0.05%
100	23,853	350	1.49%
101	23,265	-238	-1.01%
102	23,668	165	0.70%
103	23,991	488	2.08%
104	23,650	147	0.63%
105	23,307	-196	-0.83%
106	23,174	-329	-1.40%
107	24,305	802	3.41%
108	24,157	654	2.78%
109	23,076	-427	-1.82%
110	22,587	-916	-3.90%
111	24,121	618	2.63%
112	22,577	-926	-3.94%
113	23,990	487	2.07%
114	23,846	343	1.46%
115	23,901	398	1.69%
116	23,588	85	0.36%
117	23,087	-416	-1.77%
118	23,583	80	0.34%
119	23,670	167	0.71%
120	23,310	-193	-0.82%
121	23,004	-499	-2.12%
122	22,931	-572	-2.43%

Population Summary

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

District	Population	Deviation	% Devn.
123	22,957	-546	-2.32%
124	23,685	182	0.77%
125	23,208	-295	-1.26%

Total Population: 2,937,880

Ideal District Population: 23,503

Summary Statistics:

Population Range: 22,577 to 24,346

Ratio Range: 0.08

Absolute Range: -926 to 843

Absolute Overall Range: 1,769

Relative Range: -3.00% to 3.59%

Relative Overall Range: 7.53%

Absolute Mean Deviation: 376.50

Relative Mean Deviation: 1.60%

Standard Deviation: 445.80

User: Rep. Chris Croft
Plan Name: Freestate 3F for KLRD TR
Plan Type: House

Measures of Compactness Report

Friday, March 18, 2022

12:25 PM

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
1	0.42
2	0.43
3	0.62
4	0.49
5	0.30
6	0.58
7	0.36
8	0.51
9	0.32
10	0.58
11	0.47
12	0.52

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
13	0.36
14	0.44
15	0.39
16	0.37
17	0.43
18	0.52
19	0.49
20	0.52
21	0.52
22	0.59
23	0.29
24	0.46
25	0.60
26	0.41
27	0.54

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
28	0.45
29	0.36
30	0.31
31	0.50
32	0.38
33	0.28
34	0.16
35	0.33
36	0.32
37	0.31
38	0.34
39	0.30
40	0.43
41	0.57
42	0.32

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
43	0.38
44	0.47
45	0.39
46	0.61
47	0.47
48	0.25
49	0.42
50	0.42
51	0.54
52	0.46
53	0.61
54	0.53
55	0.62
56	0.38
57	0.25

Measures of Compactness Report

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
58	0.37
59	0.61
60	0.46
61	0.47
62	0.61
63	0.48
64	0.49
65	0.45
66	0.46
67	0.42
68	0.54
69	0.45
70	0.35
71	0.63
72	0.52

Measures of Compactness Report

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
73	0.64
74	0.51
75	0.59
76	0.48
77	0.46
78	0.45
79	0.32
80	0.42
81	0.47
82	0.54
83	0.41
84	0.56
85	0.54
86	0.38
87	0.57

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
88	0.32
89	0.57
90	0.44
91	0.41
92	0.44
93	0.36
94	0.35
95	0.64
96	0.58
97	0.57
98	0.40
99	0.48
100	0.42
101	0.43
102	0.41

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
103	0.25
104	0.59
105	0.44
106	0.28
107	0.47
108	0.25
109	0.37
110	0.47
111	0.35
112	0.63
113	0.38
114	0.60
115	0.48
116	0.37
117	0.19

Measures of Compactness Report

	Reock
Sum	N/A
Min	0.16
Max	0.64
Mean	0.45
Std. Dev.	0.11

District	Reock
118	0.48
119	0.28
120	0.42
121	0.48
122	0.24
123	0.57
124	0.51
125	0.59

Measures of Compactness Summary

Reock The measure is always between 0 and 1, with 1 being the most compact.

User: Rep. Chris Croft

Plan Name: Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

Plan Type: House

Districts & Their Incumbents

Friday, March 18, 2022

12:28 PM

District	Name	Party	Previous District
1	Michael Houser	Republican	1
2	Kenneth Collins	Republican	2
3	Chuck Smith	Republican	3
4	Trevor Jacobs	Republican	4
5	Mark Samsel	Republican	5
6	Samantha M. Poetter	Republican	6
7	Richard Proehl	Republican	7
8	Chris Croft	Republican	8
9	Kent Thompson	Republican	9
10	Christina Haswood	Democrat	10
11	Jim Kelly	Republican	11
12	Doug Blex	Republican	12
13	Joe Newland	Republican	13
14	Charlotte Esau	Republican	14
15	John Toplikar	Republican	15
16	Linda Featherston	Democrat	16
17	Jo Ella Hoye	Democrat	17
18	Cindy Neighbor	Democrat	18
19	Stephanie Clayton	Democrat	19
20	Mari-Lynn Poskin	Democrat	20
21	Jerry Stogsdill	Democrat	21
22	Lindsay Vaughn	Democrat	22
23	Susan Ruiz	Democrat	23
24	Jarrold Ousley	Democrat	24
25	Rui Xu	Democrat	25
26	Adam Thomas	Republican	26
27	Sean Tarwater	Republican	27
28	Carl Turner	Republican	28
29	Heather Meyer	Democrat	29
30			
31	Louis Ruiz	Democrat	31
32	Pam Curtis	Democrat	32
33	Tom Burroughs	Democrat	33
34	Valdenia Winn	Democrat	34
35	Broderick Henderson	Democrat	35
36	Kathy Wolfe Moore	Democrat	36
37	Aaron Coleman	Democrat	37
38	Timothy Johnson	Republican	38
39	Owen Donohoe	Republican	39

