Exhibit 29

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

STATE OF NEW YORK, *et al.*, Plaintiffs, v. DONALD J. TRUMP, *in his official capacity as President of the United States, et al.*, Defendants.	20 Civ. 5770 (JMF) **DECLARATION OF MARK LUNDINE**

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746(2), I, Mark Lundine, hereby declare as follows:

1. I am over the age of eighteen and have personal knowledge of all the facts stated herein.

2. I am the Administrator for Economic Development Division in the Department of Development for the City of Columbus. I oversee the way the City provides economic development incentives for new development and redevelopment. I have been employed by the City of Columbus since 2012.

3. The City of Columbus, through the Department of Development, uses census track data daily in order to guide its decisions. By way of example, Development used census track data to determine how to allocate CARES funding. CARES funding was approved by the federal government and provided to states and municipalities to help address some of the economic issues for businesses and residents that have arisen as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. By using census track data, we were able to target CARES act funding to microbusinesses (with a focus on minority and women-owned enterprises) operating in low and moderate income census tracks. Microbusinesses employ 1 to 10 individuals, and of the microbusinesses in these census tracks, 70% of these microbusinesses are minority or female owned businesses. Although we ask grant applicants to self-identify by race and gender, the City also uses census track data in determining both race and sex for business ownership in the various areas of the City. Similarly, we used census track data to develop the City's Opportunity Zones. As part of the 2017 Tax Act, Governors

around the country were allowed to select 25% of the census tracks in the State to create Opportunity Zones. These Zones were then eligible for preferential tax treatment with the idea of aiding development or redevelopment in economically disadvantaged areas. Another area where Development heavily rely upon census track data is in determining tax abatements for development projects. Tax abatements are one of the tools that the City of Columbus uses to stimulate development and redevelopment. The City may forego some (or all) of the increased assessed value of a piece of property for a period of time up to 15 years. We use census track information to determine whether to grant an abatement as we look at poverty rates in those census tracks to determine whether the project will (or will not) qualify for a real property tax abatement.

4. If census data is incomplete or fails to accurately reflect the actual makeup of the residents of an area, we could err by providing incentives to areas that actually would not qualify or deny providing incentives to areas that should qualify for economic aid in development if the census data was accurate.

I declare under penalty of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge, the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 5th day of August, 2020

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Mark Lundine