Districts & Their Incumbents

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

District	Name	Party	Previous District
40	David French	Republican	40
41	Pat Proctor	Republican	41
42	Lance W. Neelly	Republican	42
43	Bill Sutton	Republican	43
44	Barbara Ballard	Democrat	44
45	Mike Amyx	Democrat	45
46	Dennis Highberger	Democrat	46
47	Ronald Ellis	Republican	47
48	Dan Osman	Democrat	48
49	Ron Ryckman	Republican	78
49	Megan Lynn	Republican	49
50	Fred Patton	Republican	50
51	Ron Highland	Republican	51
52	Jesse Borjon	Republican	52
53	Jim Gartner	Democrat	53
54	Ken Corbet	Republican	54
55	Annie Kuether	Democrat	55
56	Virgil Weigel	Democrat	56
57	John Alcala	Democrat	57
58	Vic Miller	Democrat	58
59	Blaine Finch	Republican	59
60	Mark Schreiber	Republican	60
61	Francis Awerkamp	Republican	61
62	Randy Garber	Republican	62
63	John Eplee	Republican	63
64	Suzi Carlson	Republican	64
65	Lonnie Clark	Republican	65
66	Sydney Carlin	Democrat	66
67	Michael Dodson	Republican	67
68	Dave Baker	Republican	68
69	Steven Johnson	Republican	108
69	Clarke Sanders	Republican	69
70	John Barker	Republican	70
71	Steven K. Howe	Republican	71
72	Avery Anderson	Republican	72
73	Les Mason	Republican	73
74	Stephen Owens	Republican	74
75	Will Carpenter	Republican	75
76	Eric Smith	Republican	76
77	Kristey Williams	Republican	77
78			
79	Cheryl Helmer	Republican	79
80	Bill Rhiley	Republican	80

Districts & Their Incumbents

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

District	Name	Party	Previous District
81	Blake Carpenter	Republican	81
82	Jesse Burris	Republican	82
83	Henry Helgerson	Democrat	83
84	Gail Finney	Democrat	84
85	Patrick Penn	Republican	85
86	Stephanie Byers	Democrat	86
87	Susan Estes	Republican	87
88	Chuck Schmidt	Democrat	88
89	KC Ohaebosim	Democrat	89
90	Steve Huebert	Republican	90
91	Emil Bergquist	Republican	91
92	John Carmichael	Democrat	92
93	Brian Bergkamp	Republican	93
94	Leo Delperdang	Republican	94
95	Tom Sawyer	Democrat	95
96	Tom Kessler	Republican	96
97	Nick Hoheisel	Republican	97
98	Cyndi Howerton	Republican	98
99	Susan Humphries	Republican	99
100	Daniel Hawkins	Republican	100
101	Joe Seiwert	Republican	101
102	Jason Probst	Democrat	102
103	Ponka-We Victors	Democrat	103
104	Paul Waggoner	Republican	104
105	Brenda Landwehr	Republican	105
106	Lisa Moser	Republican	106
107	Susan Concannon	Republican	107
108	Brandon Woodard	Democrat	30
109	Troy Waymaster	Republican	109
110	Ken Rahjes	Republican	110
111	Barbara Wasinger	Republican	111
112	Tory Marie Arnberger	Republican	112
113	Brett Fairchild	Republican	113
114	Michael Murphy	Republican	114
115	Boyd Orr	Republican	115
116	Kyle Hoffman	Republican	116
117			
118	Jim Minnix	Republican	118
118	Tatum Lee	Republican	117
119	Bradley Ralph	Republican	119
120	Adam Smith	Republican	120
121	John Resman	Republican	121
122	Bill Clifford	Republican	122

Districts & Their Incumbents

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

District	Name	Party	Previous District
123	John Wheeler	Republican	123
124	Marty Long	Republican	124
125	Shannon Francis	Republican	125

Number of Incumbents in District with more than one Incumbent:	6	
Number of Districts with No Incumbent:	3	<input type="checkbox"/>
Number of Districts with Incumbents of more than one party:	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Number of Districts with Paired Democrats:	0	
Number of Districts with Paired Republicans:	3	<input type="checkbox"/>

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Friday, March 18, 2022

12:24 PM

Number of subdivisions not split:

County	67
Voting District	3,887

Number of subdivisions split into more than one district:

County	38
Voting District	353

Number of splits involving no population:

County	0
Voting District	104

Split Counts

County

- Cases where an area is split among 2 Districts: 22
- Cases where an area is split among 3 Districts: 4
- Cases where an area is split among 4 Districts: 5
- Cases where an area is split among 6 Districts: 1
- Cases where an area is split among 7 Districts: 1
- Cases where an area is split among 8 Districts: 2
- Cases where an area is split among 9 Districts: 1
- Cases where an area is split among 24 Districts: 1
- Cases where an area is split among 27 Districts: 1

Voting District

- Cases where an area is split among 2 Districts: 322
- Cases where an area is split among 3 Districts: 30
- Cases where an area is split among 4 Districts: 1

County	Voting District	District	Population
<i>Split Counties:</i>			
Barton KS		112	22,577
Barton KS		113	2,916
Butler KS		12	4,776
Butler KS		72	661
Butler KS		75	23,998
Butler KS		77	24,094
Butler KS		85	491
Butler KS		88	1,105
Butler KS		99	12,255
Cloud KS		64	2,425
Cloud KS		107	6,607
Cowley KS		12	4,083
Cowley KS		79	16,070
Cowley KS		80	14,396
Crawford KS		2	14,859

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Crawford KS		3	24,113
Dickinson KS		64	940
Dickinson KS		70	17,462
Douglas KS		5	8,754
Douglas KS		10	23,042
Douglas KS		42	7,614
Douglas KS		43	510
Douglas KS		44	24,346
Douglas KS		45	23,558
Douglas KS		46	23,753
Douglas KS		47	3,248
Douglas KS		117	3,960
Edwards KS		115	2,829
Edwards KS		122	78
Ellis KS		110	4,813
Ellis KS		111	24,121
Finney KS		122	15,513
Finney KS		123	22,957
Ford KS		115	10,617
Ford KS		119	23,670
Franklin KS		5	3,080
Franklin KS		59	22,916
Geary KS		65	23,511
Geary KS		68	13,228
Harvey KS		72	21,989
Harvey KS		74	12,035
Jackson KS		47	3,526
Jackson KS		61	6,388
Jackson KS		62	3,318
Jefferson KS		42	2,396
Jefferson KS		47	15,972
Johnson KS		5	5,356
Johnson KS		8	23,313
Johnson KS		14	22,977
Johnson KS		15	22,856
Johnson KS		16	23,745
Johnson KS		17	23,226
Johnson KS		18	23,693
Johnson KS		19	24,080
Johnson KS		20	23,650
Johnson KS		21	23,871
Johnson KS		22	23,899
Johnson KS		23	24,042
Johnson KS		24	23,314
Johnson KS		25	24,050
Johnson KS		26	20,747
Johnson KS		27	23,335

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Johnson KS		28	23,453
Johnson KS		29	24,071
Johnson KS		30	23,578
Johnson KS		39	22,663
Johnson KS		43	23,234
Johnson KS		48	23,506
Johnson KS		49	23,860
Johnson KS		78	23,056
Johnson KS		108	24,157
Johnson KS		117	19,127
Johnson KS		121	23,004
Labette KS		1	4,343
Labette KS		7	15,841
Leavenworth KS		38	21,413
Leavenworth KS		40	23,973
Leavenworth KS		41	23,430
Leavenworth KS		42	13,065
Linn KS		4	8,670
Linn KS		9	921
Lyon KS		13	2,454
Lyon KS		60	22,790
Lyon KS		76	6,935
Marion KS		70	5,194
Marion KS		74	6,629
McPherson KS		70	256
McPherson KS		73	23,632
McPherson KS		74	4,263
McPherson KS		104	2,072
Meade KS		115	2,811
Meade KS		125	1,244
Miami KS		5	6,332
Miami KS		6	23,102
Miami KS		9	1,961
Miami KS		26	2,796
Montgomery KS		11	23,072
Montgomery KS		12	8,414
Neosho KS		2	8,004
Neosho KS		7	7,900
Osage KS		54	7,880
Osage KS		76	7,886
Pawnee KS		113	4,619
Pawnee KS		122	1,634
Pottawatomie KS		51	12,876
Pottawatomie KS		61	12,472
Pratt KS		114	3,233
Pratt KS		116	5,924
Reno KS		101	3,509

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Reno KS		102	23,668
Reno KS		104	21,578
Reno KS		114	13,143
Riley KS		51	3,086
Riley KS		61	4,248
Riley KS		64	11,704
Riley KS		66	24,145
Riley KS		67	23,696
Riley KS		68	5,080
Saline KS		69	24,131
Saline KS		71	24,005
Saline KS		107	6,167
Sedgwick KS		72	713
Sedgwick KS		81	23,040
Sedgwick KS		82	21,759
Sedgwick KS		83	24,120
Sedgwick KS		84	23,539
Sedgwick KS		85	23,074
Sedgwick KS		86	24,159
Sedgwick KS		87	23,768
Sedgwick KS		88	22,422
Sedgwick KS		89	24,153
Sedgwick KS		90	23,547
Sedgwick KS		91	24,248
Sedgwick KS		92	23,647
Sedgwick KS		93	22,688
Sedgwick KS		94	23,075
Sedgwick KS		95	23,956
Sedgwick KS		96	22,823
Sedgwick KS		97	23,588
Sedgwick KS		98	23,362
Sedgwick KS		99	11,236
Sedgwick KS		100	23,853
Sedgwick KS		101	19,756
Sedgwick KS		103	23,991
Sedgwick KS		105	23,307
Shawnee KS		50	23,076
Shawnee KS		52	23,602
Shawnee KS		53	23,144
Shawnee KS		54	15,032
Shawnee KS		55	23,517
Shawnee KS		56	23,535
Shawnee KS		57	23,487
Shawnee KS		58	23,516
Sumner KS		79	7,539
Sumner KS		80	9,577
Sumner KS		82	1,464

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Sumner KS		116	3,802
Wyandotte KS		31	23,924
Wyandotte KS		32	23,900
Wyandotte KS		33	24,314
Wyandotte KS		34	24,230
Wyandotte KS		35	24,209
Wyandotte KS		36	23,783
Wyandotte KS		37	23,201
Wyandotte KS		38	1,684

Split VTDs:

Barton KS	Lakin Township	112	67
Barton KS	Lakin Township	113	2,195
Butler KS	Andover City Ward 2	77	0
Butler KS	Andover City Ward 2	88	0
Butler KS	Andover City Ward 2	99	4,457
Butler KS	Andover City Ward 3	77	1,341
Butler KS	Andover City Ward 3	88	954
Butler KS	Benton Township/City	75	1,839
Butler KS	Benton Township/City	85	491
Butler KS	Bruno Township 385 99	77	286
Butler KS	Bruno Township 385 99	88	29
Butler KS	Bruno Township 385 99	99	360
Butler KS	Douglass Township/City	12	197
Butler KS	Douglass Township/City	77	1,822
Butler KS	Pleasant Township	77	2,239
Butler KS	Pleasant Township	88	114
Butler KS	Prospect Township	12	0
Butler KS	Prospect Township	75	2,262
Butler KS	Walnut Township	12	267
Butler KS	Walnut Township	77	409
Cloud KS	Center Township	64	107
Cloud KS	Center Township	107	75
Cloud KS	East Lincoln	64	175
Cloud KS	East Lincoln	107	18
Cloud KS	Sibley Township	64	77
Cloud KS	Sibley Township	107	72
Cloud KS	West Meredith	64	17
Cloud KS	West Meredith	107	25
Cowley KS	East Bolton	12	278
Cowley KS	East Bolton	80	0
Cowley KS	East Creswell	12	598
Cowley KS	East Creswell	80	715
Cowley KS	Fairview Township	12	0
Cowley KS	Fairview Township	79	281
Dickinson KS	Buckeye Township	64	66
Dickinson KS	Buckeye Township	70	383
Dickinson KS	Hayes Township	64	36

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Dickinson KS	Hayes Township	70	222
Dickinson KS	Noble Township	64	51
Dickinson KS	Noble Township	70	1,812
Dickinson KS	Willowdale Township	64	48
Dickinson KS	Willowdale Township	70	235
Douglas KS	East Wakarusa Precinct 65 H10	10	9
Douglas KS	East Wakarusa Precinct 65 H10	42	55
Douglas KS	East Wakarusa Precinct 65 H10	117	730
Douglas KS	Grant Township Precinct 55 S3 H45	42	0
Douglas KS	Grant Township Precinct 55 S3 H45	45	194
Douglas KS	Grant Township Precinct 55 S3 H46	42	116
Douglas KS	Grant Township Precinct 55 S3 H46	45	0
Douglas KS	Kanwaka Township Precinct 56 S19	45	0
Douglas KS	Kanwaka Township Precinct 56 S19	47	1,204
Douglas KS	Kanwaka Township Precinct 56 S2	45	107
Douglas KS	Kanwaka Township Precinct 56 S2	47	9
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 05	44	1,222
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 05	45	0
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 05	46	0
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 11	44	1,182
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 11	46	0
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 14	10	2,815
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 14	44	1,000
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 17	10	26
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 17	44	1,870
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 25	10	340
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 25	46	2,434
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 26	10	1,002
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 26	46	272
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 33	10	1,005
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 33	46	120
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 35 S2	10	918
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 35 S2	46	729
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 38	10	2,219
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 38	42	465
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 46 S3	44	2,202
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 46 S3	45	1,587

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 49	45	2,302
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 49	47	370
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 77	10	560
Douglas KS	Lawrence Precinct 77	42	1,142
Douglas KS	Northeast Baldwin Precinct 61	5	2,205
Douglas KS	Northeast Baldwin Precinct 61	43	351
Douglas KS	South Eudora Precinct 53 H42 City	42	0
Douglas KS	South Eudora Precinct 53 H42 City	117	828
Douglas KS	South Eudora Precinct 53 H42 Twp	42	0
Douglas KS	South Eudora Precinct 53 H42 Twp	117	224
Douglas KS	Vinland Precinct 63	5	366
Douglas KS	Vinland Precinct 63	43	159
Douglas KS	Vinland Precinct 63	117	602
Douglas KS	West Wakarusa Precinct 66 S3 H10	10	9
Douglas KS	West Wakarusa Precinct 66 S3 H10	47	0
Douglas KS	West Wakarusa Precinct 66 S3 H10	117	208
Douglas KS	West Wakarusa Precinct 66 S3 H45	10	0
Douglas KS	West Wakarusa Precinct 66 S3 H45	44	1
Douglas KS	West Wakarusa Precinct 66 S3 H45	45	0
Douglas KS	Willow Springs Township Precinct 67 S3 H45	5	76
Douglas KS	Willow Springs Township Precinct 67 S3 H45	117	71
Ellis KS	East Big Creek Township	110	9
Ellis KS	East Big Creek Township	111	1,138
Ellis KS	Herzog Township	110	221
Ellis KS	Herzog Township	111	57
Ellis KS	North Big Creek Township H111	110	50
Ellis KS	North Big Creek Township H111	111	596
Ellis KS	Victoria Township	110	169
Ellis KS	Victoria Township	111	635
Ellis KS	West Big Creek Township	110	110
Ellis KS	West Big Creek Township	111	15
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 1 123.1	122	559
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 1 123.1	123	1,003

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 2	122	2,303
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 2	123	31
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 6 122.1	122	195
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 6 122.1	123	13
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 6 123.1	122	2,184
Finney KS	Garden City Ward 6 123.1	123	1,735
Finney KS	Jennie Barker 122.1	122	1,153
Finney KS	Jennie Barker 122.1	123	45
Finney KS	Mack 122.1	122	1,462
Finney KS	Mack 122.1	123	0
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 01	115	2,273
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 01	119	2,646
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 02	115	0
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 02	119	3,282
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 03	115	0
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 03	119	4,458
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 04	115	223
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 04	119	4,656
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 06	115	2,056
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 06	119	2,428
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 06 H115	115	0
Ford KS	Dodge City Precinct 06 H115	119	62
Ford KS	Dodge Township H115	115	509
Ford KS	Dodge Township H115	119	23
Ford KS	Dodge Township Ward 3	115	8
Ford KS	Dodge Township Ward 3	119	72
Ford KS	Enterprise Township H119	115	9
Ford KS	Enterprise Township H119	119	164
Ford KS	Grandview Township Ward 2	115	46
Ford KS	Grandview Township Ward 2	119	97
Geary KS	Fort Riley Precinct A	65	2,244
Geary KS	Fort Riley Precinct A	68	0
Geary KS	Fort Riley Precinct B	65	2,193
Geary KS	Fort Riley Precinct B	68	3,982
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 2	65	470
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 2	68	189
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 3	65	451
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 3	68	500
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 5	65	303

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 5	68	591
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 6 Part 2	65	896
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 6 Part 2	68	591
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 7	65	641
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 1 Precinct 7	68	1,126
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 2 Precinct 1	65	163
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 2 Precinct 1	68	291
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 3 Precinct 1	65	393
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 3 Precinct 1	68	451
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 4 Precinct 4	65	593
Geary KS	Junction City Ward 4 Precinct 4	68	150
Geary KS	Smokey Hill Township Precinct 5	65	299
Geary KS	Smokey Hill Township Precinct 5	68	62
Geary KS	Smoky Hill Precinct 6	65	0
Geary KS	Smoky Hill Precinct 6	68	105
Harvey KS	Macon Township	72	117
Harvey KS	Macon Township	74	381
Harvey KS	Newton City Ward 4 Precinct 2	72	1,808
Harvey KS	Newton City Ward 4 Precinct 2	74	0
Harvey KS	Newton Township Part A	72	7
Harvey KS	Newton Township Part A	74	9
Harvey KS	Newton Township Part B	72	252
Harvey KS	Newton Township Part B	74	45
Harvey KS	Sedgwick Township	72	121
Harvey KS	Sedgwick Township	74	218
Jackson KS	Franklin Township	61	456
Jackson KS	Franklin Township	62	447
Jackson KS	Holton Ward 1	61	1,106
Jackson KS	Holton Ward 1	62	19
Jackson KS	Jefferson Township	61	0
Jackson KS	Jefferson Township	62	528
Jefferson KS	Sarcoxie Township	42	760
Jefferson KS	Sarcoxie Township	47	226
Jefferson KS	Union Township	42	1,636

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Jefferson KS	Union Township	47	54
Johnson KS	Aubry Township 0-03	26	122
Johnson KS	Aubry Township 0-03	27	746
Johnson KS	De Soto 0-02	117	1,496
Johnson KS	De Soto 0-02	121	16
Johnson KS	De Soto 0-03	117	1,431
Johnson KS	De Soto 0-03	121	305
Johnson KS	Edgerton 0-01	5	1,720
Johnson KS	Edgerton 0-01	43	0
Johnson KS	Edgerton 0-06	5	7
Johnson KS	Edgerton 0-06	43	5
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-02	5	21
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-02	43	912
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-03	5	1,950
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-03	43	1,344
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-06	43	2,943
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-06	121	0
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-10	5	0
Johnson KS	Gardner 0-10	43	2,242
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-01	43	615
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-01	121	170
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-02	5	846
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-02	43	54
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-10	5	18
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-10	43	0
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-11	43	775
Johnson KS	Gardner Township 0-11	121	158
Johnson KS	Leawood 3-06	27	254
Johnson KS	Leawood 3-06	28	2,204
Johnson KS	Lenexa 2-02	30	1,531
Johnson KS	Lenexa 2-02	117	917
Johnson KS	Lenexa 3-06	17	554
Johnson KS	Lenexa 3-06	23	544
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-03	23	2,856
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-03	108	0
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-04	23	0
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-04	108	1,129
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-06	30	18
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-06	108	1,794
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-10	23	159
Johnson KS	Lenexa 4-10	108	628
Johnson KS	Lexington Township 0-01	117	221
Johnson KS	Lexington Township 0-01	121	1,253
Johnson KS	McCamish Township 0-01	5	146
Johnson KS	McCamish Township 0-01	43	175
Johnson KS	McCamish Township 0-02	43	345
Johnson KS	McCamish Township 0-02	121	318

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Johnson KS	Merriam 1-01	18	275
Johnson KS	Merriam 1-01	24	741
Johnson KS	Merriam 1-02	18	739
Johnson KS	Merriam 1-02	24	732
Johnson KS	Merriam 2-01	18	1,380
Johnson KS	Merriam 2-01	24	306
Johnson KS	Mission 4-03	24	394
Johnson KS	Mission 4-03	25	302
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-09	15	0
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-09	78	1,739
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-15	26	792
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-15	78	698
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-20	15	1,451
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-20	121	559
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-22	15	636
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-22	43	0
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-22	121	3,712
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-26	15	64
Johnson KS	Olathe 1-26	26	0
Johnson KS	Olathe 2-04	15	1,028
Johnson KS	Olathe 2-04	121	1,224
Johnson KS	Olathe 2-05	14	2,215
Johnson KS	Olathe 2-05	121	521
Johnson KS	Olathe 3-02	15	494
Johnson KS	Olathe 3-02	49	1,737
Johnson KS	Olathe 3-08	15	745
Johnson KS	Olathe 3-08	49	814
Johnson KS	Olathe 3-21	26	1,245
Johnson KS	Olathe 3-21	78	1,820
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-01	30	1,629
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-01	108	651
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-04	30	829
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-04	108	376
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-06	30	1,107
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-06	49	1,955
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-07	30	1,092
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-07	49	1,538
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-09	49	0
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-09	108	2,322
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-16	30	938
Johnson KS	Olathe 4-16	108	122
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-01	14	15
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-01	121	554
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-02	5	3
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-02	15	56
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-02	26	52
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-06	15	14

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-06	26	0
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-08	14	6
Johnson KS	Olathe Township 0-08	121	40
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-05	21	347
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-05	24	599
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-16	19	894
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-16	21	1,283
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-19	22	1,744
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-19	23	361
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-22	21	622
Johnson KS	Overland Park 1-22	24	90
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-05	22	502
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-05	23	1,177
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-20	16	825
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-20	29	0
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-24	19	972
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-24	20	1,227
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-25	19	789
Johnson KS	Overland Park 2-25	20	610
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-04	22	744
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-04	29	659
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-06	16	0
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-06	22	205
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-06	29	1,254
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-09	16	0
Johnson KS	Overland Park 3-09	23	1,626
Johnson KS	Overland Park 4-02	8	802
Johnson KS	Overland Park 4-02	49	1,691
Johnson KS	Overland Park 4-13	16	1,291
Johnson KS	Overland Park 4-13	49	86
Johnson KS	Overland Park 4-15	8	1,036
Johnson KS	Overland Park 4-15	16	1,094
Johnson KS	Overland Park 5-10	20	318
Johnson KS	Overland Park 5-10	28	1,321
Johnson KS	Overland Park 5-13	20	1,442
Johnson KS	Overland Park 5-13	28	502
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-08	8	3,162
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-08	26	2,246
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-08	27	1,352
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-09	8	996
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-09	27	923
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-09	48	1,278
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-10	27	473
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-10	48	1,952
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-13	27	3,161
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-13	28	92
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-20	26	23

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Johnson KS	Overland Park 6-20	27	1,159
Johnson KS	Prairie Village 1-03	21	1,369
Johnson KS	Prairie Village 1-03	25	215
Johnson KS	Shawnee 1-04	18	959
Johnson KS	Shawnee 1-04	39	815
Johnson KS	Shawnee 1-05	18	1,724
Johnson KS	Shawnee 1-05	39	193
Johnson KS	Shawnee 3-02	39	1,266
Johnson KS	Shawnee 3-02	117	1,580
Johnson KS	Shawnee 3-05	39	180
Johnson KS	Shawnee 3-05	117	1,718
Johnson KS	Shawnee 3-07	39	2,155
Johnson KS	Shawnee 3-07	117	774
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-01	18	1,396
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-01	23	289
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-06	17	1,386
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-06	39	0
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-09	17	2,542
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-09	117	179
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-11	17	342
Johnson KS	Shawnee 4-11	39	1,541
Johnson KS	Spring Hill 0-01	5	104
Johnson KS	Spring Hill 0-01	26	4,553
Johnson KS	Spring Hill Township 0-01	5	521
Johnson KS	Spring Hill Township 0-01	15	552
Johnson KS	Spring Hill Township 0-01	26	719
Leavenworth KS	Boling/High Prairie Township	38	1,278
Leavenworth KS	Boling/High Prairie Township	40	345
Leavenworth KS	Boling/High Prairie Township	41	294
Leavenworth KS	Boling/High Prairie Township	42	88
Leavenworth KS	Kickapoo Township	41	1,663
Leavenworth KS	Kickapoo Township	42	100
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 2 Precinct 2	40	576
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 2 Precinct 2	41	164
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 6 Precinct 2	38	503
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 6 Precinct 2	40	640
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 6 Precinct 4	38	644
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 6 Precinct 4	41	1,418

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 7 Precinct 3	38	1,737
Leavenworth KS	Leavenworth Ward 7 Precinct 3	40	2,069
Leavenworth KS	Sherman Township	38	2,164
Leavenworth KS	Sherman Township	42	213
Leavenworth KS	South Delaware 1 S5 H38	38	0
Leavenworth KS	South Delaware 1 S5 H38	40	18
Leavenworth KS	South Delaware 2	40	0
Leavenworth KS	South Delaware 2	41	0
Leavenworth KS	Stranger/Stranger Township Voting District	38	973
Leavenworth KS	Stranger/Stranger Township Voting District	42	553
Leavenworth KS	Walnut Township Voting District	38	803
Leavenworth KS	Walnut Township Voting District	42	552
Lyon KS	Precinct 03	60	1,597
Lyon KS	Precinct 03	76	0
Lyon KS	Precinct 27	13	208
Lyon KS	Precinct 27	60	576
Lyon KS	Precinct 28	13	11
Lyon KS	Precinct 28	60	66
Lyon KS	Precinct 28	76	560
Lyon KS	Precinct 29	13	163
Lyon KS	Precinct 29	60	98
Lyon KS	Precinct 31	13	475
Lyon KS	Precinct 31	76	619
McPherson KS	Delmore Township	70	0
McPherson KS	Delmore Township	73	194
Miami KS	East Valley Township	6	365
Miami KS	East Valley Township	9	31
Miami KS	Miami Township	6	217
Miami KS	Miami Township	9	328
Miami KS	Mound Township	5	156
Miami KS	Mound Township	9	544
Miami KS	North Marysvill Township C2	5	111
Miami KS	North Marysvill Township C2	6	198
Miami KS	North Marysville Township C3	5	449
Miami KS	North Marysville Township C3	6	314
Miami KS	Osawatomie Township	5	587
Miami KS	Osawatomie Township	6	9
Miami KS	Osawatomie Township	9	98

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Miami KS	Osawatomie Ward 4	5	85
Miami KS	Osawatomie Ward 4	6	932
Miami KS	Osawatomie Ward 4	9	0
Miami KS	Richland Township	5	1,906
Miami KS	Richland Township	6	119
Miami KS	South Marysville Township C2	5	0
Miami KS	South Marysville Township C2	6	1,333
Miami KS	Spring Hill City Precinct 01	5	12
Miami KS	Spring Hill City Precinct 01	6	3
Miami KS	Spring Hill City Precinct 01	26	2,791
Miami KS	Stanton Township	5	766
Miami KS	Stanton Township	6	90
Miami KS	Sugar Creek Township	6	249
Miami KS	Sugar Creek Township	9	246
Miami KS	West Valley Township Exclave	6	343
Miami KS	West Valley Township Exclave	9	55
Montgomery KS	Fawn Creek Township Tyro	11	2
Montgomery KS	Fawn Creek Township Tyro	12	438
Montgomery KS	Independence City Ward 3 Precinct 2	11	395
Montgomery KS	Independence City Ward 3 Precinct 2	12	52
Montgomery KS	Independence City Ward 6 Precinct 2 H12	11	49
Montgomery KS	Independence City Ward 6 Precinct 2 H12	12	150
Montgomery KS	Independence Township 1 H12	11	0
Montgomery KS	Independence Township 1 H12	12	224
Neosho KS	Canville Township	2	239
Neosho KS	Canville Township	7	312
Neosho KS	Chanute Ward 3 Precinct 3	2	254
Neosho KS	Chanute Ward 3 Precinct 3	7	1,212
Neosho KS	Chanute Ward 4 Precinct 2	2	16
Neosho KS	Chanute Ward 4 Precinct 2	7	653
Neosho KS	Chanute Ward 4 Precinct 3	2	66
Neosho KS	Chanute Ward 4 Precinct 3	7	612

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Neosho KS	South Tioga West Township	2	24
Neosho KS	South Tioga West Township	7	104
Neosho KS	South Tioga West Township Enclave	2	21
Neosho KS	South Tioga West Township Enclave	7	5
Osage KS	Fairfax Township	54	454
Osage KS	Fairfax Township	76	156
Osage KS	Grant Township	54	37
Osage KS	Grant Township	76	249
Osage KS	Michigan Valley Township	54	101
Osage KS	Michigan Valley Township	76	365
Osage KS	Superior Township	54	33
Osage KS	Superior Township	76	210
Pottawatomie KS	Blue Township	51	4,229
Pottawatomie KS	Blue Township	61	697
Pottawatomie KS	St. George Township S17	51	3,271
Pottawatomie KS	St. George Township S17	61	1,172
Pottawatomie KS	Wamego Township S18	51	63
Pottawatomie KS	Wamego Township S18	61	263
Pratt KS	Pratt Ward 4	114	1,513
Pratt KS	Pratt Ward 4	116	0
Pratt KS	Pratt Ward 5	114	320
Pratt KS	Pratt Ward 5	116	946
Pratt KS	Township 11	114	200
Pratt KS	Township 11	116	203
Pratt KS	Township 12	114	485
Pratt KS	Township 12	116	395
Pratt KS	Township 7	114	225
Pratt KS	Township 7	116	42
Reno KS	Haven Township	101	1,470
Reno KS	Haven Township	114	77
Reno KS	Hutchinson Precinct 13	102	620
Reno KS	Hutchinson Precinct 13	104	381
Reno KS	Hutchinson Precinct 22	102	0
Reno KS	Hutchinson Precinct 22	104	1,568
Reno KS	Hutchinson Precinct 26 Exclave	102	229
Reno KS	Hutchinson Precinct 26 Exclave	114	0
Reno KS	South Clay Township H101	102	185
Reno KS	South Clay Township H101	104	609
Reno KS	South Clay Township H101	114	244

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Reno KS	Valley Township	101	4
Reno KS	Valley Township	114	835
Reno KS	Yoder Township	102	0
Reno KS	Yoder Township	114	815
Riley KS	Fort Riley A Madison Township	64	4,787
Riley KS	Fort Riley A Madison Township	68	1,655
Riley KS	Fort Riley B Madison Township	64	803
Riley KS	Fort Riley B Madison Township	68	1,035
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 2 Precinct 3	51	2,223
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 2 Precinct 3	66	1,150
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 2 Precinct 4	61	563
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 2 Precinct 4	66	1,302
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 4 Precinct 2	66	471
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 4 Precinct 2	67	0
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 4 Precinct 3	66	394
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 4 Precinct 3	67	1,068
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 5 Precinct 11	66	0
Riley KS	Manhattan City Ward 5 Precinct 11	67	3,442
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 1	64	470
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 1	66	0
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 3	67	206
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 3	68	9
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 4	61	408
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 4	64	554
Riley KS	Manhattan Township Precinct 4	66	3
Riley KS	Wildcat Township	64	782
Riley KS	Wildcat Township	67	5
Saline KS	Elm Creek Township	71	294

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Saline KS	Elm Creek Township	107	518
Saline KS	Eureka Township	69	659
Saline KS	Eureka Township	71	0
Saline KS	Ohio Township	69	143
Saline KS	Ohio Township	107	291
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 01 Part A	71	1,423
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 01 Part A	107	0
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 02	71	1,318
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 02	107	188
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 03	69	331
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 03	107	893
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 07	69	418
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 07	107	845
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 08	69	145
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 08	71	834
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 08	107	163
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 10	69	393
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 10	71	598
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 25	69	739
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 25	71	455
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 28	69	330
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 28	71	567
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 29	69	532
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 29	71	709
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 31	69	866
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 31	71	1,672
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 34	69	1,617
Saline KS	Salina Precinct 34	71	649
Saline KS	Smokey Hill Township Part B	69	43
Saline KS	Smokey Hill Township Part B	71	0
Saline KS	Smokey Hill Township Part B	107	179
Saline KS	Spring Creek Township	69	321
Saline KS	Spring Creek Township	107	126
Saline KS	Washington Township (307)	69	107
Saline KS	Washington Township (307)	107	8
Sedgwick KS	109 Precinct	83	2,980
Sedgwick KS	109 Precinct	84	884
Sedgwick KS	127 Precinct	89	29
Sedgwick KS	127 Precinct	91	1,123
Sedgwick KS	207 Precinct	83	139
Sedgwick KS	207 Precinct	88	5,326
Sedgwick KS	221 Precinct	85	1,468
Sedgwick KS	221 Precinct	87	0

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Sedgwick KS	222 Precinct	85	1,457
Sedgwick KS	222 Precinct	87	1,769
Sedgwick KS	223 Precinct	87	3,253
Sedgwick KS	223 Precinct	99	0
Sedgwick KS	226 Precinct	88	1,689
Sedgwick KS	226 Precinct	99	2,838
Sedgwick KS	228 Precinct	87	0
Sedgwick KS	228 Precinct	99	3,304
Sedgwick KS	240 Precinct	87	0
Sedgwick KS	240 Precinct	99	527
Sedgwick KS	306 Precinct	83	3,982
Sedgwick KS	306 Precinct	84	521
Sedgwick KS	309 Precinct	83	1,642
Sedgwick KS	309 Precinct	86	2,152
Sedgwick KS	309 Precinct	88	335
Sedgwick KS	311 Precinct	81	1,974
Sedgwick KS	311 Precinct	98	0
Sedgwick KS	312 Precinct	81	0
Sedgwick KS	312 Precinct	98	1,961
Sedgwick KS	316 Precinct	96	986
Sedgwick KS	316 Precinct	98	1,981
Sedgwick KS	325 Precinct	96	2,069
Sedgwick KS	325 Precinct	97	442
Sedgwick KS	403 Precinct	93	195
Sedgwick KS	403 Precinct	94	1,551
Sedgwick KS	410 Precinct	93	1,019
Sedgwick KS	410 Precinct	101	2,828
Sedgwick KS	412 Precinct	94	0
Sedgwick KS	412 Precinct	97	5,293
Sedgwick KS	413 Precinct	93	0
Sedgwick KS	413 Precinct	94	3,716
Sedgwick KS	414 Precinct	93	1,211
Sedgwick KS	414 Precinct	94	0
Sedgwick KS	414 Precinct	97	0
Sedgwick KS	419 Precinct	96	2,236
Sedgwick KS	419 Precinct	97	517
Sedgwick KS	420 Precinct	96	3,318
Sedgwick KS	420 Precinct	97	286
Sedgwick KS	423 Precinct	96	3,218
Sedgwick KS	423 Precinct	97	0
Sedgwick KS	423 Precinct	98	0
Sedgwick KS	510 Precinct	91	0
Sedgwick KS	510 Precinct	100	2,308
Sedgwick KS	512 Precinct	90	1,055
Sedgwick KS	512 Precinct	91	5,394
Sedgwick KS	513 Precinct	90	2,447
Sedgwick KS	513 Precinct	91	17

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Sedgwick KS	513 Precinct	100	0
Sedgwick KS	527 Precinct	94	0
Sedgwick KS	527 Precinct	100	2,901
Sedgwick KS	615 Precinct	84	0
Sedgwick KS	615 Precinct	103	8,040
Sedgwick KS	618 Precinct	91	972
Sedgwick KS	618 Precinct	92	540
Sedgwick KS	618 Precinct	103	1,586
Sedgwick KS	Attica 2 Precinct	93	155
Sedgwick KS	Attica 2 Precinct	101	347
Sedgwick KS	Bel Aire 1 Precinct	89	2,594
Sedgwick KS	Bel Aire 1 Precinct	91	7
Sedgwick KS	Derby 21 Precinct	81	296
Sedgwick KS	Derby 21 Precinct	82	1,619
Sedgwick KS	Goddard 2 Precinct	93	0
Sedgwick KS	Goddard 2 Precinct	101	0
Sedgwick KS	Grant 14 Precinct	90	0
Sedgwick KS	Grant 14 Precinct	91	0
Sedgwick KS	Gypsum 1 Precinct	81	2,943
Sedgwick KS	Gypsum 1 Precinct	88	321
Sedgwick KS	Gypsum 2 Precinct	81	1,189
Sedgwick KS	Gypsum 2 Precinct	88	0
Sedgwick KS	Haysville 11 Precinct	93	0
Sedgwick KS	Haysville 11 Precinct	98	1,984
Sedgwick KS	Haysville 14 Precinct	93	0
Sedgwick KS	Haysville 14 Precinct	98	0
Sedgwick KS	Haysville 31 Precinct	93	2,397
Sedgwick KS	Haysville 31 Precinct	98	839
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 7 Precinct	90	0
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 7 Precinct	91	9
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 8 Precinct	89	14
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 8 Precinct	91	0
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 9 Precinct	91	0
Sedgwick KS	Kechi 9 Precinct	103	0
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 12 Precinct	83	0
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 12 Precinct	88	3
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 3 Precinct	88	60
Sedgwick KS	Minneha 3 Precinct	99	8
Sedgwick KS	Park 1 Precinct	90	399
Sedgwick KS	Park 1 Precinct	91	346
Sedgwick KS	Park 13 Precinct	90	631
Sedgwick KS	Park 13 Precinct	91	0
Sedgwick KS	Park 2 Precinct	90	26
Sedgwick KS	Park 2 Precinct	91	404
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 10 Precinct	97	0
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 10 Precinct	98	0
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 3 Precinct	81	521

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 3 Precinct	98	1,402
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 6 Precinct	81	0
Sedgwick KS	Riverside 6 Precinct	98	219
Sedgwick KS	Salem 1 Precinct	93	2,264
Sedgwick KS	Salem 1 Precinct	98	64
Sedgwick KS	Salem 2 Precinct	93	584
Sedgwick KS	Salem 2 Precinct	98	1,011
Sedgwick KS	VA Precinct	72	194
Sedgwick KS	VA Precinct	90	1,144
Sedgwick KS	Wichita Precinct 613 S25	91	0
Sedgwick KS	Wichita Precinct 613 S25	105	0
Shawnee KS	Kiro	50	972
Shawnee KS	Kiro	57	0
Shawnee KS	North Mission	52	238
Shawnee KS	North Mission	53	3
Shawnee KS	North Tecumseh	50	0
Shawnee KS	North Tecumseh	54	934
Shawnee KS	North Tecumseh	57	0
Shawnee KS	Northwest Monmouth	54	495
Shawnee KS	Northwest Monmouth	56	581
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 1 Precinct 05	50	39
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 1 Precinct 05	55	0
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 1 Precinct 05	57	1,408
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 1 Precinct 06	50	1,727
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 1 Precinct 06	57	0
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 10 Precinct 02	53	532
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 10 Precinct 02	57	0
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 11 Precinct 10	52	0
Shawnee KS	Topeka Ward 11 Precinct 10	53	551
Sumner KS	Conway Township	79	233
Sumner KS	Conway Township	116	848
Sumner KS	Downs Township	79	86
Sumner KS	Downs Township	80	53
Sumner KS	Eden Township	79	364
Sumner KS	Eden Township	116	56
Sumner KS	Gore Township	79	409
Sumner KS	Gore Township	82	280
Sumner KS	Jackson Township	79	28
Sumner KS	Jackson Township	80	89

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Sumner KS	Valverde Township	79	0
Sumner KS	Valverde Township	80	118
Sumner KS	Wellington Township H116	79	163
Sumner KS	Wellington Township H116	80	21
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 1 Precinct 03	32	350
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 1 Precinct 03	35	4
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 1 Precinct 03	37	0
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 10 Precinct 02	34	1,362
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 10 Precinct 02	35	1,655
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 03	34	2,056
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 03	35	56
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 08	34	1,791
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 08	36	161
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 09	34	464
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 09	36	1,088
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 10	36	926
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 10	37	509
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 11	36	249
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 11 Precinct 11	37	1,260
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 05	31	796
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 05	33	489
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 05	37	135
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 08	33	1,030
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 08	37	645
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 09	33	1,086
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 09	37	150

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 10	33	482
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 12 Precinct 10	37	248
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 03	34	411
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 03	35	792
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 04	34	200
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 04	35	964
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 05	35	1,170
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 05	36	201
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 06	35	1,187
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 13 Precinct 06	36	358
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 14 Precinct 08	36	1,251
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 14 Precinct 08	38	0
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 14 Precinct 15	36	1,054
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 14 Precinct 15	38	943
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 2 Precinct 03	34	6
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 2 Precinct 03	35	198
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 2 Precinct 05	34	1,312
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 2 Precinct 05	35	45
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 3 Precinct 04	34	1,593
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 3 Precinct 04	35	113
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 01	31	1,074
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 01	37	0
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 02	31	1,088
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 02	37	36
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 03	31	1,436

Political Subdivision Splits Between Districts

Freestate 3F for KLRD TR

County	Voting District	District	Population
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 03	37	0
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 08	31	2,151
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 7 Precinct 08	37	1,040
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 04	32	93
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 04	37	306
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 06	34	15
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 06	37	1,762
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 07	33	275
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 07	37	1,755
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 11	33	43
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 11	37	1,688
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 13	33	1,150
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 13	37	243
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 14	33	1,251
Wyandotte KS	Kansas City Ward 9 Precinct 14	37	89